



PRAVARA RURAL EDUCATION SOCIETY'S PRAVARA RURAL COLLEGE OF PHARMACY

## Criteria No: 1

### **Metric No: 1.1 Curricular Planning and Implementation**

## File Name: 1.1.2 - The institution adheres to the academic calendar including for the conduct of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

Sr.no.	Content
1)	SPPU B.Pharm Syllabus
2)	SPPU Circular
3)	Institute Activity Calendar 2021-22
4)	Institute Activity Calendar 2022-23
5)	Teaching Workload
6)	Adherence to Activity Calendar
7)	Exam Policy
8)	Internal Sessional Examination schedule
9)	Re Sessional examination
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11)	Assignment
12)	Attendance and Assessment Records

#### SAVITRIBAI PHULE PUNE UNIVERSITY

#### FACULTY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY



#### **RULES & SYLLABUS**

# FIRST YEAR BACHELOR OF PHARMACY (B. Pharm.) COURSE – 2019 pattern (EFFECTIVE FROM ACADEMIC YEAR 2019-2020)

#### **CHAPTER-I: REGULATIONS**

 Short Title and Commencement These regulations shall be called as "The Revised Regulations for the B. Pharm. Degree Program (CBCS) of the Pharmacy Council of India, New Delhi". They shall come into effect from the Academic Year 2016-17. The regulations framed are subject to modifications from time to time by Pharmacy Council of India.

#### 2. Minimum qualification for admission

- 2.1 First year B. Pharm: Candidate shall have passed 10+2 examination conducted by the respective state/central government authorities recognized as equivalent to 10+2 examination by the Association of Indian Universities (AIU) with English as one of the subjects and Physics, Chemistry, Mathematics (P.C.M) and or Biology (P.C.B / P.C.M.B.) as optional subjects individually. Any other qualification approved by the Pharmacy Council of India as equivalent to any of the above examinations.
- **2.2. B.** Pharm lateral entry (to third semester): A pass in D. Pharm. course from an institution approved by the Pharmacy Council of India under section 12 of the Pharmacy Act.
- **3. Duration of the program** The course of study for B.Pharm shall extend over a period of eight semesters (four academic years) and six semesters (three academic years) for lateral entry students. The curricula and syllabi for the program shall be prescribed from time to time by Pharmacy Council of India, New Delhi.
- 4. Medium of instruction and examinations Medium of instruction and examination shall be in English.
- 5. Working days in each semester Each semester shall consist of not less than 90 working days. The odd semesters shall be conducted from the month of June/July to November/December and the even semesters shall be conducted from December/January to May/June in every calendar year.

**6.** Attendance and progress A candidate is required to put in at least 80% attendance in individual courses considering theory and practical separately. The candidate shall complete the prescribed course satisfactorily to be eligible to appear for the respective examinations.

**7. Program/Course credit structure** As per the philosophy of Credit Based Semester System, certain quantum of academic work viz. theory classes, tutorial hours, practical classes, etc. are measured in terms of credits. On satisfactory completion of the courses, a candidate earns credits.

The amount of credit associated with a course is dependent upon the number of hours of instruction per week in that course. Similarly, the credit associated with any of the other academic, co/extra-curricular activities is dependent upon the quantum of work expected to be put in for each of these activities per week.

#### 7.1. Credit assignment

**7.1.1. Theory and Laboratory courses** Courses are broadly classified as Theory and Practical. Theory courses consist of lecture (L) and /or tutorial (T) hours, and Practical (P) courses consist of hours spent in the laboratory. Credits (C) for a course is dependent on the number of hours of instruction per week in that course, and is obtained by using a multiplier of one (1) for lecture and tutorial hours, and a multiplier of half (1/2) for practical (laboratory) hours. Thus, for example, a theory course having three lectures and one tutorial per week throughout the semester carries a credit of 4. Similarly, a practical having four laboratory hours per week throughout semester carries a credit of 2.

**7.2. Minimum credit requirements** The minimum credit points required for award of a B. Pharm. degree is 208. These credits are divided into Theory courses, Tutorials, Practical, Practice School and Project over the duration of eight semesters. The credits are distributed semester-wise as shown in Table IX. Courses generally progress in sequences, building competencies and their positioning indicates certain academic maturity on the part of the learners. Learners are expected to follow the semester-wise schedule of courses given in the syllabus. The lateral entry students shall get 52 credit points transferred from their D. Pharm program. Such students shall take up additional remedial courses of 'Communication Skills' (Theory and Practical) and 'Computer Applications in Pharmacy' (Theory and Practical) equivalent to 3 and 4 credit points respectively, a total of 7 credit points to attain 59 credit points, the maximum of I and II semesters.

**8.** Academic work A regular record of attendance both in Theory and Practical shall be maintained by the teaching staff of respective courses.

**9.** Course of study The course of study for B. Pharm shall include Semester Wise Theory & Practical as given in Table – I to VIII. The number of hours to be devoted to each theory, tutorial and practical course in any semester shall not be less than that shown in Table – I to VIII.

Course code	Name of the course	No. of Hours per week/Total no of hours	Tutorial	Credit points
BP101T	Human Anatomy and Physiology I–	3/45	1	4
	Theory	3/43	1	4
BP102T	Pharmaceutical Analysis I – Theory	3/45	1	4
BP103T	Pharmaceutics I – Theory	3/45	1	4
BP104T	PharmaceuticalInorganicChemistry – TheoryInorganic	3/45	1	4
BP105T	Communication skills – Theory *	2/30	-	2
BP106RBT BP106RMT	Remedial Biology/ Remedial Mathematics – Theory*	2/30	-	D
BP107P	Human Anatomy and Physiology – Practical	4/60	-	2
BP108P	Pharmaceutical Analysis I – Practical	4/60	-	2
BP109P	Pharmaceutics I – Practical	4/60	-	2
BP110P	PharmaceuticalInorganicChemistry – Practical	4/60	-	2
BP111P	Communication skills – Practical*	2/30	-	1
BP112RBP	Remedial Biology – Practical*	2/30	-	D
	Total	32/34 <sup>\$</sup> /36 <sup>#</sup> /4 80/510 <sup>\$</sup> /540 <sup>#</sup>	4	27

#### Table-I: Course of study for semester I

#Applicable ONLY for the students who have studied Mathematics / Physics / Chemistry at HSC and appearing for Remedial Biology (RB) course. However for Remedial biology and Mathematics no credits to be allotted only 50 % passing i.e D grade will be prerequisite.

\$Applicable ONLY for the students who have studied Physics / Chemistry / Botany / Zoology at HSC and appearing for Remedial Mathematics (RM) course.

\* Non University Examination (NUE)

Course Code	Name of the course	No. of Hours per week/Total no of hours	Tutorial	Credit points
BP201T	Human Anatomy and Physiology II – Theory	3/45	1	4
BP202T	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry I – Theory	3/45	1	4
BP203T	Biochemistry – Theory	3/45	1	4
BP204T	Pathophysiology – Theory	3/45	1	4
BP205T	Computer Applications in Pharmacy – Theory *	3/45	-	3
BP206T	Environmental sciences – Theory *	3/45	-	3
BP207P	Human Anatomy and Physiology II – Practical	4/60	-	2
BP208P	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry I– Practical	4/60	-	2
BP209P	Biochemistry – Practical	4/60	-	2
BP210P	Computer Applications in Pharmacy – Practical*	4/60	-	1
	Total	32/480	4	29

#### Table-II: Course of study for semester II

\*Non University Examination (NUE)

#### Table-III: Course of study for semester III

Course code	Name of the course	No. of Hours per week/Total no of hours	Tutorial	Credit points	
BP301T	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry II – Theory	ganic Chemistry II – 3/45			
BP302T	Physical Pharmaceutics I – Theory	3/45	1	4	
BP303T	Pharmaceutical Microbiology – Theory	3/45	1	4	
BP304T	Pharmaceutical Engineering – Theory	3/45	1	4	
BP305P	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry II – Practical	4/60	-	2	
BP306P	Physical Pharmaceutics I – Practical	4/60	-	2	
BP307P	Pharmaceutical Microbiology – Practical	4/60	-	2	
BP 308P	Pharmaceutical Engineering –Practical	4/60	-	2	
	Total	28/420	4	24	

Course code	Name of the course	No. of Hours per week/Total no of hours	Tutorial	Credit points
BP401T	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry III- Theory	3/45	1	4
BP402T	Medicinal Chemistry I – Theory	3/45	1	4
BP403T	Physical Pharmaceutics II – Theory	3/45	1	4
BP404T	Pharmacology I – Theory	3/45	1	4
BP405T	Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry I- Theory	3/45	1	4
BP406P	Medicinal Chemistry I – Practical	4/60	-	2
BP407P	Physical Pharmaceutics II – Practical	4/60		2
BP408P	Pharmacology I – Practical	4/60	-	2
BP409P	Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry I – Practical	4/60	-	2
	Total	31/465	5	28

#### Table-IV: Course of study for semester IV

#### Table-V: Course of study for semester V

Course code	Name of the course	No. of Hours per week/Total no of hours	Tutori al	Credit points
BP501T	Medicinal Chemistry II – Theory	3/45	1	4
BP502T	Formulative Pharmacy– Theory	3/45	1	4
BP503T	Pharmacology II – Theory	3/45	1	4
BP504T	Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry II– Theory	3/45	1	4
BP505T	Pharmaceutical Jurisprudence – Theory	3/45	1	4
BP506P	Formulative Pharmacy – Practical	4/60	-	2
BP507P	Pharmacology II – Practical	4/60	-	2
BP508P	Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry II – Practical	4/60	-	2
	Total	27/405	5	26

Course code	Name of the course	No. of Hours per week/Total no	Tutorial	Credit points
		of hours		
BP601T	Medicinal Chemistry III – Theory	3/45	1	4
BP602T	Pharmacology III – Theory	3/45	1	4
BP603T	Herbal Drug Technology – Theory	3/45	1	4
BP604T	Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics – Theory	3/45	1	4
BP605T	Pharmaceutical Biotechnology – Theory	3/45	1	4
BP606T	Quality Assurance – Theory	3/45	1	4
BP607P	Medicinal chemistry III – Practical	4/60	-	2
BP608P	Pharmacology III – Practical	4/60	-	2
BP609P	Herbal Drug Technology – Practical	4/60	-	2
	Total	30/450	6	30

#### Table-VI: Course of study for semester VI

#### Table-VII: Course of study for semester VII

Course code	Name of the course	No. of Hours per week/Tota l no of hours	Tutori al	Credit points
BP701T	Instrumental Methods of Analysis – Theory	3/45	1	4
BP702T	Industrial Pharmacy – Theory	3/45	1	4
BP703T	Pharmacy Practice – Theory	3/45	1	4
BP704T	Novel Drug Delivery System – Theory	3/45	1	4
BP705P	Instrumental Methods of Analysis - Practical	4/60	-	2
BP706PS	Practice School*	12/180	_	6
Total		28/420	5	24

\* Non University Examination (NUE)

Course code	Name of the course	No. of Hours per week/Total no of hours	Tutorial	Credit points
BP801T	Biostatistics and Research Methodology	3/45	1	4
BP802T	Social and Preventive Pharmacy	3/45	1	4
BP803ET	Pharmaceutical Marketing			
BP804ET	Pharmaceutical Regulatory Science			
BP805ET	Pharmacovigilance			
BP806ET	Quality Control and Standardizations of Herbals			
BP807ET	Computer Aided Drug Design			
BP808ET	Cell and Molecular Biology	3 + 3 =	1 + 1 = 2	4 + 4 =
BP809ET	Cosmetic Science	6/90	1 + 1 = 2	8
BP810ET	Experimental Pharmacology			
BP811ET	Advanced Instrumentation Techniques			
BP812PW	Project Work	12/180	-	6
	Total	24/360	4	22

#### Table-VIII: Course of study for semester VIII

#### Table-IX: Semester wise credits distribution

Semester	Credit Points
I	27
II	29
III	26
IV	28
V	26
VI	26
VII	24
VIII	22
Extracurricular/ Co curricular activities	01*
Total credit points for the program	209

\* The credit points assigned for extracurricular and or co-curricular activities shall be given by the Principals of the colleges and the same shall be submitted to the University. The criteria to acquire this credit point shall be defined by the colleges from time to time.

<sup>\$</sup>Applicable ONLY for the students studied Physics / Chemistry / Botany / Zoology at HSC and appearing for Remedial Mathematics course.

<sup>#</sup>Applicable ONLY for the students studied Mathematics / Physics / Chemistry at HSC and appearing for Remedial Biology course.

#### 1. Program Committee

- 1. The B. Pharm. program shall have a Program Committee constituted by the Head of the institution in consultation with all the Heads of the departments.
- 2. The composition of the Program Committee shall be as follows:

A senior teacher shall be the Chairperson; One Teacher from each department handling B.Pharm courses; and four student representatives of the program (one from each academic year), nominated by the Head of the institution.

- 3. Duties of the Program Committee:
  - i. Periodically reviewing the progress of the classes.
  - ii. Discussing the problems concerning curriculum, syllabus and the conduct of classes.
  - iii. Discussing with the course teachers on the nature and scope of assessment for the course and the same shall be announced to the students at the beginning of respective semesters.
  - iv. Communicating its recommendation to the Head of the institution on academic matters.
  - v. The Program Committee shall meet at least thrice in a semester preferably at the end of each Sessionalexam (Internal Assessment) and before the end semester exam.

#### 2. Examinations/Assessments

The scheme for internal assessment and end semester examinations is given in Table – X.

#### 2.1. End semester examinations

The End Semester Examinations for each theory and practical coursethrough semesters I to VIII shall beconducted by the university except for the subjects with asterix symbol (\*) in table I and II for which examinations shall be conducted by the subject experts at college level and the marks/grades shall be submitted to the university.

#### Tables-X: Schemes for internal assessments and end semester examinations semester wise

#### Semester I

Course			Internal As	Internal Assessment			End Semester Exams		
code	Name of the course	Continuous	Sessional I	Exams Duration	Total	Marks	Duration	Total Marks	
		Mode	Marks	Duration					
BP101T	Human Anatomy and Physiology I– Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100	
BP102T	Pharmaceutical Analysis I – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100	
BP103T	Pharmaceutics I – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100	
BP104T	Pharmaceutical Inorganic Chemistry – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100	
BP105T	Communication skills – Theory *	5	10	1 Hr	15	35	1.5 Hrs	50	
BP106RBT BP106RMT	Remedial Biology/ Mathematics – Theory*	5	10	1 Hr	15	35	1.5 Hrs	50	
BP107P	Human Anatomy and Physiology – Practical	5	10	4 Hrs	15	35	4 Hrs	50	
BP108P	Pharmaceutical Analysis I – Practical	5	10	4 Hrs	15	35	4 Hrs	50	
BP109P	Pharmaceutics I – Practical	5	10	4 Hrs	15	35	4 Hrs	50	
BP110P	Pharmaceutical Inorganic Chemistry – Practical	5	10	4 Hrs	15	35	4 Hrs	50	
BP111P	Communication skills – Practical*	5	5	2 Hrs	10	15	2 Hrs	25	
BP112RBP	Remedial Biology – Practical*	5	5	2 Hrs	10	15	2 Hrs	25	
	Total		115/125 <sup>\$</sup> /130 <sup>#</sup>	23/24 <sup>\$</sup> /26 <sup>#</sup> Hrs	185/200 <sup>\$</sup> /210 <sup>#</sup>	490/525 <sup>\$</sup> / 540 <sup>#</sup>	31.5/33 <sup>\$</sup> / 35 <sup>#</sup> Hrs	675/725 <sup>\$</sup> / 750 <sup>#</sup>	

<sup>#</sup>Applicable ONLY for the students studied Mathematics / Physics / Chemistry at HSC and appearing for Remedial Biology (RB)course. <sup>\$</sup>Applicable ONLY for the students studied Physics / Chemistry / Botany / Zoology at HSC and appearing for Remedial Mathematics

(RM)course.

\* Non University Examination (NUE)

#### Semester II

Course			Internal As	sessment		End Seme	Total	
code	Name of the course	Continuous		al Exams	Total	Marks	Duration	Marks
coue		Mode	Marks	Duration	Total		Duration	ivitui K5
BP201T	Human Anatomy and Physiology							
DF2011	II – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP202T	Pharmaceutical Organic							
DF 202 I	Chemistry I – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP203T	Biochemistry – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP204T	Pathophysiology – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
DD205T	Computer Applications in							
BP205T	Pharmacy – Theory*	10	15	1 Hr	25	50	2 Hrs	75
BP206T	Environmental sciences – Theory*	10	15	1 Hr	25	50	2 Hrs	75
BP207P	Human Anatomy and Physiology							
BP20/P	II –Practical	5	10	4 Hrs	15	35	4 Hrs	50
מסרמת	Pharmaceutical Organic							
BP208P	Chemistry I– Practical	5	10	4 Hrs	15	35	4 Hrs	50
BP209P	Biochemistry – Practical	5	10	4 Hrs	15	35	4 Hrs	50
BP210P	Computer Applications in	_	_	0 T T	10	1.5	0 II	<i></i>
DI 2101	Pharmacy – Practical*	5	5	2 Hrs	10	15	2 Hrs	25
	Total	80	125	20 Hrs	205	520	30 Hrs	725

\* The subject experts at college level shall conduct examinations

#### Semester III

Course		-	Internal Assessment			End Seme	Total	
code	Name of the course	Continuous	Session	al Exams	Total	Marks	Duration	Marks
couc		Mode	Marks	Duration	IUtai		Duration	1 <b>/141 K</b> 5
BP301T	Pharmaceutical Organic							
DF 3011	Chemistry II – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP302T	PhysicalPharmaceuticsI – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP303T	Pharmaceutical Microbiology –							
BP3031	Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP304T	Pharmaceutical Engineering –							
DF 3041	Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP305P	Pharmaceutical Organic							
DI 3031	Chemistry II – Practical	5	10	4 Hr	15	35	4 Hrs	50
BP306P	Physical Pharmaceutics I –	~	10	4 11	1.7	25	4.11	50
D1 5001	Practical	5	10	4 Hr	15	35	4 Hrs	50
BP307P	Pharmaceutical Microbiology –							
DI 5071	Practical	5	10	4 Hr	15	35	4 Hrs	50
BP308P	Pharmaceutical Engineering –							
DESUOE	Practical	5	10	4 Hr	15	35	4 Hrs	50
	Total	60	100	20	160	440	28Hrs	600

#### Semester IV

Course		Internal Assessment			End Semester Exams		Total	
code	Name of the course	Continuous Mode	Session: Marks	al Exams Duration	Total	Marks	Duration	Marks
	Pharmaceutical Organic	Wide	IVILLI INS	Durution				
BP401T	Chemistry III– Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP402T	Medicinal Chemistry I – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP403T	Physical Pharmaceutics II – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP404T	Pharmacology I – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP405T	Pharmacognosy I – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP406P	Medicinal Chemistry I – Practical	5	10	4 Hr	15	35	4 Hrs	50
BP407P	Physical Pharmaceutics II – Practical	5	10	4 Hrs	15	35	4 Hrs	50
BP408P	Pharmacology I – Practical	5	10	4 Hrs	15	35	4 Hrs	50
BP409P	Pharmacognosy I – Practical	5	10	4 Hrs	15	35	4 Hrs	50
	Total	70	115	21 Hrs	185	515	31 Hrs	700

#### Semester V

Course		Internal Assessment			End Semester Exams		Total	
code	Name of the course	Continuous	Session	al Exams	Total	Marks	Duration	Marks
couc		Mode	Marks	Duration	Totai		Duration	1 <b>1111 N</b> 5
BP501T	Medicinal Chemistry II – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP502T	Formulative Pharmacy– Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP503T	Pharmacology II – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP504T	Pharmacognosy II – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
DDSOST	Pharmaceutical Jurisprudence –							
BP505T	Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP506P	Formulative Pharmacy – Practical	5	10	4 Hr	15	35	4 Hrs	50
BP507P	Pharmacology II – Practical	5	10	4 Hr	15	35	4 Hrs	50
BP508P	Pharmacognosy II – Practical	5	10	4 Hr	15	35	4 Hrs	50
	Total	65	105	17 Hr	170	480	27 Hrs	650

#### Semester VI

Course		Internal Assessment			End Semester Exams		Total	
code	Name of the course	Continuous		al Exams	Total	Marks	Duration	Marks
		Mode	Marks	Duration	Total	IVIALKS	Duration	101001115
BP601T	Medicinal Chemistry III – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP602T	Pharmacology III – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP603T	Herbal Drug Technology –							
DF 003 I	Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP604T	Biopharmaceutics and							
DF 0041	Pharmacokinetics – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP605T	Pharmaceutical Biotechnology-							
DF0031	Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP606T	Quality Assurance– Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP607P	Medicinal chemistry III –							
BP00/P	Practical	5	10	4 Hrs	15	35	4 Hrs	50
BP608P	Pharmacology III – Practical	5	10	4 Hrs	15	35	4 Hrs	50
BP609P	Herbal Drug Technology –							
Druu9P	Practical	5	10	4 Hrs	15	35	4 Hrs	50
	Total	75	120	18 Hrs	195	555	30 Hrs	750

#### Semester VII

Course	Name of the course	]	Internal Assessment			End Semester Exams		Total
code	Name of the course	Continuous	Session	al Exams	Total	Marks	Duration	Marks
		Mode	Marks	Duration	Total	WIATKS	Duration	
BP701T	Instrumental Methods of Analysis							
DP /011	– Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP702T	Industrial Pharmacy – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP703T	Pharmacy Practice – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP704T	Novel Drug Delivery System – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP705 P	Instrumental Methods of Analysis							
BP/03 P	– Practical	5	10	4 Hrs	15	35	4 Hrs	50
BP706 PS	Practice School*	25	-	-	25	125	5 Hrs	150
	Total	70	70	8Hrs	140	460	21 Hrs	600

\* The subject experts at college level shall conduct examinations

#### Semester VIII

Course		Internal Assessment							ster Exams	Total
code	Name of the course	Continuous		al Exams	Total	Marks	Duration	Marks		
couc		Mode	Marks	Duration	Total		Duration			
BP801T	<b>Biostatistics and Research</b>									
DI OUTI	Methodology – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100		
BP802T	Social and Preventive Pharmacy									
DF 002 I	– Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100		
DD902ET	Pharmaceutical Marketing –									
BP803ET	Theory									
DB004ET	Pharmaceutical Regulatory									
BP804ET	Science – Theory									
BP805ET	Pharmacovigilance – Theory									
	Quality Control and									
BP806ET	Standardizations of Herbals –									
	Theory									
DD007ET	Computer Aided Drug Design –									
BP807ET	Theory									
BP808ET	Cell and Molecular Biology –							100 +		
	Theory	10 + 10	15 + 15 =	1 + 1 =	25 + 25 =	75 + 75	3 + 3 = 6	100 =		
BP809ET	Cosmetic Science – Theory	= 20	30	2 Hrs	50	= 150	Hrs	200		
BP810ET	Experimental Pharmacology –									
	Theory									
BP811ET	Advanced Instrumentation									
BP812PW	Techniques – Theory Project Work					150	4 11	150		
DF012FW	8	-	-	-	-	150	4 Hrs	150		
	Total	40	60	4 Hrs	100	450	16 Hrs	550		

#### 11.2 Internal assessment: Continuous mode

The marks allocated for Continuous mode of Internal Assessment shall be awarded as per the scheme given below.

Theory		
Criteria	Max	imum
	Ma	arks
Attendance (Refer Table – XII)	4	2
Academic activities (Average of any 2 activities e.g. quiz, assignment, open book test, field work, group discussion and seminar)	4	03
Student – Teacher interaction	2	
Total	10	5
Practical		
Attendance (Refer Table – XII)	2	
Based on Practical Records, Regular viva voce, etc.3		
Total	5	

#### Table-XI: Scheme for awarding internal assessment: Continuous mode

#### Table- XII: Guidelines for the allotment of marks for attendance

Percentage of Attendance	Theory	Practical
95 - 100	4	2
90-94	3	1.5
85-89	2	1
80-84	1	0.5
Less than 80	0	0

#### 11.2.1. Sessional Exams

Two Sessional exams shall be conducted for each theory / practical course as per the schedule fixed by the college(s). The scheme of question paper for theory and practical Sessional examinations is given below. The average marks of two Sessional exams shall be computed for internal assessment as per the requirements given in tables – X.

Sessional exam shall be conducted for 30 marks for theory and shall be computed for 15 marks. Similarly Sessional exam for practical shall be conducted for 40 marks and shall be computed for 10 marks. The duration for the conduct of the exam is as below

Exam Type	Marks allotted	Duration
Theory	30	1.5 Hr
Practical	40	04 Hr

#### Question paper pattern for theory Sessional

#### For subjects having University exams

I. Objective Type Questions (Answer 05 out of 7)	=5  x  2 = 10
II. Long Answers (Answer 1 out of 2)	$=1 \times 10 = 10$
III. Short Answers (Answer 2 out of 3)	$=2 \times 5 = 10$
Total	30 marks

#### For subjects having Non University Examination

I. Long Answers (Answer 1 out of 2)	$=1 \times 10 = 10$
II.Short Answers (Answer 4 out of 6)	$=4 \times 5 = 20$
Total	30 marks

#### Question paper pattern for practical sessional examinations

I. Synopsis	= 10
II. Experiments	= 25
III. Viva voce	= 05
Total	40 marks

#### 12. Promotion and award of grades

A student shall be declared PASS and eligible for getting grade in a course of B.Pharm.program if he/she secures at least 50% marks in that particular course including internal assessment. For example, to be declared as PASS and to get grade, the student has to secure a minimum of 50 marks for the total of 100 including continuous mode of assessment and end semester theory examination and has to secure a minimum of 25 marks for the total 50 including internal assessment and end semester practical examination.

#### 13. Carry forward of marks

In case a student fails to secure the minimum 50% in any Theory or Practical course as specified in 12,then he/she shall reappear for the end semester examination of that course. However his/her marks of the Internal Assessment shall be carried over and he/she shall be entitled for grade obtained by him/her on passing.

#### 14. Improvement of internal assessment

A student shall have the opportunity to improve his/her performance in the Sessional exam component of the internal assessment. The re-conduct of the Sessional exam shall be completed before the commencement of next end semester theory examinations.

#### 15. Re-examination of end semester examinations

Reexamination ofend semester examinationshall be conducted as per the schedule given in table XIII. The exact dates of examinations shall be notified from time to time.

Semester	For Regular Candidates	For Failed Candidates
I, III, V and VII	November / December	May / June
II, IV, VI and VIII	May / June	November / December

#### Table-XIII: Tentative schedule of end semester examinations

#### Question paper pattern for end semester theory examinations

#### For 75 marks paper

I. Objective Type Questions (Answer 5 out of 7)	=5x 3 = 15
II. Long Answers (Answer 2 out of 4)	$= 2 \times 10 = 20$
III. Short Answers (Answer 8 out of 10)	$= 8 \times 5 = 40$
Total	= 75marks

#### For 50 marks paper

I. Long Answers (Answer 2 out of 3)	$= 2 \times 10 = 20$
II. Short Answers (Answer 6 out of 8)	$= 6 \ge 5 = 30$
Total	= 50 marks

#### For 35 marks paper

I. Long Answers (Answer lout of 2)	$= 1 \times 10 = 10$
II. Short Answers (Answer 5 out of 7)	$= 5 \times 5 = 25$
Total	= 35 marks

I. Synopsis	= 05
II. Experiments	= 25
III. Viva voce	= 05
Total	= 35marks

Question paper pattern for end semester practical examinations

#### 16. Academic Progression:

No student shall be admitted to any examination unless he/she fulfills the norms given in 6. Academic progression rules are applicable as follows:

A student shall be eligible to carry forward all the courses of I, II and III semesters till the IV semester examinations. However, he/she shall not be eligible to attend the courses of V semester until all the courses of I and II semesters are successfully completed.

A student shall be eligible to carry forward all the courses of III, IV and V semesters till the VI semester examinations. However, he/she shall not be eligible to attend the courses of VII semester until all the courses of I, II, III and IV semesters are successfully completed.

A student shall be eligible to carry forward all the courses of V, VI and VII semesters till the VIII semester examinations. However, he/she shall not be eligible to get the course completion certificate until all the courses of I, II, III, IV, V and VI semesters are successfully completed.

A student shall be eligible to get his/her CGPA upon successful completion of the courses of I to VIII semesters within the stipulated time period as per the norms specified in 26.

A lateral entry student shall be eligible to carry forward all the courses of III, IV and V semesters till the VI semester examinations. However, he/she shall not be eligible to attend the courses of VII semester until all the courses of III and IV semesters are successfully completed.

A lateral entry student shall be eligible to carry forward all the courses of V, VI and VII semesters till the VIII semester examinations. However, he/she shall not be eligible to get the course completion certificate until all the courses of III, IV, V and VI semesters are successfully completed.

A lateral entry student shall be eligible to get his/her CGPA upon successful completion of the courses of III to VIII semesters within the stipulated time period as per the norms specified in 26.

Any student who has given more than 4 chances for successful completion of I / III semester courses and more than 3 chances for successful completion of II / IV semester courses shall be permitted to attend V / VII semester classes ONLY during the subsequent academic year as the case may be. In simpler terms there shall NOT be any ODD BATCH for any semester.

Note: Grade AB should be considered as failed and treated as one head for deciding academic progression. Such rules are also applicable for those students who fail to register for examination(s) of any course in any semester.

#### **Rules for Carry Forward:**

The curriculum (including regulations, structure and syllabi) is in force from academic year 2018-19 and onwards for First Year B. Pharm, for academic year 2019- 20 onwards for Second Year B. Pharm., for academic year 2020-21 and onwards for Third Year B. Pharm., and for academic year 2021-22 and onwards for Final Year B. Pharm.

The learners who were admitted to First Year B. Pharm. of 2015 pattern during the academic year 2017-18 or before & failed in the First Year B.Pharm. of 2015 pattern examination will have to take admission to Semester-III of Second Year B. Pharm. of

2018 pattern in academic year 2019-20 or onwards, provided that

a. Their result of F. Y. B. Pharm of 2015 pattern is either pass or fails with A. T. K. T. The said students will have to take up additional remedial courses as follows.

b) The learners who were admitted to S.Y B. Pharm. of 2015 pattern during the academic year 2018-19 or before and fail in the S.Y B.Pharm. of 2015 pattern examination will have to take admission to Semester-V of Third Year B. Pharm. of 2018 pattern in academic year 2020-21 or onwards, provided that Their result of S. Y. B. Pharm of 2015 pattern is either pass or fails with A. T. K. T. The said students will have to take up additional remedial course as follows.

Sr. No	for admission to S.Y.B.Pharm in	Remedial courses Pharm in Academic Year 2019-20 (Cleared F.Y. B. Pharm as per 2015 Pattern)		
	(Non University Examination )	Semester	Passing Criteria	
1.	Biochemistry – Theory/Practicals	Semester III	Minimum 50% marks with D grade	
2.	Pathophysiology- Theory		Minimum 50% marks with D grade	
3.	Computer Applications in	Semester IV	Minimum 50% marks with D	

	Pharmacy – Theory/Practicals	grade
4.	Environmental sciences – Theory	Minimum 50% marks with D
		grade

Sr. No	Remedial courses for admission to T.Y. B.Pharm in Academic Year 2020-21 (Cleared S. Y.B. Pharm as per 2015 Pattern )		
	(Non University Examination with 50% passing.)	Semester	Passing Criteria
1.	Medicinal Chemistry I – Theory/ Practical	Semester V	Minimum 50% marks with D grade

#### 17. Grading of performances

#### 17.1. Letter grades and grade points allocations:

Based on the performances, each student shall be awarded a final letter grade at the end of the semester for each course. The letter grades and their corresponding grade points are given in Table – XII.

 Table – XII: Letter grades and grade points equivalent to

 Percentage of marks and performances

Percentage of Marks Obtained	Letter Grade	Grade Point	Performance
90.00 - 100	0	10	Outstanding
80.00 - 89.99	А	9	Excellent
70.00 - 79.99	В	8	Good
60.00 - 69.99	С	7	Fair
50.00 - 59.99	D	6	Average
Less than 50	F	0	Fail
Absent	AB	0	Fail

A learner who remains absent for any end semester examination shall be assigned a letter grade of ABand a corresponding grade point of zero. He/she should reappear for the said evaluation/examination in due course.

#### 18. The Semester grade point average (SGPA)

The performance of a student in a semester is indicated by a number called 'Semester

Grade Point Average' (SGPA). The SGPA is the weighted average of the grade points obtained in all the courses by the student during the semester. For example, if a student takes five courses(Theory/Practical) in a semester with credits C1, C2, C3, C4 and C5 and the student's grade points in these courses are G1, G2, G3, G4 and G5, respectively, and then students' SGPA is equal to:

SGPA = 
$$\frac{C_1G_1 + C_2G_2 + C_3G_3 + C_4G_4 + C_5G_5}{C1 + C2 + C3 + C4 + C5}$$

The SGPA is calculated to two decimal points. It should be noted that, the SGPA for any semester shall take into consideration the F and ABS grade awarded in that semester. For example if a learner has a F or ABS grade in course 4, the SGPA shall then be computed as:

$$SGPA = \frac{C1G1 + C2G2 + C3G3 + C4* ZERO + C5G5}{C1 + C2 + C3 + C4 + C5}$$

#### **19.** Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA)

The CGPA is calculated with the SGPA of all the VIII semesters to two decimal points and is indicated in final grade report card/final transcript showing the grades of all VIII semesters and their courses. The CGPA shall reflect the failed statusin case of F grade(s),till the course(s) is/are passed. When the course(s)is/are passedby obtaining a pass grade on subsequent examination(s) theCGPA shall only reflect the new grade and not the fail grades earned earlier.The CGPA is calculated as:

$$CGPA = C1S1 + C2S2 + C3S3 + C4S4 + C5S5 + C6S6 + C7S7 + C8S8$$
$$CGPA = C1 + C2 + C3 + C4 + C5 + C6 + C7 + C8$$

where  $C_1, C_2, C_3,...$  is the total number of credits for semester I,II,III,... and  $S_1, S_2, S_3,...$  is the SGPA of semester I,II,III,....

#### 20. Declaration of class

The class shall be awarded on the basis of COLA as follows		
First Class with Distinction	= CGPA of. 7.50 and above	
First Class	= CGPA of. 6.00 to 7.49	
Second Class	= CGPA of. 5.00 to 5.99	

The class shall be awarded on the basis of CGPA as follows

#### 21. Project work

All the students shall undertake a project under the supervision of a teacher and submit a report. The area of the project shall directly relate any one of the elective subject opted by the student in semester VIII. The project shall be carried out in group not exceeding 5 in number. The project report shall be submitted in triplicate (typed & bound copy not less than 25 pages).

The internal and external examiner appointed by the University shall evaluate the project at the time of the Practical examinations of other semester(s). Students shall be evaluated in groups for four hours (i.e., about half an hour for a group of five students). The projects shall be evaluated as per the criteria given below

#### **Evaluation of Dissertation Book:**

Objective(s) of the Methodology add Results and Discu Conclusions and	opted ussions	15 Marks 20 Marks 20 Marks 20 Marks
	Total	75 Marks
Evaluation of Presentation:		
Presentation of w	vork	25 Marks
Communication s	skills	20 Marks
Question and ans	wer skills	30 Marks
	Total	75 Marks

*Explanation*: The 75 marks assigned to the dissertation book shall be same for all the students in a group. However, the 75 marks assigned for presentation shall be awarded based on the performance of individual students in the given criteria.

#### 22. Industrial training (Desirable)

Every candidate shall be required to work for at least 150 hours spread over four weeks in a Pharmaceutical Industry/Hospital. It includes Production unit, Quality Control department, Quality Assurance department, Analytical laboratory, Chemical manufacturing unit, Pharmaceutical R&D, Hospital (Clinical Pharmacy), Clinical Research Organization, Community Pharmacy, etc. After the Semester – VI and before the commencement of Semester – VII, and shall submit satisfactory report of such work and certificate duly signed by the authority of training organization to the head of the institute.

#### AND/OR

Every candidate shall be required to undergo any one of the Skill development modules mentioned below(**Duration – Min. 04 weeks**)

- a) Hands on Training (Central instrumentation lab/Machine room etc)
- **b)** UGC/AICTE recognized online courses (SWAYAM/NPTEL etc)

After the successful completion of the module the candidate shall submit satisfactory report and certificate duly signed by the authority of training organization/Head of the institute

#### 23. Practice School

In the VII semester, every candidate shall undergo practice school for a period of 150 hours evenly distributed throughout the semester. The student shall opt any one of the domains for practice school declared by the program committee from time to time.

At the end of the practice school, every student shall submit a printed report (in triplicate) on the practice school he/she attended (not more than 25 pages). Along with the exams of semester VII, the report submitted by the student, knowledge and skills acquired by the student through practice school shall be evaluated by the subject experts at college level and grade point shall be awarded.

#### 24. Award of Ranks

Ranks and Medals shall be awarded on the basis of final CGPA. However, candidates who fail in one or more courses during the B.Pharm program shall not be eligible for award of ranks. Moreover, the candidates should have completed the B. Pharm program in minimum prescribed number of years, (four years) for the award of Ranks.

#### 25. Award of degree

Candidates who fulfill the requirements mentioned above shall be eligible for award of degree during the ensuing convocation.

#### 26. Duration for completion of the program of study

The duration for the completion of the program shall be fixed as double the actual duration of the program and the students have to pass within the said period, otherwise they have to get fresh Registration.

#### 27. Re-admission after break of study

Candidate who seeks re-admission to the program after break of study has to get the approval from the university by paying a condonation fee.

No condonation is allowed for the candidate who has more than 2 years of break up period and he/she has to rejoin the program by paying the required fees.

# **Chapter-II: Syllabus**

# Semester-I

**45 Hours** 

Scope: This subject is designed to impart fundamental knowledge on the structure and functions of the various systems of the human body. It also helps in understanding both homeostatic mechanisms. The subject provides the basic knowledge required to understand the various disciplines of pharmacy.

**Objectives**: Upon completion of this course the student should be able to

1. Explain the gross morphology, structure and functions of various organs of the human body.

- 2. Describe the various homeostatic mechanisms and their imbalances.
- 3. Identify the various tissues and organs of different systems of human body.
- 4. Perform the various experiments related to special senses and nervous system.
- 5. Appreciate coordinated working pattern of different organs of each system

#### **Course Content:** Unit-I

#### a) Introduction to human body

Definition and scope of anatomy and physiology, levels of structural organization and body systems, basic life processes, homeostasis, basic anatomical terminology.

#### b) Cellular level of organization

Structure and functions of cell, transport across cell membrane, cell division, cell junctions. General principles of cell communication, intracellular signalling pathway activation by extracellular signal

molecule, Forms of intracellular signalling: a) Contact-dependent b) Paracrine c) Synaptic d) Endocrine

#### c) Tissue level of organization

Classification of tissues, structure, location and functions of epithelial,

#### 10 hours

#### 3 hours

3 hours

#### 4 hours

muscular and nervous and connective tissues.

Unit -II		10 hours
	a) Integumentary system	4 hours
	Structure and functions of skin	
	b) Skeletal system	4 hours
	Divisions of skeletal system, types of bone, salient features and functions	
	of bones of axial and appendicular skeletal system Organization of	
	skeletal muscle, physiology of muscle contraction,	
	neuromuscular junction.	
	c) Joints	2 hours
	Structural and functional classification, types of joints movements and its articulation	
Unit-III		10 hours
	a) Body fluids and blood	7 hours
	Body fluids, composition and functions of blood, blood cells, hemopoeisis, formation of hemoglobin, anaemia, mechanisms of coagulation, blood grouping, Rh factors, transfusion, its significance and disorders of blood, Reticulo endothelial system.	
	b) Lymphatic system	3hours
	Lymphatic organs and tissues, lymphatic vessels, lymph circulation and functions of lymphatic system.	Jilouis
Unit-IV		08 hours
	a) Peripheral nervous system:	3 Hours
	Classification of peripheral nervous system: Structure and functions of sympathetic and parasympathetic nervous system. Origin and functions of spinal and cranial nerves.	5 110415
	b) Special senses	5 Hours
	Structure and functions of eye, ear, nose, tongue, and their disorders.	
Unit-V		07 hours
	Cardiovascular system	

Heart – anatomy of heart, blood circulation, blood vessels, structure and functions of artery, vein and capillaries, elements of conduction system of heart and heart beat, its regulation by autonomic nervous system, cardiac output, cardiac cycle. Regulation of blood pressure, pulse, electrocardiogram and disorders of heart.

#### **Recommended Books:**

- 1. Chatterjee, C.C., Human Physiology. Medical Allied Agency, Kolkata.
- 2. Ganong, W.F., Review of Medical Physiology. Prentice-Hall International, London.
- 3. Guyton, A.C., Textbook of Medical Physiology. W. B. Saunders Co., Philadelphia, USA.
- 4. Tortora, G.J. and Grabowski, S.R., 2005. Principals of Anatomy and Physiology. Harper Collins College Publishers, New York.
- 5. Vander, A.J., Sherman, J.H. and Luciano, D.S., Human Physiology. McGraw-Hill Publishing Co., USA.
- 6. Waugh, A. and Grant, A., Ross and Wilson's Anatomy and Physiology in Health and Illness. Churchill-Livingstone, London.
- 7. West, J.B., Best and Taylor's Physiological Basis of Medical Practice. Williams and Wilkins, Baltimore, USA.
- 8. Warwick, R. and Williams, P., Gray's Anatomy. Longman, London.
- 9. Chaudhari S K. Concise Medical Physiology. New Central Book Agency (P) Ltd., Calcutta.
- 10. Godkar P.B and Godkar D.P., Textbook of Medical Laboratory Technology. Bhalani Publishing House, Mumbai.
- 11. Joshi V.D. Practical Physiology. Vora Medical Publications, Mumbai.
- 12. DiFiore-Mariano S.H., Atlas of Human Histology. Lea and Febiger, Philadelphia.
- 13. Garg K., Bahel I. and Kaul M., A Textbook of Histology. CBS Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi.
- 14. Goyal, R.K., Patel, N.M. and Shah, S.A., Practical Anatomy, Physiology and Biochemistry. B. S. Shah Prakashan, Ahmedabad.
- 15. Ranade, V.G., Joshi, P.N. and Pradhan, S., Textbook of Practical Physiology. Pune Vidyarthi Griha Prakashan, Pune.
- 16. Singh, I., BD., Chaurasia's Human Anatomy. CBS Publisher and Distributors, New Delhi.
- 17. Singh, I., Textbook of Human Histology. Jaypee brothers Medical Publishers, New Delhi.
- 18. Mukherjee, K.L., Medical Laboratory Technology. Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd. New Delhi.
- 19. Beck, W.S., Human Desigh: Molecular, Cellular and Systemic Physiology. Harcourt Brace Jovanovich Inc. New York.
- 20. Essentials of Medical Physiology by K. Sembulingam and P. Sembulingam. Jaypee Brothers medical publishers, New Delhi.
- 21. Anatomy and Physiology in Health and Illness by Kathleen J.W. Wilson, Churchill Livingstone, New York
- 22. Physiological basis of Medical Practice-Best and Tailor. Williams & Wilkins Co, Riverview, MI USA
- 23. Textbook of Human Histology by Inderbir Singh, Jaypee brother's medical publishers, New Delhi.
- 24. Textbook of Practical Physiology by C.L. Ghai, Jaypee brother's medical publishers, New Delhi.

#### **BP107P. HUMAN ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY (Practical)**

#### 4 Hours/week

Practical physiology is complimentary to the theoretical discussions in physiology. Practicals allow the verification of physiological processes discussed in theory classes through experiments on living tissue, intact animals or normal human beings. This is helpful for developing an insight on the subject.

- 1. Study of compound microscope.
- 2. Microscopic study of epithelial and connective tissue
- 3. Microscopic study of muscular and nervous tissue
- 4. Identification of axial bones
- 5. Identification of appendicular bones
- 6. Introduction to haemocytometer.
- 7. Enumeration of white blood cell (WBC) count
- 8. Enumeration of total red blood corpuscles (RBC) count
- 9. Determination of bleeding time
- 10. Determination of clotting time
- 11. Estimation of haemoglobin content
- 12. Determination of blood group.
- 13. Determination of erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR).
- 14. Determination of heart rate and pulse rate.
- 15. Recording of blood pressure.
- 16. Visit to Blood bank.

#### **Recommended Books:**

- 1. Godkar P.B and Godkar D.P., Textbook of Medical Laboratory Technology. Bhalani Publishing House, Mumbai.
- 2. Joshi V.D. Practical Physiology. Vora Medical Publications, Mumbai.
- 3. DiFiore-Mariano S.H., Atlas of Human Histology. Lea and Febiger, Philadelphia.

- 4. Mukherjee, K.L., Medical Laboratory Technology. Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd. New Delhi.
- 5. Beck, W.S., Human Desigh: Molecular, Cellular and Systemic Physiology. Harcourt Brace Jovanovich Inc. New York.
- 6. Chatterjee, C.C., Human Physiology. Medical Allied Agency, Kolkata.
- 7. Ganong, W.F., Review of Medical Physiology. Prentice-Hall International, London.
- 8. Guyton, A.C., Textbook of Medical Physiology. W. B. Saunders Co., Philadelphia, USA.
- 9. Tortora, G.J. and Grabowski, S.R., 2005.
- 10. Principals of Anatomy and Physiology. Harper Collins College Publishers, New York.
- 11. Vander, A.J., Sherman, J.H. and Luciano, D.S., Human Physiology. McGraw-Hill Publishing Co., USA.
- 12. Garg K., Bahel I. and Kaul M., A Textbook of Histology. CBS Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi.
- 13. Practical workbook of Human Physiology by K. Srinageswari and Rajeev Sharma, Jaypee Brother's medical publishers, New Delhi.

#### **BP102T. PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS (Theory)** 45 hours

#### Scope

This course deals with the fundamentals of analytical chemistry and principles of electrochemical analysis of drugs.

#### Objectives

#### Upon completion of the course a student shall be able to understand -

- The principles of volumetric and electrochemical analysis.
- Carry out various volumetric and electrochemical titrations.
- Develop analytical skills.

#### **COURSE CONTENT**

#### UNIT-1

- a) Pharmaceutical analysis Definition and scope
  - i. Different techniques of analysis
  - ii. Methods of expressing concentration
  - iii. Primary and Secondary standards.
- b) **Errors :** Sources of errors, types of errors, methods of minimizing errors, accuracy, precision and significant figures

#### **UNIT-II**

- a) Acid base titration: Theories of acid base indicators, classification of acid base titrations and theory involved in titrations of strong, weak, and very weak acids and bases, neutralization curves. Preparation and standardization of sodium hydroxide, hydrochloric acid, sulphuric acid, Estimation of ammonium chloride
- **b)** Non aqueous titration: Solvents, acidimetry and alkalimetry titrations, and estimation of sodium benzoate.

#### **UNIT-III**

- **a) Precipitation titrations:** Mohr's method, Volhard's method, Modified Volhard's method, Fajans method, and estimation of Sodium Chloride I.P.
- **b) Complexometric titration**: Classification, metal ion indicators, masking and demasking reagents, and estimation of Calcium gluconate I.P.
- c) Gravimetry: Principle and steps involved in gravimetric analysis. Purity of the precipitate: co-precipitation and post precipitation, and estimation of Barium sulphate I. P.

#### **UNIT-IV**

#### **Redox titrations**

- i. Concepts of oxidation and reduction
- ii. Preparation and standardization of Potassium Permanganate I. P., Ceric Ammonium Sulphate I. P./B. P. and Sodium Thiosulphate I. P./B. P.
- iii. Types of redox titrations (Principles and applications) : Permaganometry,

10 hours

05 hours

12 hours

Cerimetry, Iodimetry, Iodometry, Bromatometry, Dichrometry, Titrations with Potassium Iodate I. P.

#### **UNIT-V**

#### a) Electrochemical methods of analysis

- i. **Conductometry** Introduction, Conductivity cell, Conductometric titrations, applications.
- ii. **Potentiometry** Electrochemical cell, construction and working of reference (Standard Hydrogen Electrode, Silver Chloride Electrode and Calomel Electrode) and Indicator Eectrodes (Metal electrodes and Glass Electrode), methods to determine end point of potentiometric titration and applications.

10 hours

- iii. **Polarography** Principle and Ilkovik Equation.
- **b) Refractometry** Introduction, refractive index, specific and molar refraction, measurement of RI, Abbe's refractometer and applications.

#### **BP108P. PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS (Practical)**

#### 4 Hours/week

#### I. Preparation and standardization of

- (1) Aq. Sodium Hydroxide I. P.
- (2) Aq. Sulphuric Acid I. P./ Aq. Hydrochloric Acid I. P.
- (3) Aq. Sodium Thiosulfate I. P.
- (4) Aq. Potassium Permanganate I. P.
- (5) Aq. Ceric Ammonium Sulphate I. P.

#### II. Assay of the following compounds along with Standardization of Titrant

- (1) Ammonium chloride by acid-base titration
- (2) Sodium benzoate I. P. by non-aqueous titration
- (3) Sodium chloride I. P. by precipitation titration
- (4) Calcium gluconate I. P. by complexometry
- (5) Hydrogen peroxide I. P./B. P. by Permanganometry
- (6) Ferrous sulphate I. P. by cerimetry
- (7) Copper sulphate I. P. by iodometry

#### III. Determination of Normality by electro-analytical methods

(1) Conductometric titrations of strong acid against strong base
 (2) Conductometric titration of strong acid and weak acid against strong base
 (3) Potentiometric titration of strong acid against strong base (Using Sigmoidal and First order derivative plot)
 IV. Measurement of refractive index of some samples
 1 turn

(Glycerol, Water, Rectified Spirit, Castor Oil I. P.)

3 turns

8 turns

#### **Recommended Books**

- 1. Indian Pharmacopoeia, Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Controller of Publications Edition, New Delhi.
- 2. British Pharmacopoeia, British Pharmacopoeia Commission, London, 2015.
- 3. Beckett, A.H. and Stenlake J. B., Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Vol I, Stahlome Press, University of London.
- 4. Vogel, A. I., A Textbook of Quantitative Chemical Analysis, Thames Polytechnic, London, Longman Group, UK Ltd.
- 5. Connors K. A., A Textbook of Pharmaceutical Analysis, Third Edition, John Wiley and Sons.
- 6. Christian G. D., Analytical Chemistry, 6/Ed, John Wiley & Sons.
- 7. Mahadik K. R., Wadodkar S.G., More H. N, Pharmaceutical Analysis, Vol. I and II, Nirali Prakashan.
- 8. Kar Ashutosh, Pharmaceutical Drug Analysis, Minerva Press, New Delhi.
- 9. Day R. A. & Underwood A. L. Quantitative Analysis. 5/Ed., Prentice Hall of India Pvt.Ltd. New Delhi.
- 10. Skoog, A. D. West, D. M. et al. Fundamentals of Analytical Chemistry. 8/ Ed. Thomson Brookslcole.
- 11. Willard Merit. Dean Settle, Instrumental Methods of Analysis, 7/Ed, CBS Publisher & Distributor.
- 12. Sharma, B. K. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis, Goel Publishing House.

#### **BP103T.** PHARMACEUTICS-I (Theory)

**Scope:** This course is designed to impart a fundamental knowledge on the preparatory pharmacy with arts and science of preparing the different conventional dosage forms. **Objectives:** Upon completion of this course the student should be able to:

- Know the history of profession of pharmacy
- Understand the basics of different dosage forms, pharmaceutical incompatibilities and pharmaceutical calculations
- Understand the professional way of handling the prescription
- Preparation of various conventional dosage forms

#### **Course Content:**

#### UNIT – I

- **Historical background and development of profession of pharmacy**: History of profession of Pharmacy in India in relation to pharmacy education, industry and organization, Pharmacy as a career.
- Dosage forms: Introduction to dosage forms, classification and definitions
- **Prescription:** Definition, Parts of prescription, handling of Prescription and Errors in prescription.
- **Posology:** Definition, Factors affecting posology. Pediatric dose calculations based on age, body weight and body surface area.

#### UNIT – II

- **Pharmaceutical calculations**: Weights and measures Imperial & Metric system, Calculations involving percentage solutions, alligation, proof spirit and isotonic solutions based on freezing point and molecular weight.
- **Powders:** Definition, classification, advantages and disadvantages, Simple & compound powders official preparations, dusting powders, effervescent, efflorescent and hygroscopic powders, eutectic mixtures. Geometric dilutions.
- Liquid dosage forms: Advantages and disadvantages of liquid dosage forms. Excipients used in formulation of liquid dosage forms. Solubility enhancement techniques

# 10 Hours

**10 Hours** 

#### 45 Hours

- Monophasic liquids: Definitions and preparations of Gargles, Mouthwashes, Throat Paint, Eardrops, Nasal drops, Enemas, Syrups, Elixirs, Liniments and Lotions.
- Biphasic liquids:

**Suspensions:** Definition, advantages and disadvantages, classifications, Preparation of suspensions; Flocculated and Deflocculated suspension & stability problems and methods to overcome.

**Emulsions:** Definition, classification, emulsifying agent, test for the identification of type of Emulsion, Methods of preparation & stability problems and methods to overcome.

# UNIT – IV

# **08 Hours**

- **Suppositories**: Definition, types, advantages and disadvantages, types of bases, methods of preparations. Displacement value & its calculations, evaluation of suppositories.
- **Pharmaceutical incompatibilities**: Definition, classification, physical, chemical and therapeutic incompatibilities with examples.

# UNIV – V

# **07 Hours**

• Semisolid dosage forms: Definitions, classification, mechanisms and factors influencing dermal penetration of drugs. Preparation of ointments, pastes, creams and gels. Excipients used in semi solid dosage forms. Evaluation of semi solid dosages forms

# 10 Hours

# **BP109P. PHARMACEUTICS I (Practical)**

## 4 Hours / week

# 1. Syrups

	a) Syrup IP'66
	b) Compound syrup of Ferrous Phosphate BPC'68
2. Elixirs	a) Piperazine citrate elixir
	b) Paracetamol pediatric elixir
3.Linctus	a) Terpin Hydrate Linctus IP'66
	b) Iodine Throat Paint (Mandles Paint)

#### 4. Solutions

- a) Strong solution of ammonium acetate
- b) Cresol with soap solution
- c) LugOL'S SOLUTion

# 5. Suspensions (Any two experiments)

- a) Calamine lotion
- b) Magnesium Hydroxide mixture
- c) Aluminimum Hydroxide gel
- 6. Emulsions a) Turpentine Liniment
  - b) Liquid paraffin emulsion

# 7. Powders and Granules (Any three experiments)

- a) ORS powder (WHO)
- b) Effervescent granules
- c) Dusting powder
- d) Divided powders

# 8. Suppositories (Any two experiments)

- a) Glycero gelatin suppository
- b) Coca butter suppository
- c) Zinc Oxide suppository

## 8. Semisolids (Any two experiments)

- a) Sulphur ointment
- b) Non staining-iodine ointment with methyl salicylate
- c) Carbopol gel

## 9. Gargles and Mouthwashes

- a) Iodine gargle
- b) Chlorhexidine mouthwash

## **Recommended Books:**

- 1. H.C. Ansel et al., Pharmaceutical Dosage Form and Drug Delivery System, Lippincott Williams and Walkins, New Delhi.
- 2. Carter S.J., Cooper and Gunn's-Dispensing for Pharmaceutical Students, CBS publishers, New Delhi.
- 3. M.E. Aulton, Pharmaceutics, The Science& Dosage Form Design, Churchill Livingstone, Edinburgh.
- 4. Indian pharmacopoeia.
- 5. British pharmacopoeia.
- 6. Lachmann. Theory and Practice of Industrial Pharmacy,Lea& Febiger Publisher, The University of Michigan.
- 7. Alfonso R. Gennaro Remington. The Science and Practice of Pharmacy, Lippincott Williams, New Delhi.
- 8. Carter S.J., Cooper and Gunn's. Tutorial Pharmacy, CBS Publications, New Delhi.
- 9. E.A. Rawlins, Bentley's Text Book of Pharmaceutics, English Language Book Society, Elsevier Health Sciences, USA.
- 10. Isaac Ghebre Sellassie: Pharmaceutical Pelletization Technology, Marcel Dekker, INC, New York.
- 11. Dilip M. Parikh: Handbook of Pharmaceutical Granulation Technology, Marcel Dekker, INC, New York.
- 12. Francoise Nieloud and Gilberte Marti-Mestres: Pharmaceutical Emulsions and Suspensions, Marcel Dekker, INC, New York.

#### **BP104T. PHARMACEUTICAL INORGANIC CHEMISTRY (Theory)** 45 Hours

#### Scope

This subject deals with the concepts and monographs of inorganic drugs and pharmaceuticals.

# Objectives

#### Upon completion of course student shall be able to

- Know the sources of impurities and methods to determine the impurities in drugs and pharmaceuticals
- Understand the medicinal and pharmaceutical importance of inorganic compounds

#### **COURSE CONTENT**

## UNIT I

- a) Impurities in pharmaceutical substances: History of pharmacopoeia, sources and types of impurities, principle, reaction and procedure involved in the limit test for chloride, sulphate, iron, arsenic, lead and heavy metals, modified limit test for chloride and sulphate.
- b) Water: Different official waters and official control test for water.

# General methods of preparation and assay for compounds superscripted with asterisk (\*). Properties and Medicinal uses of Inorganic Compounds belonging to the following classes

#### **UNIT II**

- a) Acids, Bases and Buffers: Buffer equations and buffer capacity in general, buffers in pharmaceutical systems, preparation, stability, buffered isotonic solutions, measurements of tonicity, calculations and methods of adjusting isotonicity.
- b) Major extra and intracellular electrolytes: Functions of major physiological ions, Electrolytes used in the replacement therapy: Sodium chloride\*, Potassium chloride, Calcium gluconate\* and Oral Rehydration Salt (ORS), Physiological acid base balance.
- c) Dental products: Dentifrices, role of fluoride in the treatment of dental caries, Desensitizing agents, Calcium carbonate, Sodium fluoride, and Zinc eugenol cement.

#### **UNIT III**

- a) Gastrointestinal agents
  - i. Acidifiers: Ammonium chloride\* and Dil. HCl
  - ii. Antacid: Ideal properties of antacids, combinations of antacids, Sodium
  - iii. Bicarbonate\*, Aluminum hydroxide gel, Magnesium hydroxide mixture
  - iv. Cathartics: Magnesium sulphate, Sodium orthophosphate,

10 hours

- b) Protectives and Adsorbents: Kaolin and Bentonite
- c) Antimicrobials: Mechanism, classification, Potassium permanganate, Boric acid, Hydrogen peroxide\*, Chlorinated lime\*, Iodine and its preparations

# UNIT IV

#### **Miscellaneous** Compounds

- a) Expectorants: Potassium iodide, Ammonium chloride
- b) Emetics: Copper sulphate\*, Sodium potassium tartarate
- c) Haematinics: Ferrous sulphate\*, Ferrous gluconate
- d) Poison and Antidote: Sodium thiosulphate\*, Activated charcoal, Sodium nitrite
- e) Astringents: Zinc Sulphate, Potash Alum

#### UNIT V

**Radiopharmaceuticals**: Radio activity, measurement of radioactivity, properties of  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ ,  $\gamma$  radiations, half-life, radio isotopes and study of radio isotopes - Sodium iodide<sup>131</sup>, Indium<sup>111</sup>, Calcium<sup>47</sup>, Chromium <sup>51</sup>, Erbium<sup>169</sup>, Gallium<sup>68</sup>, Technetium<sup>99m</sup>, Storage conditions, precautions & pharmaceutical applications of radioactive substances.

07 hours

**08 hours** 

# BP110P. PHARMACEUTICAL INORGANIC CHEMISTRY (Practical) 4 Hours/Week

I.	Limit Test of the following: (1) Chloride (2) Sulphate (3) Iron (4) Arsenic (5) Lead (6) Heavy metals	6 turns
II.	<b>Identification test</b> (1) Magnesium hydroxide (2) Ferrous sulphate (3) Sodium bicarbonate (4) Calcium gluconate (5) Copper sulphate	3 turns
III.	<ul> <li>Test for purity</li> <li>(1) Swelling power of Bentonite</li> <li>(2) Neutralizing capacity of Aluminum hydroxide gel</li> <li>(3) Determination of Potassium iodate and iodine in Potassium Iodide</li> </ul>	3 turns
IV.P	<b>(1)</b> Boric acid (2) Potash alum (3) Ferrous sulphate	3 turns

## **Recommended Books**

- 1. Beckett, A.H. and Stenlake, J. B. 1970, Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Vol I & II, 4<sup>th</sup> edn, Stahlone Press of University of London.
- 2. Jeffery, G. H., Bassett, J., Mendham, J. and Cdenney, R., Vogel's Textbook of Quantitative Chemical Analysis, 5<sup>th</sup> edn, Thames Polytechnic, Longman Group, UK Ltd, London.
- 3. Gundu Rao, P. 2008, Pharmaceutical and Medicinal Inorganic Chemistry, Vallabh Prakashan.
- 4. Bentley, A.O., Driver, J.E. and Atherden, L.M. 1969, Bentley and Driver's Textbook of Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Oxford University Press, London.
- 5. Anand, S.K. and Chatwal, G.R. 2017, Inorganic Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Himalaya Publishing House Pvt Ltd.
- 6. Block, J.H., Roche, E.B., Soine, T.O and Wilson, C.O. 1974, Inorganic Medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Philadelphia, PA.
- 7. Indian Pharmacopoeia, Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Controller of Publications Edition, New Delhi.

# **BP105T.COMMUNICATION SKILLS (Theory)**

**Scope:** This course will prepare the young pharmacy student to interact effectively with doctors, nurses, dentists, physiotherapists and other health workers. At the end of this course the student will get the soft skills set to work cohesively with the team as a team player and will add value to the pharmaceutical business.

# **Objectives:**

#### Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to

**1.** Understand the behavioral needs for a Pharmacist to function effectively in the areas of pharmaceutical operation

2. Communicate effectively (Verbal and Non Verbal)

3. Effectivelymanage the team as a team player

4. Develop interview skills

5. Develop Leadership qualities and essentials

# **COURSE CONTENT**

#### UNIT – I

• **Communication Skills:** Introduction, Definition, The Importance of Communication, The Communication Process – Source, Message, Encoding, Channel, Decoding,

Receiver, Feedback, Context

 Barriers to communication: Physiological Barriers, Physical Barriers, Cultural Barriers, Language Barriers, Gender Barriers, Interpersonal Barriers, 07

**07 Hours** 

**07 Hours** 

Psychological

Barriers, Emotional barriers

# • Perspectives in Communication: Introduction, Visual Perception, Language, Other

factors affecting our perspective - Past Experiences, Prejudices, Feelings, Environment

# UNIT – II

• Elements of Communication: Introduction, Face to Face Communication -

Tone of

Voice, Body Language (Non-verbal communication), Verbal Communication, Physical

Communication

• **Communication Styles:** Introduction, The Communication Styles Matrix with example

for each -Direct Communication Style, Spirited Communication Style, Systematic

c) Communication Style, Considerate Communication Style

# UNIT – III

• Basic Listening Skills: Introduction, Self-Awareness, Active Listening, Becoming an 07 Hours

Active Listener, Listening in Difficult Situations

• Effective Written Communication: Introduction, When and When Not to Use

Written

Whiteh	
Communication - Complexity of the Topic, Amount of Discussion' Required,	
Shades of	
Meaning, Formal Communication	
• Writing Effectively: Subject Lines, Put the Main Point First, Know Your	
Audience,	
d) Organization of the Message	
UNIT – IV	
• Interview Skills: Purpose of an interview, Do's and Dont's of an interview	
• Giving Presentations: Dealing with Fears, Planning your Presentation, Structuring Your	05 Hours
iv. Presentation, Delivering Your Presentation, Techniques of Delivery	
UNIT – V	
• Group Discussion: Introduction, Communication skills in group discussion,	04 11
Do's and	04 Hours
c) Dont's of group discussion.	

# BP111P.COMMUNICATION SKILLS (Practical) 2 Hours / week

The following learning modules are to be conducted using wordsworth® English language

lab software

# Basic communication covering the following topics

Meeting People

Asking Questions

Making Friends

What did you do?

Do's and Dont's

# Pronunciations covering the following topics

Pronunciation (Consonant Sounds)

Pronunciation and Nouns

Pronunciation (Vowel Sounds)

# **Advanced Learning**

Listening Comprehension / Direct and Indirect Speech

Figures of Speech

Effective Communication

Writing Skills

Effective Writing

Interview Handling Skills

E-Mail etiquette

Presentation Skills

#### **Recommended Books: (Latest Edition)**

1. Basic communication skills for Technology, Andreja. J. Ruther Ford, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2011

2. Communication skills, Sanjay Kumar, Pushpalata, 1stEdition, Oxford Press, 2011

3. Organizational Behaviour, Stephen .P. Robbins, 1stEdition, Pearson, 2013

4. Brilliant- Communication skills, Gill Hasson, 1stEdition, Pearson Life, 2011

5. The Ace of Soft Skills: Attitude, Communication and Etiquette for success, Gopala Swamy Ramesh, 5thEdition, Pearson, 2013

6. Developing your influencing skills, Deborah Dalley, Lois Burton, Margaret, Green hall, 1st Edition Universe of Learning LTD, 2010

7. Communication skills for professionals, Konar nira, 2ndEdition, New arrivals -PHI, 2011

8. Personality development and soft skills, Barun K Mitra, 1stEdition, Oxford Press, 2011

9. Soft skill for everyone, Butter Field, 1st Edition, Cengage Learning india pvt.ltd, 2011

10. Soft skills and professional communication, Francis Peters SJ, 1stEdition, Mc Graw Hill Education, 2011

11. Effective communication, John Adair, 4thEdition, Pan Mac Millan, 2009

12. Bringing out the best in people, Aubrey Daniels, 2ndEdition, Mc Graw Hill, 1999

# BP 106RBT.REMEDIAL BIOLOGY (Theory)

30 hours

**Scope:** To learn and understand the components of living world, structure and functional system of plant and animal kingdom.

Objectives: Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to

- know the classification and salient features of five kingdoms of life
- understand the basic components of anatomy & physiology of plant

• know understand the basic components of anatomy & physiology animal with special reference to human

# **COURSE CONTENT**

## UNIT I

## Living world:

- Definition and characters of living organisms
- Diversity in the living world
- Binomial nomenclature
- Five kingdoms of life and basis of classification. Salient features of Monera, **07 Hours** Potista, Fungi, Animalia and Plantae, Virus,

#### **Morphology of Flowering plants**

• Morphology of different parts of flowering plants – Root, stem, inflorescence, flower, leaf, fruit, seed.

• General Anatomy of Root, stem, leaf of monocotyledons & Dicotylidons.

# **UNIT II**

### **Body fluids and circulation**

- Composition of blood, blood groups, coagulation of blood
- Composition and functions of lymph
- Human circulatory system
- Structure of human heart and blood vessels
- Cardiac cycle, cardiac output and ECG

#### **Digestion and Absorption**

- Human alimentary canal and digestive glands
- Role of digestive enzymes
- Digestion, absorption and assimilation of digested food

# **Breathing and respiration**

- Human respiratory system
- Mechanism of breathing and its regulation
- Exchange of gases, transport of gases and regulation of respiration
- Respiratory volumes

# UNIT III

## Excretory products and their elimination

• Modes of excretion

**07 Hours** 

**07 Hours** 

- Human excretory system- structure and function
- Urine formation
- Rennin angiotensin system

# Neural control and coordination

- Definition and classification of nervous system
- Structure of a neuron
- Generation and conduction of nerve impulse
- Structure of brain and spinal cord
- Functions of cerebrum, cerebellum, hypothalamus and medulla oblongata

# Chemical coordination and regulation

- Endocrine glands and their secretions
- Functions of hormones secreted by endocrine glands

# Human reproduction

- Parts of female reproductive system
- Parts of male reproductive system
- Spermatogenesis and Oogenesis
- Menstrual cycle

# UNIT IV

# Plants and mineral nutrition:

- Essential mineral, macro and micronutrients
- Nitrogen metabolism, Nitrogen cycle, biological nitrogen fixation

### **05 Hours**

04 Hours

# Photosynthesis

• Autotrophic nutrition, photosynthesis, Photosynthetic pigments, Factors affecting photosynthesis

# UNIT V

Plant respiration: Respiration, glycolysis, fermentation (anaerobic).

# Plant growth and development

• Phases and rate of plant growth, Condition of growth, Introduction to plant growth

regulators

# Cell - The unit of life

• Structure and functions of cell and cell organelles.Cell division

# Tissues

Definition, types of tissues, location and functions.

# **Text Books**

- 1. Text book of Biology by S. B. Gokhale
- 2. A Text book of Biology by Dr. Thulajappa and Dr. Seetaram.

# **Reference Books**

- 1. A Text book of Biology by B.V. Sreenivasa Naidu
- 2. A Text book of Biology by Naidu and Murthy
- 3. Botany for Degree students By A.C.Dutta.
- 4. Outlines of Zoology by M. Ekambaranatha ayyer and T. N. Ananthakrishnan.
- 5. A manual for pharmaceutical biology practical by S.B. Gokhale and C. K. Kokate

# BP112RBP.REMEDIAL BIOLOGY (Practical) 2 Hours/week

- 1. Introduction to experiments in biology
- a) Study of Microscope
- b) Section cutting techniques
- c) Mounting and staining
- d) Permanent slide preparation
- 2. Study of cell and its inclusions
- 3. Study of Stem, Root, Leaf, seed, fruit, flower and their modifications
- 4. Detailed study of frog by using computer models
- 5. Microscopic study and identification of tissues pertinent to Stem, Root

Leaf, seed, fruit and flower

- 6. Identification of bones
- 7. Determination of blood group
- 8. Determination of blood pressure
- 9. Determination of tidal volume

#### **Reference Books**

- 1. Practical human anatomy and physiology. by S.R.Kale and R.R.Kale.
- 2. A Manual of pharmaceutical biology practical by S.B.Gokhale, C.K.Kokate and S.P.Shriwastava.
- 3. Biology practical manual according to National core curriculum .Biology forum of Karnataka. Prof .M.J.H.Shafi

#### **BP 106 RMT.REMEDIAL MATHEMATICS (Theory)** 30 hours

**Scope:** This is an introductory course in mathematics. This subject deals with the introduction to Partial fraction, Logarithm, matrices and Determinant, Analytical geometry, Calculus, differential equation and Laplace transform.

Objectives: Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to:-

1. Know the theory and their application in Pharmacy

2. Solve the different types of problems by applying theory

3. Appreciate the important application of mathematics in Pharmacy

# **COURSE CONTENT**

#### UNIT – I

#### **Partial fraction**

Introduction, Polynomial, Rational fractions, Proper and Improper fractions, Partial fraction, Resolving into Partial fraction, Application of Partial Fraction in Chemical Kinetics and Pharmacokinetics.

# Logarithms

Introduction, Definition, Theorems/Properties of logarithms, Common logarithms, Characteristic and Mantissa, worked examples, application of logarithm to solve pharmaceutical problems.

**06 Hours** 

#### Function:

Real Valued function, Classification of real valued functions

#### Limits and continuity :

Introduction , Limit of a function, Definition of limit of a function ( $\in -\delta_{nn}$ definition).

 $\lim \frac{x^n - a^n}{1 - a^n} = na^{n-1}, \quad \lim \frac{\sin \theta}{1 - 1} = 1,$ 

#### UNIT –II

#### **Matrices and Determinant:**

Introduction matrices, Types of matrices, Operation on matrices, Transpose of a matrix, Matrix Multiplication, Determinants, Properties of determinants, Product of determinants, Minors and co-Factors, Adjoint or adjugate of a square matrix, **06 Hours** Singular and non-singular matrices, Inverse of a matrix, Solution of system of linear of equations using matrix method, Cramer's rule, Characteristic equation and roots of a square matrix, Cayley-Hamilton theorem, Application of Matrices in solving Pharmacokinetic equationsRespiratory volumes

#### UNIT – III

#### Calculus

Differentiation : Introductions, Derivative of a function, Derivative of a constant, **06 Hours** Derivative of a product of a constant and a function, Derivative of the sum or difference of two functions, Derivative of the product of two functions (product formula). Derivative of the quotient of two functions

(Quotient formula) – Without Proof, Derivative of  $xn \ w.r.tx$ , where n is any rational number, Derivative of ex, Derivative of loge x, Derivative of ax, Derivative of trigonometric functions from first principles (without Proof), Successive Differentiation, Conditions for a function to be a maximum or a minimum at a point. Application

# UNIT – IV

# **Analytical Geometry**

**Introduction:** Signs of the Coordinates, Distance formula, **Straight Line** : Slope or gradient of a straight line, Conditions for parallelism and perpendicularity of two lines, Slope of a line joining two points, Slope – intercept form of a straight line

**06 Hours** 

# Integration:

Introduction, Definition, Standard formulae, Rules of integration, Method of substitution, Method of Partial fractions, Integration by parts, definite integrals, application

## UNIT-V

**Differential Equations** : Some basic definitions, Order and degree, Equations in separable form , Homogeneous equations, Linear Differential equations, Exact equations, Application in solving Pharmacokinetic equations

06 Hours

Laplace Transform : Introduction, Definition, Properties of Laplace transform, Laplace Transforms of elementary functions, Inverse Laplace transforms, Laplace transform of derivatives, Application to solve Linear differential equations, Application in solving Chemical kinetics and Pharmacokinetics equations

# **Recommended Books (Latest Edition)**

1. Differential Calculus by Shanthinarayan

2. Pharmaceutical Mathematics with application to Pharmacy by Panchaksharappa Gowda D.H.

3. Integral Calculus by Shanthinarayan

4. Higher Engineering Mathematics by Dr.B.S.Grewal

# **Semester- II**

#### BP 201T. HUMAN ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY-II (Theory) 45 Hours

**Scope:** This subject is designed to impart fundamental knowledge on the structure and functions of the various systems of the human body. It also helps in understanding both homeostatic mechanisms. The subject provides the basic knowledge required to understand the various disciplines of pharmacy.

**Objectives**: Upon completion of this course the student should be able to:

- 1. Explain the gross morphology, structure and functions of various organs of the human body.
- 2. Describe the various homeostatic mechanisms and their imbalances.
- 3. Identify the various tissues and organs of different systems of human body.
- 4. Perform the hematological tests like blood cell counts, haemoglobin estimation, bleeding/clotting time etc. and also record blood pressure, heart rate, pulse and respiratory volume.
- 5. Appreciate coordinated working pattern of different organs of each system
- 6. Appreciate the interlinked mechanisms in the maintenance of normal functioning (homeostasis) of human body.

#### **Course Content:**

#### Unit-I 10 hours **Nervous system** Organization of nervous system, neuron, neuroglia, classification and properties of nerve fiber, electrophysiology, action potential, nerve impulse, receptors, synapse, neurotransmitters. Central nervous system: Meninges, ventricles of brain and cerebrospinal fluid. structure and functions of brain (cerebrum, brain stem, cerebellum), spinal cord (gross structure, functions of afferent and efferent nerve tracts, reflex activity) Unit -II **08hours Digestive system** Anatomy of GI Tract with special reference to anatomy and functions of stomach, ( Acid production in the stomach, regulation of acid production through parasympathetic nervous system, pepsin role in protein digestion) small intestine and large intestine, anatomy and functions of salivary glands, pancreas and liver, movements of GIT, digestion and absorption of nutrients and disorders of GIT. **Energetics:** Formation and role of ATP, Creatinine Phosphate and BMR. Unit-III 10 hours

Respiratory system	6 hours
Anatomy of respiratory system with special reference to anatomy of	
lungs, mechanism of respiration, regulation of respiration Lung Volumes	

Unit-IV	and capacities transport of respiratory gases, artificial respiration, and resuscitation methods. <b>Urinary system</b> Anatomy of urinary tract with special reference to anatomy of kidney and nephrons, functions of kidney and urinary tract, physiology of urine formation, micturition reflex and role of kidneys in acid base balance, role of RAS in kidney and disorders of kidney.	4 hours 08 hours
	Endocrine system	
Unit-V	Classification of hormones, mechanism of hormone action, structure and functions of pituitary gland, thyroid gland, parathyroid gland, adrenal gland, pancreas, pineal gland, thymus and their disorders.	09 hours
	<ul> <li>Reproductive system</li> <li>Anatomy of male and female reproductive system, Functions of male and female reproductive system, sex hormones, physiology of menstruation, fertilization, spermatogenesis, oogenesis, pregnancy and parturition</li> <li>Introduction to genetics</li> <li>Chromosomes, genes and DNA, protein synthesis, genetic pattern of inheritance</li> </ul>	07 Hours 02 hours
Reco	mmended Books	
1.	Essentials of Medical Physiology by K. Sembulingam and P. Sembulingam. Jaypee brothers medical publishers, New Delhi.	
2.	Anatomy and Physiology in Health and Illness by Kathleen J.W. Wilson, Churchill Livingstone, New York	
3.	Physiological basis of Medical Practice-Best and Tailor. Williams & Wilkins Riverview, MI USA	Co,
4.	Text book of Medical Physiology- Arthur C, Guyton and John.E. Hall. Miamisburg, OH, U.S.A.	
5.	Principles of Anatomy and Physiology by Tortora Grabowski. Palmetto, GA, U	J.S.A.
6.	Textbook of Human Histology by Inderbir Singh, Jaypee brothers medical publishers, New Delhi.	

- 7. Textbook of Practical Physiology by C.L. Ghai, Jaypee brothers medical publishers, New Delhi.
- 8. Practical workbook of Human Physiology by K. Srinageswari and Rajeev Sharma, Jaypee brother's medical publishers, New Delhi.

- 9. Physiological basis of Medical Practice-Best and Tailor. Williams & Wilkins Co, Riverview, MI USA
- 10. Text book of Medical Physiology- Arthur C, Guyton and John. E. Hall. Miamisburg, OH, U.S.A.
- 11. Human Physiology (vol 1 and 2) by Dr. C.C. Chatterrje ,Academic Publishers Kolkata

# BP 207 P. HUMAN ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY (Practical)

# 4 Hours/week

Practical physiology is complimentary to the theoretical discussions in physiology. Practicals allow the verification of physiological processes discussed in theory classes through experiments on living tissue, intact animals or normal human beings. This is helpful for developing an insight on the subject.

- 1. To study the integumentary and special senses using specimen, models, etc.,
- 2. To determine the Platelet count.
- 3. To perform the differential leukocyte count (DLC).
- 4. To determine the Arneth index.
- 5. Determination of osmotic fragility of RBCs.
- 6. To study the nervous system using specimen, models, etc.,
- 7. To study the endocrine system using specimen, models, etc
- 8. To demonstrate the general neurological examination
- 9. To demonstrate the function of olfactory nerve
- 10. To examine the different types of taste.
- 11. To demonstrate the visual acuity
- 12. To demonstrate the reflex activity
- 13. Recording of body temperature
- 14. To demonstrate positive and negative feedback mechanism.
- 15. Determination of tidal volume and vital capacity.
- 16. Study of Digestive, respiratory, cardiovascular systems, urinary and reproductive systems with the help of models, charts and specimens.
- 17. Recording of basal mass index.
- 18. Study of familyplanning devices and pregnancy diagnosis test.

- 19. Demonstration of total blood count by cell analyzer.
- 20. Permanent slides of vital organs and gonads.
- 21. Visit to Hospital/ Pathology Laboratory.

## **Recommended Books:**

- 1. Godkar P.B and Godkar D.P., Textbook of Medical Laboratory Technology. Bhalani Publishing House, Mumbai.
- 2. Joshi V.D. Practical Physiology. Vora Medical Publications, Mumbai.
- 3. DiFiore-Mariano S.H., Atlas of Human Histology. Lea and Febiger, Philadelphia.
- 4. Mukherjee, K.L., Medical Laboratory Technology. Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd. New Delhi.
- 5. Beck, W.S., Human Desigh: Molecular, Cellular and Systemic Physiology. Harcourt Brace Jovanovich Inc. New York.
- 6. Chatterjee, C.C., Human Physiology. Medical Allied Agency, Kolkata.
- 7. Ganong, W.F., Review of Medical Physiology. Prentice-Hall International, London.
- 8. Guyton, A.C., Textbook of Medical Physiology. W. B. Saunders Co., Philadelphia, USA.
- 9. Tortora, G.J. and Grabowski, S.R., 2005.
- 10. Principals of Anatomy and Physiology. Harper Collins College Publishers, New York.
- 11. Vander, A.J., Sherman, J.H. and Luciano, D.S., Human Physiology. McGraw-Hill Publishing Co., USA.
- 12. Garg K., Bahel I. and Kaul M., A Textbook of Histology. CBS Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi.
- 13. Practical workbook of Human Physiology by K. Srinageswari and Rajeev Sharma, Jaypee Brother's medical publishers, New Delhi.

#### Scope

This subject deals with classification and nomenclature of simple organic compounds, isomerism, intermediates formed in reactions, important physical properties, reactions and methods of preparation of these compounds. The syllabus also emphasizes on mechanisms and orientation of reactions.

# **Objectives**

#### Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to

- Write the structure, name and the type of isomerism of the organic compound
- Write the reaction, name the reaction and orientation of reactions
- Account for reactivity/stability of compounds
- Identify/confirm the identification of organic compounds

#### **COURSE CONTENT**

#### Note:

- 1. General methods of preparation (any 05) and reactions of class of compounds superscripted with asterisk (\*) to be explained.
- 2. To emphasize on definition, types, classification, principles/mechanisms, applications, examples and differences.

#### **UNIT 1**

#### **Basic Principles of Organic Chemistry**

Hybridization of atomic orbitals of carbon, nitrogen and oxygen to form molecular 04 hours orbitals. Types of bonds, bond fission, intermolecular forces, inductive effect, steric effect, electromeric, mesomeric effect and resonance, hyperconjugation, concept of tautomerism.

#### **UNIT II**

#### **Classification.** Nomenclature and Isomerism

#### a) Classification of organic compounds

- i. Compounds containing carbon and hydrogen atoms only : hydrocarbons (alkanes, alkenes alkynes, aromatic hydrocarbons, polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons, aryl-alkyl hydrocarbons, alicyclic hydrocarbons)
- ii. Compounds containing carbon, hydrogen and oxygen atoms only (alcohols, phenols, ethers and epoxides, carbonyl compounds, carboxylic acids, esters, anhydrides)
- iii. Compounds containing carbon, hydrogen and nitrogen atoms only
- iv. (amines and imine, nitriles, hydrazines, nitro compounds)
- v. Compounds containing carbon, hydrogen, and halogens with oxygen (alkyl halides, aryl halides, acyl halides)
- vi. Compounds containing carbon, hydrogen, oxygen and nitrogen atoms only (amides, imides, aldoxime and ketoxime)
- vii. Compounds containing carbon, hydrogen and sulphur with/without nitrogen, oxygen and halogen. Sulphonic acids, sulphonylhalides.

(At least five mono-functional examples of each class including aromatic

and aliphatic compounds should be covered with their common names.)

- b) Common and IUPAC systems of nomenclature of organic compounds IUPAC nomenclature of all classes of compounds: nomenclature of monosubstituted and poly-substituted compounds should be covered.
- c) Structural isomerism in organic compounds

# **UNIT-II**

# Alkanes\*, Alkenes\* and Conjugated dienes\*

- i. Halogenation of alkanes, uses of paraffins.
- ii. Stabilities of alkenes, E1 and E2 reactions kinetics, order of reactivity of alkyl halides, rearrangement of carbocations, Saytzeff's orientation, Hofmann orientation and evidences. Factors affecting E1 and E2 reactions.
- iii. Chemical Reactions: Ozonolysis, electrophilic addition reactions of alkenes, Markownikoff's orientation, free radical addition reactions of alkenes, Anti Markownikoff's orientation
- iv. Stability of conjugated dienes, Diel's-Alder, 1,2 and 1,4- electrophilic addition, free radical addition reactions of conjugated dienes, allylic rearrangement names.

#### **UNIT-III**

## a) Alkyl halides\*

- i.  $S_N1$  and  $S_N2$  reactions kinetics, order of reactivity of alkyl halides, stereochemistry and rearrangement of carbocations.  $S_N1$  versus  $S_N2$  reactions, factors affecting  $S_N1$  and  $S_N2$  reactions.
- ii. b.Structure and uses of ethylchloride, chloroform, trichloroethylene,
   08 hours
   08 hours
- **b)** Alcohols\* Qualitative tests, structure and uses of ethyl alcohol, chlorobutanol, cetosteryl alcohol, benzyl alcohol, glycerol, and propylene glycol.

# **UNIT-IV**

#### **Carbonyl compounds\* (Aldehydes and ketones)**

- i. Nucleophilic addition, Electromeric effect, Aldol condensation, Crossed Aldol condensation, Cannizzaro reaction, Crossed Cannizzaro reaction, **08 Hours** Benzoin condensation, and Perkin condensation.
- ii. Qualitative tests, structure and uses of formaldehyde, paraldehyde, acetone, chloral hydrate, benzaldehyde, vanillin, and cinnamaldehyde.

#### UNIT V

# a) Carboxylic acids\*

- i. Acidity of carboxylic acids, effect of substituent/s on acidity, qualitative tests for carboxylic acids, amide and ester. Reactions of interconversion of carboxylic acids, amides and esters.
- ii. Structure and uses of acetic acid, lactic acid, tartaric acid/s, citric acid, succinic acid, oxalic acid, salicylic acid, benzoic acid, benzyl benzoate, dimethyl phthalate, methyl salicylate and acetyl salicylic acid.
- **b)** Aliphatic amines\* Basicity, effect of substituent on basicity, qualitative test, structure and uses of ethanolamine, ethylenediamine

# BP208P. PHARMACEUTICAL ORGANIC CHEMISTRY – I (Practical) 4 Hours/Week

I.	Safety measures in an organic laboratory.	1 turn
II.	Introduction to laboratory techniques: Calibration of thermometer,	3 turns
	melting point, boiling point, distillation, and crystallization.	
III.	Systematic qualitative analysis of unknown organic compounds	8 turns
	(min 05)	
	1. Preliminary test: color, odour, aliphatic/aromatic compounds, saturation and unsaturation, etc.	
	2. Detection of elements like nitrogen, sulphur and halogen by Lassaigne's test.	
	3. Solubility test	
	4. Functional group test like phenols, amides, carbohydrates, amines, carboxylic acids, aldehydes and ketones, alcohols, esters, aromatic and halogenated hydrocarbons, nitro compounds and anilides.	
	5. Melting point/Boiling point of organic compounds.	
	6. Identification of the unknown compound from the literature using melting point/ boiling point.	
IV.	Preparation of suitable solid derivatives from organic compounds	2 turns
	Building of molecular models of structures containing various functional groups	1 turns

# **Recommended Books**

- 1. Morrison, R. T. & Boyd, R. D., Textbook of Organic Chemistry, VI (ed.) ELBS, London, 1996
- 2. Pine, S. H, Organic Chemistry, V, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2007
- 3. Finar, I. L., Organic Chemistry Vol. I, V (ed.), ELBS, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2003
- 4. Finar, I. L., Organic Chemistry Vol. II, V (ed.), ELBS, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2003
- 5. Eliel, E. L., "Stereochemistry of Carbon Compounds", Wiley-Interscience, 1994.

# **BP203 T. BIOCHEMISTRY (Theory)**

45 hours

# Scope

Biochemistry deals with complete understanding of the molecular levels of the chemical process associated with living cells. The scope of the subject is to provide biochemical facts and the principles to understand metabolism of nutrient molecules in physiological and pathological conditions. It also emphasizes on genetic organization of mammalian genome, hetero and autocatalytic functions of DNA.

# Objectives

# Upon completion of course the students shall able to

- Understand the catalytic role of enzymes and importance of enzyme in biochemical process.
- Understand the metabolism of nutrient molecules in physiological and pathological conditions.
- Understand the genetic organization of mammalian genome and functions of DNA in the synthesis of RNAs and proteins.

# **COURSE CONTENT**

# UNIT –I

# a) Biomolecules

Introduction, classification, chemical nature and biological role of carbohydrates, lipids, nucleic acids, amino acids and proteins.

# b) Carbohydrate metabolism

- i. Glycolysis Pathway, energetics and significance.
- ii. Citric acid cycle- Pathway, energetics and significance.
- iii. HMP shunt and its significance; Glucose-6-Phosphate ehydrogenase (G6PD) deficiency.
- iv. Glycogen metabolism Pathways and glycogen storage diseases (GSD).
- v. Gluconeogenesis- Pathway and its significance.
- vi. Hormonal regulation of blood glucose level and Diabetes mellitus.

# UNIT-1I

# a) Biological oxidation

- i. Electron transport chain (ETC) and its mechanism.
- **ii.** Oxidative phosphorylation & its mechanism and substrate level. Phosphorylation Inhibitor
- iii. ETC and oxidative phosphorylation / uncouplers.

# b) Bioenergetics

- i. Concept of free energy, endergonic and exergonic reaction, relationship between free energy, enthalpy and entropy.
- **ii.** Energy rich compounds; classification; biological significances of ATP and cyclic AMP.

# **UNIT-III**

a) Lipid metabolism

#### 10 hours

**08** hours

10 hours

- i.  $\beta$ -Oxidation of saturated fatty acid (Palmitic acid).
- **ii.** Formation and utilization of ketone bodies; ketoacidosis.

iii. De novo synthesis of fatty acids (Palmitic acid).

Biological significance of cholesterol and conversion of cholesterol into bile acids, steroid hormone and vitamin D.

Disorders of lipid metabolism: hypercholesterolemia, atherosclerosis, fatty liver and obesity.

# b) Amino acid metabolism

- i. General reactions of amino acid metabolism: Transamination, deamination & decarboxylation, urea cycle and its disorders.
- **ii.** Catabolism of phenylalanine and tyrosine and their metabolic disorders (Phenyketonuria, alkaptonuria, tyrosinemia)
- **iii.** Synthesis and significance of biological substances; 5-HT, melatonin, dopamine, noradrenaline, adrenaline
- iv. Catabolism of heme; hyperbilirubinemia

# **UNIT-IV**

# Nucleic acid metabolism and genetic information transfer

- i. Biosynthesis of purine and pyrimidine nucleotides.
- ii. Catabolism of purine nucleotides and hyperuricemia and gout disease.
- iii. Organization of mammalian genome.

10 hours

07 hours

- iv. Structure of DNA and RNA and their functions.
- v. DNA replication (semi conservative model)
- vi. Transcription or RNA synthesis.
- vii. Genetic code, Translation or Protein synthesis and inhibitors.

# UNIT-V

Enzymes

- i. Introduction, properties, nomenclature and IUB classification of enzymes.
- ii. Enzyme kinetics (Michaelis plot, Line Weaver Burke plot).
- iii. Enzyme inhibitors with examples.
- **iv.** Regulation of enzymes: enzyme induction and repression, allosteric enzyme-regulation.
- v. Therapeutic and diagnostic applications of enzymes and isoenzymes.
- vi. Coenzymes-Structure and biochemical functions; Co-factors.

#### BP 209 P. BIOCHEMISTRY (Practical) 4 Hours / week

1.	Qualitative analysis of carbohydrates (Glucose, Fructose, Lactose, Maltose,	3 turns
	Sucrose and Starch)	
2.	Identification tests for amino acids (any one aromatic and one aliphatic)	1 turn
3.	Identification tests for proteins (albumin and casein)	1 turn
4.	Qualitative analysis of urine for abnormal constituents ( at least four	2 turns
	abnormal constituents)	<b>_ tu</b> 115
5.	Determination of blood creatinine	1 turn
6.	Determination of blood sugar by Folin-Wu method/Glucose-oxidase method	1 turn
7.	Determination of serum total cholesterol.	1 turn
8.	Preparation of buffer solution and measurement of pH (any two).	1 turn
9.	Quantitative analysis of reducing sugars (DNSA method) and Proteins	1 turn
	(Biuret method).	1 turn
10.	Determination of salivary amylase activity.	1 turn
101		
11.	Study the effect of temperature on salivary amylase activity.	1 turn
10		<b>.</b> .
12.	Study the effect of substrate concentration on salivary amylase activity.	1 turn

#### **Recommended Books**

- 1. David Nelson and Cox M. M., Lehninger's Principles of Biochemistry, 4/Ed., Palgrave Macmillon.
- **2.** Robert K. Murry, Daryl K., Granner and Victor W. Rodwell, Harper's Biochemistry, 27/Ed, McGraw Hill.
- 3. Lubert Stryer, W.H., Freeman & Company, Biochemistry, New York
- 4. U. Satyanarayana & U. Chakrapani, Biochemistry, 3/Ed., Books & Allied (P) Ltd.
- 5. Rao, A. V. S. S. Rama Rao, Textbook of Biochemistry, first edition, UBS Publishers' Distributors Pvt. Ltd.
- 6. Deb, A. C. Viva & Practical Biochemistry, 3/Ed., New Central Book Agency (P) Ltd.
- 7. Conn Eric. E. and Stumpf, Paul K. et al., Outlines of Biochemistry, Wiley student edition.
- 8. Gupta R. C. and Bhargavan, S. Practical Biochemistry, 5/Ed, CBS publishers and distributors.
- **9.** David T. Plummer, Introduction of Practical Biochemistry. 3/Ed, Tata McGraw-Hill Education Pvt. Ltd.
- 10. Rajagopal and Ramakrishna, Practical Biochemistry for Medical students, Orient BlackSwan (1983)
- 11. Harold Varley, Varley's Practical Clinical Biochemistry, 6/Ed., CBS Publishers, New Delhi.
- **12.** David T. Plummer, Introduction to Practical Biochemistry, III (ed.), McGraw-Hill Publishing Co., New York, 1987.
- **13.** Alan H. Gowenlock, Varley's Practical Clinical Biochemistry, VI (ed.), Butterworth-Heinemann Ltd., UK & CBS Publication, New Delhi, 2002.

#### **BP 204T. PATHOPHYSIOLOGY (THEORY)** 45Hours

**Scope:** Pathophysiology is the study of causes of diseases and reactions of the body to such disease producing causes. This course is designed to impart a thorough knowledge of the relevant aspects of pathology of various conditions with reference to its pharmacological applications, and understanding of basic pathophysiological mechanisms. Hence it will not only help to study the syllabus of pathology, but also to get baseline knowledge required to practice medicine safely, confidently, rationally and effectively. Pharmacotherapy of drugs is particularly not to be considered as a part of this subject from examination point of view as the subject deals with pathophysiological aspects of the diseases.

Objectives: Upon completion of the subject, student shall be able to -

- 1. Describe the etiology and pathogenesis of the selected diseasestates;
- 2. Name the signs and symptoms of the diseases

# Unit-I Basic principles of Cell injury and Adaptation

Introduction& definitions

Causes of cellular injury,Pathogenesis (Cellmembrane damage, Mitochondrial damage, Ribosome damage, Nuclear damage),

Morphology of cell injury – Adaptive changes(Atrophy, Hypertrophy, Hyperplasia, Metaplasia, Dysplasia),Cellswelling, Intracellular accumulation, Calcification, Enzyme leakageand cell death, acidosis and alkalosis, Electrolyte imbalance

# Basic mechanism involved in the process of inflammation and repair

Introduction, Clinical signs of inflammation, Different types of Inflammation, Mechanism of Inflammation – Alteration in vascular permeability and blood flow, migration of WBC's, Mediators of inflammation, Basic principles of wound healing in the skin

#### Unit -II. CardiovascularSystem:

Hypertension, Congestive heart failure, Ischemic heart diseases (angina,myocardial infarction, atherosclerosis and arteriosclerosis)

#### **Respiratory system:**

Asthma, Chronic obstructive airwaysdiseases

# **Renal system:**

Acute and chronicrenalfailure

# Unit-III HaematologicalDiseases:

Iron deficiencyanaemia, Megaloblasticanaemia (Vit B12 and folic acid), Sickle cell anemia, Thalassemia, Hereditary acquired anemia, Hemophilia **Endocrine system:** 

Diabetes, Thyroid diseases(Hypothyroidism, hyperthyroidism, Goitre)Disorders of sexhormones(Amenorrhoea, polycystic ovarian syndrome, hypogonadism)

# Nervous system:

10 Hrs

10 Hrs

	Epilepsy, Parkinson's disease, Stroke, Psychiatricdisorders: Depression,	
	Schizophrenia and Alzheimer'sdisease	
	Gastrointestinal system:	
	PepticUlcer, Inflammatory Bowel Diseases, Jaundice, Hepatitis	
	(A,B,C,D,E,F), Alcoholicliver disease	
Unit-IV	Diseases of bones and joints	06 Hrs
	Rheumatoid Arthritis, Osteoporosis, Gout	
	Cancer: Classification, etiology and pathogenesis of cancer	
Unit-V	Infectiousdiseases	07 Hrs
	Tuberculosis, Leprosy, Malaria, Dengue, Meningitis, Typhoid, Urinary	
	tractinfections	
	Sexually transmitted diseases	
	AIDS, Syphilis,Gonorrhea	

#### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Vinay Kumar, Abul K. Abas, Jon C. Aster; Robbins &Cotran Pathologic Basis of Disease; South Asia edition; India; Elsevier;2014.
- 2. Harsh Mohan; Text book of Pathology; 6<sup>th</sup>edition; India; Jaypee Publications;2010.
- 3. Laurence B, Bruce C, Bjorn K. ; Goodman Gilman's The Pharmacological Basis of Therapeutics; 12<sup>th</sup> edition; New York; McGraw-Hill;2011.
- Best, Charles Herbert 1899-1978; Taylor, Norman Burke 1885-1972; West, John B (John Burnard); Best and Taylor's Physiological basis of medical practice; 12th ed; unitedstates.
- 5. William and Wilkins, Baltimore;1991 [1990printing].
- Nicki R. Colledge, Brian R. Walker, Stuart H. Ralston; Davidson's Principles andPractice of Medicine; 21<sup>st</sup> edition; London; ELBS/Churchill Livingstone; 2010.
- Guyton A, John .E Hall; Textbook of Medical Physiology; 12<sup>th</sup> edition; WB Saunders Company;2010.
- Joseph DiPiro, Robert L. Talbert, Gary Yee, Barbara Wells, L. Michael Posey; Pharmacotherapy: A Pathophysiological Approach; 9<sup>th</sup> edition; London; McGraw-Hill Medical; 2014.
- 9. V. Kumar, R. S. Cotran and S. L. Robbins; Basic Pathology; 6<sup>th</sup> edition; Philadelphia; WB Saunders Company;1997.
- 10. Roger Walker, Clive Edwards; Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics; 3<sup>rd</sup> edition; London; Churchill Livingstone publication;2003.

# **Recommended Journals**

- 1. The Journal of Pathology. ISSN: 1096-9896(Online)
- 2. The American Journal of Pathology. ISSN:0002-9440
- 3. Pathology. 1465-3931 (Online)
- 4. International Journal of Physiology, Pathophysiology and Pharmacology. ISSN: 1944-8171 (Online)
- 5. Indian Journal of Pathology and Microbiology.ISSN-0377-4929.

#### **BP205 T. COMPUTER APPLICATIONS IN PHARMACY (Theory) 30 Hrs**

**Scope**: This subject deals with the introduction Database, Database Management system, computer application in clinical studies and use of databases.

**Objectives:** Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to

1. know the various types of application of computers in pharmacy

- 2. know the various types of databases
- 3. know the various applications of databases in pharmacy

# **COURSE CONTENT**

#### UNIT – I

**Number system**: Binary number system, Decimal number system, Octal number system, Hexadecimal number systems, conversion decimal to binary, binary to decimal, octal to binary etc, binary addition, binary subtraction – One's complement ,Two's complement method, binary multiplication, binary division

**Concept of Information Systems and Software : Information** gathering, requirement and feasibility analysis, data flow diagrams, process specifications, input/output design, process life cycle, planning and managing the project

#### UNIT –II

Web technologies:Introduction to HTML, XML,CSS and Programming languages, introduction to web servers and Server Products Introduction to databases, MYSQL, MS ACCESS, Pharmacy Drug database

#### UNIT – III

Application of computers in Pharmacy – Drug information storage and retrieval, Pharmacokinetics, Mathematical model in Drug design, Hospital and Clinical Pharmacy, Electronic Prescribing and discharge (EP) systems, barcode medicine 06 hours identification and automated dispensing of drugs, mobile technology and adherence monitoring Diagnostic System, Lab-diagnostic System, Patient Monitoring System, Pharma Information System

#### $\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{IV}$

**Bioinformatics:** Introduction, Objective of Bioinformatics, Bioinformatics Databases, Concept of Bioinformatics, Impact of Bioinformatics in Vaccine **06 hours** Discovery.

#### **UNIT-V**

## Computers as data analysis in Preclinical development:

Chromatographic dada analysis(CDS), Laboratory Information management System (LIMS) and Text Information Management System(TIMS)

06 hours

#### **BP210P. COMPUTER APPLICATIONS IN PHARMACY (Practical)**

1. Design a questionnaire using a word processing package to gather information about a particular disease.

2. Create a HTML web page to show personal information.

3 Retrieve the information of a drug and its adverse effects using online tools

4 Creating mailing labels Using Label Wizard, generating label in MS WORD

5 Create a database in MS Access to store the patient information with the required fields Using access

6. Design a form in MS Access to view, add, delete and modify the patient record in the database

- 7. Generating report and printing the report from patient database
- 8. Creating invoice table using MS Access
- 9. Drug information storage and retrieval using MS Access
- 10. Creating and working with queries in MS Access
- 11. Exporting Tables, Queries, Forms and Reports to web pages
- 12. Exporting Tables, Queries, Forms and Reports to XML pages

#### **Recommended books :**

- 1. Computer Application in Pharmacy William E.Fassett –Lea and Febiger, 600 South Washington Square, USA, (215) 922-1330.
- 2. Computer Application in Pharmaceutical Research and Development –Sean Ekins Wiley-Interscience, A John Willey and Sons, INC., Publication, USA
- 3. Bioinformatics (Concept, Skills and Applications) S.C.Rastogi-CBS Publishers and Distributors, 4596/1- A, 11 Darya Gani, New Delhi 110 002(INDIA)
- Microsoft office Access 2003, Application Development Using VBA, SQL Server, DAP and Infopath – Cary N.Prague – Wiley Dreamtech India (P) Ltd., 4435/7, Ansari Road, Daryagani, New Delhi – 110002

#### **BP 206 T. ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES (Theory)**

Scope:Environmental Sciences is the scientific study of the environmental system and the status of its inherent or induced changes on organisms. It includes not only the study of physical and biological characters of the environment but also the social and cultural factors and the impact of man on environment.

**Objectives:** Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to:

1. Create the awareness about environmental problems among learners.

2. Impart basic knowledge about the environment and its allied problems.

3. Develop an attitude of concern for the environment.

4. Motivate learner to participate in environment protection and environment improvement.

5. Acquire skills to help the concerned individuals in identifying and solving environmental problems.

6. Strive to attain harmony with Nature.

#### **COURSE CONTENT**

#### Unit-I

The Multidisciplinary nature of environmental studies Natural Resources Renewable and non-renewable resources:

Natural resources and associated problems

a) Forest resources; b) Water resources; c) Mineral resources; d) Food resources; e) Energy resources: f) Land resources: Role of an individual in conservation of natural resources

#### Unit-II

Ecosystems

- Concept of an ecosystem.
- Structure and function of an ecosystem.
- Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of the ecosystems: Forest ecosystem; Grassland ecosystem; Desert ecosystem; Aquatic ecosystems (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries)

#### Unit- III

Environmental Pollution: Air pollution; Water pollution; Soil pollution

#### **Recommended Books:**

1. Y.K. Sing, Environmental Science, New Age International Pvt, Publishers, Bangalore

2. Agarwal, K.C. 2001 Environmental Biology, Nidi Publ. Ltd. Bikaner.

3. Bharucha Erach, The Biodiversity of India, Mapin Pu blishing Pvt. Ltd., Ahmedabad – 380 013, India,

4. Brunner R.C., 1989, Hazardous Waste Incineration, McGraw Hill Inc. 480p

5. Clark R.S., Marine Pollution, Clanderson Press Oxford

6. Cunningham, W.P. Cooper, T.H. Gorhani, E & Hepworth, M.T. 2001,

Environmental Encyclopedia, Jaico Publ. House, Mumbai, 1196p

7. De A.K., Environmental Chemistry, Wiley Eastern Ltd.

8. Down of Earth, Centre for Science and Environment

#### **10hours**

10hours

#### 10 hours

#### 30 hours

### SAVITRIBAI PHULE PUNE UNIVERSITY

### FACULTY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY



Syllabus of Second Year B. Pharmacy

**2019 PATTERN** 

(EFFECTIVE FROM ACADEMIC YEAR 2020-2021)

### S.Y.B.PHARM SEMESTER - III

### BP301T PHARMACEUTICAL ORGANIC CHEMISTRY –II (Theory) 45 Hours Scope:

This subject deals with general methods of preparation and reactions of some organic compounds. Reactivity of organic compounds is also studied here. The syllabus emphasizes on mechanisms & orientation of reactions. Chemistry of fats and oils are also included in the syllabus.

### **Objectives**

Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to

- 1. Write the structure, name and the type of isomerism of the organic compound
- 2. Write the reaction, name the reaction and orientation of reactions
- 3. Account for reactivity/stability of compounds
- 4. Prepare small organic compounds

### **Course Content :**

**Note** - General methods of preparation (any 05) and reactions of compounds superscripted with asterisk (\*) to be explained.

### UNIT-I

### **10 Hours**

### Benzene and its derivatives

Introduction to benzene, orbital picture, resonance in benzene, Huckel"s rule Reactions of benzene - nitration, sulphonation, halogenation- reactivity, Friedel- Craft"s alkylation-reactivity, limitations, Friedel-Craft"s acylation. Substituents, effect of substituents on reactivity and orientation of mono substituted benzene compounds towards electrophilic substitution reaction.

### **UNIT-II**

**Phenols\*** - Acidity of phenols, effect of substituents on acidity, qualitative tests for phenols, structure and uses of phenol, cresols, resorcinol, naphthols **Aromatic Amines\*** - Basicity of

amines, effect of substituents on basicity, Nitrosation reaction, coupling and Sandmayer's reaction, Hinsberg Test, synthetic uses of aryl diazonium salts.

### **UNIT-III**

### **Stereo Isomerism**

### **Optical isomerism**

Elements of symmetry, chiral and achiral molecules

Optical activity, enantiomerism, diastereoisomerism, meso compounds

D & L system of nomenclature of optical isomers, sequence rules, R & S system of nomenclature of optical isomers

### Geometrical isomerism

Nomenclature of geometrical isomers (Cis & Trans, E & Z, Syn& Anti systems) Methods of determination of configuration of geometrical isomers.

### **UNIT-IV**

### **10 Hours**

### Polynuclearhydrocarbons

Synthesis, reactions and structure and medicinal uses of naphthalene, phenanthrene, anthracene, diphenylmethane, triphenylmethane and their derivatives.

**UNIT-V** 

### Cycloalkanes\*

Stabilities – Baeyer"s strain theory, limitation of Baeyer"s strain theory, Coulson and Moffitt"s modification, Sachse Mohr"s theory (Theory of strainless rings), reactions of cyclopropane and cyclobutane only.

### **UNIT-VI**

Fats and Oils - Hydrolysis, Hydrogenation, Saponification and Rancidity of oils.

### **Recommended Books :**

- Morrison, R. T. & Boyd, R. D., Textbook of Organic Chemistry, VI(ed.)ELBS, London, 1996
- 2. Pine, S. H, Organic Chemistry, V, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2003

### 02 Hours

**05 Hours** 

- Finar, I. L., Organic Chemistry Vol. I, V(ed.), ELBS, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2003
- Joule and Mills, Heterocyclic Chemistry, IV (ed.), Blackwel Publishing House, Oxford, UK,2004
- 5. Li, J. J., Name Reactions, III (ed.), Springer, Berlin, 2006
- Stereochemistry of Organic Compound Principles and Applications by Nasipuri, Revised Edition, New Age International Publishers.
- Stereochemistry Conformation and Mechanism by P.S. Kalsi, 7/Ed 2008, New Age International Publishers, New Delhi.
- 8. Furniss, B. S., Hannaford, A. J. Smith, P. W. G., and Tatchel, A. R., "Vogel"s Textbook of Practical Organic Chemistry", V (ed.), Pearson, London, 1994
- Finar, I. L., Organic Chemistry Vol. I, V (ed.), ELBS, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2003
- Mann, F. G. and Saunders, B. C., Practical Organic Chemistry, IV(ed.), Pearson, UK, 2009
- Advanced General Organic Chemistry-A Modern Approach by Sachin Kumar Ghosh,
   3/Ed. 2009, New Central Book Agency (P) Ltd

### **BP302T. PHYSICAL PHARMACEUTICS-I (Theory) 45Hours**

### Scope:

The course deals with the various physical and physicochemical properties, and principles involved in dosage forms/formulations. Theory and practical components of the subject help the student to get a better insight into various areas of formulation research and development, and stability studies of pharmaceutical dosage forms.

### **Objectives:**

Upon the completion of the course student shall be able to

 Investigate and apply various theories, laws and equations related to different states of matter 2. Distinguish the principles of complexation/ protein binding & to use them for calculations of drug release and stability constant.

3. Demonstrate use of physicochemical properties of drugs in the formulation development and evaluation of dosage forms.

### **Course Content:**

### UNIT-I

### **12 Hours**

**Solubility of drugs**: Solubility expressions, mechanisms of solute solvent interactions, ideal solubility parameters, solvation & association, quantitative approach to the factors influencing solubility of drugs, diffusion principles in biological systems. Solubility of gas in liquids, solubility of liquids in liquids, Solubility of Solids in liquids (Binary solutions, ideal solutions with respect to their colligative properties) Raoult"s law, real solutions. Partially miscible liquids(Phase equilibria, Phase rule, One , two and three component systems, ternary phase diagram, Critical solution temperature and applications). Distribution law, its limitations and applications

### UNIT-II

# States of Matter and properties of matter:State of matter, changes in the state of matter, latent heats, vapour pressure, sublimation critical point, eutectic mixtures, gases, Liquefaction of gases, aerosols– inhalers, relative humidity, liquid complexes, liquid crystals, glassy states, solid crystalline, amorphous(Methods of crystal analysis: X-Ray Diffraction, Bragg"s equation. ) & polymorphism (Definition, Different shapes of polymorphs, Example and its Pharmaceutical applications, Brief introduction of Detection techniques).

**Physicochemical properties of drug molecules**: Refractive index, optical rotation, dielectric constant, dipole moment, dissociation constant, determinations and applications 34

### UNIT-III

### **08 Hours** Surface

and interfacial phenomenon: Liquid interface, surface & interfacial tensions, surface free energy, measurement of surface & interfacial tensions, spreading coefficient, adsorption at liquid interfaces, surface active agents, HLB Scale, solubilisation, detergency, adsorption at solid interface.

### **UNIT-IV**

### **08Hours**

Complexation and protein binding: Introduction, Classification of Complexation, Applications, methods of analysis, protein binding, Complexation and drug action, crystalline structures of complexes and thermodynamic treatment of stability constants. 07 Hours

**UNIT-V** 

pH, buffers and Isotonic solutions: Sorensen"s pH scale, pH determination (electrometric and calorimetric), applications of buffers, buffer equation, buffer capacity, buffers in pharmaceutical and biological systems, buffered isotonic solutions.

### **Recommended Books:**

- 1. Physical Pharmacy by Alfred Martin
- 2. Experimental Pharmaceutics by Eugene, Parott.
- 3. Tutorial Pharmacy by Cooper and Gunn.
- 4. Stocklosam J. Pharmaceutical Calculations, Lea & Febiger, Philadelphia.
- 5. Liberman H.A, Lachman C., Pharmaceutical Dosage forms, Tablets, Volume-1
- to 3, MarcelDekkar Inc.
- 6. Liberman H.A, Lachman C, Pharmaceutical Dosage forms. Disperse systems, volume 1,2, 3. Marcel Dekkar Inc.
- 7. Physical Pharmaceutics by Ramasamy C and ManavalanR.

8. LaboratoryManual of Physical Pharmaceutics, C.V.S. Subramanyam, J.Thimma settee

- 9. Physical Pharmaceutics by C.V.S. Subramanyam
- 10. Text book of Physical Phramacy, by Gaurav Jain & Roop K. Khar

### BP 303 T. PHARMACEUTICAL MICROBIOLOGY (Theory) 45Hours

### Scope:

Study of microorganisms and its effect on pharmaceutical products

**Objectives**: Upon completion of the subject student shall be able to;

- Understand methods of identification, cultivation and preservation of various Microorganisms
- 2. To understand the importance and implementation of sterilization in pharmaceutical processing and industry
- 3. Learn sterility testing of pharmaceutical products.
- 4. Carried out microbiological standardization of Pharmaceuticals.
- 5. Understand the cell culture technology and its applications in pharmaceutical industries.

### **Course content:**

### Unit I

# Introduction, history of microbiology, its branches, scope and its importance. Introduction to Prokaryotes and Eukaryotes Study of ultra-structure and morphological classification of bacteria, nutritional requirements, raw materials used for culture media and physical parameters for growth, growth curve, isolation and preservation methods for pure cultures, cultivation of anaerobes, quantitative measurement of bacterial growth (total & viable count). Study of different types of phase constrast microscopy, dark field microscopy and electron microscopy.

Definition and examples of Probiotics and Prebiotics

### Unit II

## Identification of bacteria using staining techniques (simple, Gram"s &Acid fast staining) and biochemical tests (IMViC). Definition of D value & Z value and its significance. Study of principle, procedure, merits, demerits and applications of physical, chemical gaseous, radiation and mechanical method of sterilization. Evaluation of the efficiency of sterilization methods. Equipments employed in large scale sterilization. Sterility indicators.

### Unit III

### **10 Hours**

### 10 Hours

Study of morphology, classification, reproduction/replication and cultivation of Fungi and Viruses. Classification and mode of action of disinfectants Factors influencing disinfection, antiseptics and their evaluation. For bacteriostatic and bactericidal actions Evaluation of bactericidal & Bacteriostatic. Sterility testing of products (solids, liquids, ophthalmic and other sterile products) according to IP, BP and USP.

### Unit IV

**08 Hours** 

Designing of aseptic area, laminar flow equipments; study of different sources of contamination in an aseptic area and methods of prevention, clean area classification. Principles and methods of different microbiological assay. Methods for standardization of antibiotics, vitamins and amino acids. Assessment of a new antibiotic.

### Unit V

Types of spoilage, factors affecting the microbial spoilage of pharmaceutical products, sources and types of microbial contaminants, assessment of microbial contamination and spoilage. Preservation of pharmaceutical products using antimicrobial agents, evaluation of microbial stability of formulations. Growth of animal cells in culture, general procedure for cell culture, Primary, established and transformed cell cultures. Application of cell cultures in pharmaceutical industry and research.

### **Recommended Books**

- 1. W.B. Hugo and A.D. Russel: Pharmaceutical Microbiology, Blackwell Scientific publications, Oxford London.
- Prescott and Dunn., Industrial Microbiology, 4th edition, CBS Publishers & Distributors, Delhi.
- 3. Pelczar, Chan Kreig, Microbiology, Tata McGraw Hill edn.
- 4. Malcolm Harris, Balliere Tindall and Cox: Pharmaceutical Microbiology.
- 5. Rose: Industrial Microbiology.
- 6. Probisher, Hinsdill et al: Fundamentals of Microbiology, 9th ed. Japan

7. Cooper and Gunn"s: Tutorial Pharmacy, CBS Publisher and Distribution.

- 8. Peppler: Microbial Technology.
- 9. I.P., B.P., U.S.P.- latest editions.

10. Ananthnarayan : Text Book of Microbiology, Orient-Longman, Chennai

- 11. Edward: Fundamentals of Microbiology.
- 12. N.K.Jain: Pharmaceutical Microbiology, Vallabh Prakashan, Delhi

13. Bergeys manual of systematic bacteriology, Williams and Wilkins- A Waverly company

14. "Nutrition Probiotics and prebiotics" by Pamela Mason; The Pharmaceutical Journal Vol 266 No 7132 p118-121.

15. Alfonso R. Gennaro Remington. The Science and Practice of Pharmacy, Lippincott Williams, New Delhi.

### BP 304 T. PHARMACEUTICAL ENGINEERING (Theory)45 HoursScope:

This course is designed to impart a fundamental knowledge on the art and science of various unit operations used in pharmaceutical industry.

### **Objectives**:

Upon completion of the course student shall be able:

- 1. To know various unit operations used in Pharmaceutical industries.
- 2. To understand the material handling techniques.
- 3. To perform various processes involved in pharmaceutical manufacturing process.
- 4. To carry out various test to prevent environmental pollution.
- 5. To appreciate and comprehend significance of plant lay out design for optimum use of resources.
- 6. To appreciate the various preventive methods used for corrosion control in Pharmaceutical industries.

### **Course content:**

### UNIT-I

- Flow of fluids: Types of manometers, Reynolds number and its significance, Bernoulli"s theorem and its applications, Energy losses, Orifice meter, Venturimeter, Pitot tube and Rotometer.
- Size Reduction: Objectives, Mechanisms & Laws governing size reduction, factors affecting size reduction, principles, construction, working, uses, merits and demerits of Hammer mill, ball mill, fluid energy mill, Edge runner mill & end runner mill.
- Size Separation: Objectives, applications & mechanism of size separation, official standards of powders, sieves, size separation Principles, construction, working, uses, merits and demerits of Sieve shaker, cyclone separator, Air separator, Bag filter & elutriation tank.

### UNIT-II

### **10 Hours**

- Heat Transfer: Objectives, applications & Heat transfer mechanisms. Fourier"s law, Heat transfer by conduction, convection & radiation. Heat interchangers & heat exchangers.
- Evaporation: Objectives, applications and factors influencing evaporation, differences between evaporation and other heat process. principles, construction, working, uses, merits and demerits of Steam jacketed kettle, horizontal tube evaporator, climbing film evaporator, forced circulation evaporator, multiple effect evaporator& Economy of multiple effect evaporator.
- Distillation: Basic Principles and methodology of simple distillation, flash distillation, fractional distillation, distillation under reduced pressure, steam distillation & molecular distillation

### UNIT- III

### **08 Hours**

• Drying: Objectives, applications & mechanism of drying process, measurements & applications of Equilibrium Moisture content, rate of drying curve. principles,

construction, working, uses, merits and demerits of Tray dryer, drum dryer spray dryer, fluidized bed dryer, vacuum dryer, freeze dryer.

 Mixing: Objectives, applications & factors affecting mixing, Difference between solid and liquid mixing, mechanism of solid mixing, liquids mixing and semisolids mixing. Principles, Construction, Working, uses, Merits and Demerits of Double cone blender, twin shell blender, ribbon blender, Sigma blade mixer, planetary mixers, Propellers, Turbines, Paddles & Silverson Emulsifier,

### UNIT-IV

### **08 Hours**

- Filtration: Objectives, applications, Theories & Factors influencing filtration, filter aids, filter medias. Principle, Construction, Working, Uses, Merits and demerits of plate & frame filter, filter leaf, rotary drum filter, Meta filter & Cartridge filter, membrane filters and Seidtz filter.
- Centrifugation: Objectives, principle & applications of Centrifugation, principles, construction, working, uses, merits and demerits of Perforated basket centrifuge, Non-perforated basket centrifuge, semi continuous centrifuge & super centrifuge.

### UNIT- V

 Materials of pharmaceutical plant construction, Corrosion and its prevention: Factors affecting during materials selected for Pharmaceutical plant construction, Theories of corrosion, types of corrosion and there prevention. Ferrous and nonferrous metals, inorganic and organic non metals, basic of material handling systems.

### **Recommended Books:**

1. Paradkar A. Introduction to Pharmaceutical Engineering. Eleventh Edition, Nirali Prakashan, Pune. 2007.

2. Badger WL, Banchero JT. Introduction to Chemical Engineering. International Edition, McGraw Hill Book Company. 1955.

3. Subrahmanyam CVS, Thimma Setty J, Sarasija Suresh, Kusum Devi V. Pharmaceutical Engineering Unit Operations-II. Second Edition, Vallabh Prakashan, Delhi. 2011.

4. Tekade AR, Pande VV, Shastri KV. Pharmaceutical Engineering. First Edition, TechMax Publications, Pune. 2015.

5. Sambamurthy K. Pharmaceutical Engineering. First Edition, New Age International Publishers, New Delhi. 1998.

### BP305P. PHARMACEUTICAL ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - II (Practical) 4 Hours/Week

1.	Ex	Experiments involving laboratory techniques	
	•	Recrystallization	1 Turn
	•	Steam distillation	
2. Experiments involving Separation of Binary mixtures			2 Turns
3. Determination of saponification value of oil samples (Any two)			1 Turn
4.	Sy	nthesis of following compounds	
	•	Benzanilide /phenyl benzoate /acetanilide from aniline/ phenol/ aniline	
		by benzoylation/acylation reaction	
	•	2, 4, 6-Tribromoaniline/para-bromo acetanilide from aniline	
	•	p-bromo Acetanilide by halogenation (Bromination) reaction.	
	•	5-Nitrosalicylic /meta-dinitrobenzene from salicylic acid/ nitrobenzene	
		by nitration reaction	11 Turns
	•	Benzoic acid/ Salicylic acid from alkyl benzoate/ alkyl salicylate by	
		hydrolysis reaction.	
	•	1-Phenylazo-2-naphthol from aniline by diazotization and coupling	
		reactions/ pIodobenzoic acid from P-aminobenzoic acid by replacement	
		reaction.	
	•	Benzil from benzoin by oxidation reaction	
	•	Dibenzal acetone from benzaldehyde by Claisen-Schmidt reaction	

Recommended Books:

- Mann, F. G. and Saunders, B. C., Practical Organic Chemistry, IV(ed.), Pearson, UK, 2009
- Vogel"s Text Book of Practical Organic Chemistry- Brian Furniss, AntonyHannaford, Peter Smith, Austrin (Eds), 5<sup>th</sup> edition, ELBS Publication, Singapore, 1997.
- 3. A Guidebook to Mechanism in Organic Chemistry by Peter Sykes Longman Scientific and Technical, Sixth Edition, 1985.
- 4. Advanced Organic Chemistry by Francis A. Carey, Part A: Structure and Mechanism, Springer, 2007.
- Writing Reaction Mechanisms in Organic Chemistry by Audrey Miller, Second Edition, Elsevier Science & Technology Books, 1999.
- Organic Reactions by Werner E. Bachmann, Volume I, John Wiley and Sons. INC, 1942.
- Advanced Organic Chemistry Reaction Mechanisms by Reinhard Bruckner, Elsevier, 2002

### BP306P. PHYSICAL PHARMACEUTICS – I (Practical) 4 Hrs/week

- 1. Determination the solubility of drug at room temperature
- 2. Determination of pKa value by Half Neutralization/ Henderson Hasselbalch equation.
- 3. Determination of Partition co- efficient of benzoic acid in benzene and water
- 4. Determination of Partition co- efficient of Iodine in CCl4 and water
- 5. Determination of % composition of NaCl in a solution using phenol-water system by

### CST method

- 6. Determination of surface tension of given liquids by drop count and drop weight method
- 7. Determination of HLB number of a surfactant by saponification method
- 8. Determination of Freundlich and Langmuir constants using activated char coal
- 9. Determination of critical micellar concentration of surfactants

10. Determination of stability constant and donor acceptor ratio of PABA-Caffeine complex

by solubility method

11. Determination of stability constant and donor acceptor ratio of Cupric-Glycine complex

- by pH titration method.
- 12. Determination of Refractive index of given sample.
- 13. Determination of thermodynamic parameters using solubility studies.

### **Recommended Books:**

- 1. Physical Pharmacy by Alfred Martin
- 2. Experimental Pharmaceutics by Eugene, Parott.
- 3. Tutorial Pharmacy by Cooper and Gunn.
- 4. Stocklosam J. Pharmaceutical Calculations, Lea & Febiger, Philadelphia.
- 5. Liberman H.A, Lachman C., Pharmaceutical Dosage forms, Tablets, Volume-1 to 3, MarcelDekkar Inc.
- 6. Liberman H.A, Lachman C, Pharmaceutical Dosage forms. Disperse systems, volume 1,
- 2, 3. Marcel Dekkar Inc.
- 7. Physical Pharmaceutics by Ramasamy C and ManavalanR.
- 8. LaboratoryManual of Physical Pharmaceutics, C.V.S. Subramanyam, J.Thimma settee
- 9. Physical Pharmaceutics by C.V.S. Subramanyam
- 10. Text book of Physical Phramacy, by Gaurav Jain & Roop K. Khar

### BP 307P.PHARMACEUTICAL MICROBIOLOGY (Practical) 4 Hours/week

- 1. Introduction and study of different equipments and processing, e.g., B.O.D. incubator, laminar flow or aseptic hood, autoclave, hot air sterilizer, deep freezer, refrigerator, microscopes used in experimental microbiology.
- 2. Sterilization of glassware, preparation and sterilization of media.
- 3. Sub culturing of bacteria and fungus. Nutrient stabs and slants preparations.

- 4. Staining methods- Simple, Grams staining and acid fast staining (Demonstration with practical).
- 5. Isolation of pure culture of micro-organisms by multiple streak plate technique and other techniques.
- 6. Microbiological assay of antibiotics by cup plate method and other methods
- 7. Motility determination by Hanging drop method.
- 8. Sterility testing of pharmaceuticals (Any two samples).
- 9. Bacteriological analysis of water
- 10. Biochemical test of any one microorganism.

### **Recommended Books**

- W.B. Hugo and A.D. Russel: Pharmaceutical Microbiology, Blackwell Scientific publications, Oxford London.
- Prescott and Dunn., Industrial Microbiology, 4th edition, CBS Publishers & Distributors, Delhi.
- 3. Pelczar, Chan Kreig, Microbiology, Tata McGraw Hill edn.
- 4. Malcolm Harris, Balliere Tindall and Cox: Pharmaceutical Microbiology.
- 5. Rose: Industrial Microbiology.
- 6. Probisher, Hinsdill et al: Fundamentals of Microbiology, 9th ed. Japan
- 7. Cooper and Gunn"s: Tutorial Pharmacy, CBS Publisher and Distribution.
- 8. Peppler: Microbial Technology.
- 9. I.P., B.P., U.S.P.- latest editions.
- 10. Ananthnarayan : Text Book of Microbiology, Orient-Longman, Chennai
- 11. Edward: Fundamentals of Microbiology.
- 12. N.K.Jain: Pharmaceutical Microbiology, Vallabh Prakashan, Delhi
- 13. Bergeys manual of systematic bacteriology, Williams and Wilkins- A Waverly company
- 14. "Nutrition Probiotics and prebiotics" by Pamela Mason; The Pharmaceutical Journal Vol 266 No 7132 p118-121.
- 15. Alfonso R. Gennaro Remington. The Science and Practice of Pharmacy, Lippincott

Williams, New Delhi.

### **BP308 P - PHARMACEUTICAL ENGINEERING (PRACTICAL)** 4 Hours/week

I. Determination of radiation constant of any one of – brass/ iron/unpainted and painted glass.

II. Steam distillation- To calculate the efficiency of steam distillation.

III. To determine the overall heat transfer coefficient by heat exchanger.

IV. Construction of drying curves (for calcium carbonate and starch)

V. Determination of moisture content and loss on drying.

VI. Determination of humidity of air - i) From wet and dry bulb temperatures -use of Dew point method

VII. Description of Construction, working and application of any two Pharmaceutical Machinery such as Rotary tablet Machine, capsule filling machine, tablet coating machine, autoclave, oven and dehumidifier.

VIII. Size analysis by sieving -To evaluate size distribution of tablet granulations – Construction of various size frequency curves including arithmetic and logarithmic probability plots.

IX. Size reduction: To verify the laws of size reduction using ball mill and and determining Kicks, Rittinger's, Bond's coefficients, power requirement and critical speed of Ball Mill.

X. Demonstration of any two equipments such as colloid mill, planetary mixer, fluidized bed dryer, Spray dryer Laminar Air Flow, Ball Mill and such other major equipments.

XI. Factors affecting Rate of Filtration and Evaporation (Surface area, Concentration and Thickness/ viscosity).

XII. To study the effect of time on the Rate of Crystallization.

XIII. To calculate the uniformity Index for given sample by using Double Cone Blender

### **Recommended Books:**

1. Paradkar A. Introduction to Pharmaceutical Engineering. Eleventh Edition, Nirali Prakashan, Pune. 2007.

2. Badger WL, Banchero JT. Introduction to Chemical Engineering. International Edition, McGraw Hill Book Company. 1955.

3. Subrahmanyam CVS, Thimma Setty J, Sarasija Suresh, Kusum Devi V. Pharmaceutical Engineering Unit Operations-II. Second Edition, Vallabh Prakashan, Delhi. 2011.

4. Tekade AR, Pande VV, Shastri KV. Pharmaceutical Engineering. First Edition, TechMax Publications, Pune. 2015.

5. Sambamurthy K. Pharmaceutical Engineering. First Edition, New Age International Publishers, New Delhi. 1998

### S.Y.B.PHARM SEMESTER - IV

### BP401T PHARMACEUTICAL ORGANIC CHEMISTRY –III (Theory) 45 Hours Scope :

The subject imparts knowledge on stereo chemical aspects of organic compounds and organic reactions, important name reactions, chemistry of important heterocyclic compounds. It also emphasizes on medicinal and other uses of organic compounds.

### **Objectives** :

Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to

- 1. Understand the methods of preparation and properties of organic compounds.
- 2. Explain the stereochemical aspects of organic compounds and stereo chemical reactions.
- 3. Know the medicinal uses and other applications of organic compounds

### **COURSE CONTENT**

### UNIT-I

### Stereo isomerism

Reactions of Chiral molecules

Racemic modification and resolution of racemic mixture.

Introduction to Asymmetric synthesis with suitable examples.

### UNIT-II

### Geometrical isomerism

Conformational isomerism in n-Butane and cyclohexane.

Stereoisomerism in biphenyl compounds (Atropisomerism) and conditions for optical activity.

Stereospecific and stereo selective reactions.

### UNIT-III

### **06Hours**

### **Heterocyclic compounds**

Nomenclature and classification of heterocyclic compounds in to classes: Oxygen containing five & six membered rings, Nitrogen containing five & six membered rings, sulphur containing five & six membered rings; Oxygen & nitrogen containing five & six membered rings, oxygen & sulphur containing five & six membered rings, and sulphur and nitrogen containing five & six membered rings; benzo-fused heterocyclic compounds as benzimidazole, benzthiazole, benzopyran

### Chemistry, Synthesis (any one), reactions and medicinal uses of following compounds

• Pyrrole, Furan, and Thiophene and their derivatives (any one from each class)

### **UNIT-IV**

### **12 Hours**

Chemistry, Synthesis (any one), reactions and medicinal uses of following compounds and their derivatives (any one from each class)

- Pyrazole, Imidazole, Oxazole and Thiazole.
  - Pyridine, Quinoline, Isoquinoline, Acridine and Indole

**Synthesis (any one) and medicinal uses of following compounds** Pyrimidine, Purine, Azepines and their derivatives (any one from each class)

### UNIT-V

### **12 Hours**

### Name Reactions of synthetic importance

Pinacol-Pinacolone, Hofmann, Baeyer-Villiger oxidation, Benzilic acid rearrangement reaction, Beckmann"s rearrangement and Schmidt rearrangement, Claisen-Schmidt condensation, Clemmensen reduction, Wolff rearrangement, Oppenauer-oxidation and Dakin reaction, and Birch reduction.

### **Recommended Books**

- Morrison, R. T. & Boyd, R. D., Textbook of Organic Chemistry, VI (ed.) ELBS, London, 1996
- Advanced General Organic Chemistry-A Modern Approach by Sachin Kumar Ghosh, 3/Ed. 2009, New Central Book Agency (P) Ltd.
- 3. Pine, S. H, Organic Chemistry, V, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2003 4. Finar, I. L., Organic Chemistry Vol. I, V (ed.), ELBS, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2003
- Joule and Mills, Heterocyclic Chemistry, IV (ed.), Blackwell Publishing House, Oxford, UK, 2004
- 5. Li, J. J., Name Reactions, III (ed.), Springer, Berlin, 2006
- Stereochemistry of Organic Compound Principles and Applications by Nasipuri, Revised Edition, New Age International Publishers.
- Stereochemistry Conformation and Mechanism by P.S. Kalsi, 7/Ed 2008, New Age International Publishers, New Delhi.
- Stereochemistry of Organic Compound Principles and Applications by Nasipuri, Revised Edition, New Age International Publishers.

### BP402T. MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY – I (Theory) 45 hours

### Scope:

This subject is designed to impart fundamental knowledge on the structure, chemistry and therapeutic value of drugs. The subject emphasizes on structure activity relationships of drugs, importance of physicochemical properties and metabolism of drugs. The syllabus also emphasizes on chemical synthesis of important drugs under each class.

### **Objectives:**

### Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to -

- 1. Understand the chemistry of drugs with respect to their pharmacological activity.
- 2. Understand the drug metabolic pathways, adverse effect and therapeutic value of Drugs.
- 3. Know the Structural Activity Relationship (SAR) of different class of drugs.
- 4. Write the chemical synthesis of some drugs.

### **COURSE CONTENT:**

Note: Study of the development of the following classes of drugs, classification, mechanism of action, Structure activity relationship, uses of drugs mentioned in the course. The synthesis of drugs mentioned in bracket [] only needs to be covered.

### UNIT-I

06 hours

### Introduction to Medicinal Chemistry:

a) History and development of medicinal chemistry

**b) Physicochemical properties in relation to biological action** Ionization, Solubility, Partition Coefficient, Hydrogen bonding, Protein binding, Chelation, Bioisosterism, Optical and Geometrical isomerism.

### c) Drug metabolism

Drug metabolism principles - Phase I and Phase II. Factors affecting drug metabolism.

### UNIT-II

### Drugs acting on Autonomic Nervous System 10 hours

- a) Adrenergic Neurotransmitters: Biosynthesis and catabolism of catecholamine. Adrenergic receptors (Alpha & Beta) and their distribution.
- b) Sympathomimetic agents: SAR of Sympathomimetic agents Directacting: Norepinephrine,Epinephrine,Dopamine,Phenylephrine,Methyldopa,Clonidine, Dobutamine,Isoproterenol,Terbutaline,Salbutamol,Oxymetazolineand Xylometazoline
  - Indirect acting agents: Hydroxyamphetamine, Pseudoephedrine
    - Agents with mixed mechanism: Ephedrine, Amphetamine.
  - c) Adrenergic Antagonists:
    - Alpha adrenergic blockers: Tolazoline, Phentolamine, Phenoxybenzamine, Prazosin.
    - Beta adrenergic blockers: SAR of beta blockers, Propranolol, Atenolol, Labetolol, Carvedilol.

[Phenylephrine, Salbutamol, Tolazoline, Propranolol]

Parasympathomimetic agents : SAR of Parasympathomimetic agents Direct acting b) agents : Acetylcholine, Carbachol, Bethanechol, Pilocarpine.

Indirect acting/ Cholinesterase inhibitors (Reversible & Irreversible) : Physostigmine, Neostigmine, Edrophonium chloride, Donepezil, Tacrinehydrochloride, Parathion, Malathion. Cholinesterase reactivator : Pralidoxime chloride.

Cholinergic Blocking agents: SAR of cholinolyticagents c) :Solanaceous alkaloidsand analogues : Atropine sulphate, Scopolamine hydrobromide, Ipratropium bromide Synthetic cholinergic blocking agents : Tropicamide, Cyclopentolatehydrochloride, Dicyclomine, Glycopyrrolate, Propantheline bromide

[Neostigmine, Dicyclomine hydrochloride]

### **UNIT-IV**

a)

### 10 hours

10 hours

**Drugs acting on Central Nervous System** 

a) **Sedatives and Hypnotics :** 

> **Benzodiazepines :** SAR of Benzodiazepines, Chlordiazepoxide, Diazepam, Oxazepam, Chlorazepate, Lorazepam, Alprazolam, Zolpidem

> Barbiturtes : SAR of barbiturates, Barbital, Amobarbital, Butabarbital, Pentobarbital, Secobarbital Miscelleneous : Amides & imides Alcohol & theircarbamate derivatives Aldehyde & their derivatives

### Antipsychotics b)

**Phenothiazeines** : SAR of Phenothiazines-Chlorpromazinehydrochloride, Triflupromazine, Thioridazine hydrochloride, Trifluoperazinehydrochloride **Ring Analogues of Phenothiazeines :** Thiothixene, Loxapine succinate, Clozapine. Flurobuterophenones : Haloperidol, Droperidol, Risperidone. Benzamides: Sulpiride.

Anticonvulsants : SAR of Anticonvulsants, mechanism of anticonvulsantaction **c**) **Barbiturates** : Phenobarbitone, Mephobarbital Hydantoins : Phenytoin, Mephenytoin

**Oxazolidinediones :** Trimethadione

Succinimides : Phensuximide, Methsuximide

Urea and monoacylureas : Phenacemide, Carbamazepine

Benzodiazepines : Clonazepam

Miscellaneous : Levetiracetam, Valproic acid , Gabapentin , Felbamate

d) General anesthetics :

Inhalation anesthetics : Halothane, Enflurane

Ultra-short acting barbitutrates : Methohexital sodium, Thiopental sodium.

**Dissociative anesthetics :** Ketamine hydrochloride.

[Diazepam, Chlorpromazine hydrochloride, Carbamazepine, Halothane, Ketamine hydrochloride]

### UNIT-V

### 09 hours

### **Centrally Acting analgesics**

- a) Narcotic and non-narcotic analgesics Morphine and related drugs : SAR of Morphine analogues, Codeine, Meperidine hydrochloride, Loperamide hydrochloride, Fentanyl citrate, Methadone hydrochloride, Propoxyphene hydrochloride, Pentazocine. Introduction to Narcotic antagonists
- b) Anti-inflammatory agents : Sodium salicylate, Aspirin, Mefenamic acid, Indomethacin, Sulindac, Diclofenac, Ketorolac, Ibuprofen, Piroxicam, Acetaminophen, Phenylbutazone.

### [Fentanyl citrate, Mefenamic acid, Diclofenac, Ibuprofen]

### **Recommended Books (Latest Editions)**

- 1. John Marlowe Beale, Wilson and Giswold"s Organic medicinal and PharmaceuticalChemistry. 11th E/d,
- Thomas L. Lemke, David A. Williams, Victoria F. Roche, Foye"s Principles of MedicinalChemistry.
- Burger"s Medicinal Chemistry, Vol I to IV, 6th E/d, M. E. Wolff. John Wiley & Sons,New York. 1997.
- 4. Smith and Williams, Introduction to principles of drug design, CRC Press; 4 edition.
- John E. Hoover, Remington"s Pharmaceutical Sciences, Mack Publishing Company; 13<sup>th</sup>edition (1965).

- Sean C. Sweetman, Martindale"s extra pharmacopoeia, Pharmaceutical Society of GreatBritain.
- 7. Organic Chemistry by I.L. Finar, Vol. II, Longmans Green & Co., 3rd E/d.
- Daniel Lednicer, Lester A. Mitscher, The Organic Chemistry of Drug Synthesis, JohnWiley & Sons, Inc, Vol. 1-5.
- 9. Indian Pharmacopoeia.
- 10. Text book of practical organic chemistry- A.I.Vogel.
- 11. An Introduction to Medicinal chemistry, Graham Patrick

### BP 403 T. PHYSICAL PHARMACEUTICS-II (Theory) 45 Hours

### Scope:

The course deals with the various physical and physicochemical properties, and principles involved in dosage forms/formulations. Theory and practical components of the subject help the student to get a better insight into various areas of formulation research and development, and stability studies of pharmaceutical dosage forms.

### **Objectives**:

Upon the completion of the course student shall be able to

- 1. Relate various physicochemical properties of drug and excipient molecules in designing the dosage forms
- 2. Distinguish the principles of chemical kinetics & to use them for stability testing and determination of expiry date of formulations
- 3. Demonstrate the behavior and mechanism of drugs and excipients in the formulation development and evaluation of dosage forms.

### **Course Content:**

### UNIT-I

### 07 Hours

Colloidal dispersions: Classification of dispersed systems & their general characteristics, size & shapes of colloidal particles, classification of colloids & comparative account of their general

properties. Optical, kinetic & electrical properties. Effect of electrolytes, coacervation, peptization& protective action.

### UNIT-II

Rheology: Newtonian systems, law of flow, kinematic viscosity, effect of temperature, non-Newtonian systems, pseudoplastic, dilatant, plastic, thixotropy, thixotropy in formulation, determination of viscosity, capillary, falling sphere, rotational viscometers,Visco elasticity Deformation of solids: Plastic and elastic deformation, Heckel equation, Stress, Strain, Elastic Modulus

### UNIT-III

Coarse dispersion: Suspension, interfacial properties of suspended particles, settling in suspensions, formulation of flocculated and deflocculated suspensions. Emulsions and theories of emulsification, microemulsion and multiple emulsions; Stability of emulsions, preservation of

emulsions, rheological properties of emulsions and emulsion formulation by HLB method.

### **UNIT-IV**

### Micromeretics: Particle size and distribution, mean particle size, number and weight distribution, particle number, methods for determining particle size by different methods, counting and separation method, particle shape, specific surface, methods for determining surface area, permeability, adsorption, derived properties of powders, porosity, packing arrangement, densities, bulkiness & flow properties.

### **UNIT-V**

Drug stability: Reaction kinetics: zero, pseudo-zero, first & second order (complex reaction:reversible, parallel and side reactions), units of basic rate constants, determination of reaction order. Physical and chemical factors influencing the chemical degradation of pharmaceutical product: temperature, solvent, ionic strength, dielectric constant, specific & general acid base catalysis,Simple numerical problems.Stabilization of medicinal agents against

### **08 Hours**

**10 Hours** 

### **10 Hours**

common reactions like hydrolysis & oxidation. Accelerated stability testing in expiration dating of pharmaceutical dosage forms. Photolytic degradation and its prevention.

### **Recommended Books:**

- 1. Physical Pharmacy by Alfred Martin, Sixth edition
- 2. Experimental pharmaceutics by Eugene, Parott.
- 3. Tutorial pharmacy by Cooper and Gunn.
- 4. Stocklosam J. Pharmaceutical calculations, Lea & Febiger, Philadelphia.
- 5. Liberman H.A, Lachman C., Pharmaceutical Dosage forms, Tablets, Volume-1 to 3, Marcel Dekkar Inc.
- 6. Liberman H.A, Lachman C, Pharmaceutical dosage forms. Disperse systems, volume 1 2, 3. Marcel Dekkar Inc.
- 7. Physical Pharmaceutics by Ramasamy C, and Manavalan R.

### BP 404 T. PHARMACOLOGY-I (Theory)

### **45Hours**

### Scope:

The main purpose of the subject is to understand what drugs do to the living organisms and how their effects can be applied to therapeutics. The subject covers the information about the drugs, mechanism of action, physiological and biochemical effects (Pharmacodynamics) as well as absorption, distribution, metabolism and excretion (pharmacokinetics) along with the adverse effects, clinical uses, interactions, doses, contraindications and route of administration of different classes of drugs.

Objectives: Upon completion of the subject, student shall be able to -

- 1. Understand the pharmacological actions of different categories of drugs.
- 2. Explain the mechanism of action at organ system/sub cellular/macromolecular levels.
- **3.** Apply the basic pharmacological knowledge in the prevention and treatment of various diseases.
- 4. Observe the effects of drugs on animal by simulated experiments.

5. Appreciate correlation of pharmacology with other bio medical sciences.

### **Course Content:**

### Unit-I 06 Hrs **General Pharmacology: Introduction to Pharmacology** 03 Hrs Definition, Historical landmarks and scope of pharmacology, Nature and source of drugs, Essential drugs concept and Routes of drug administration. Dose response relationship, Therapeutic index, Agonists, Antagonists (competitive and non-competitive), Combined effects of drugs. Factors modifying drug action. 03 Hrs **Pharmacokinetics** Membrane transport, Absorption, Distribution, Metabolism and Excretion of drugs. Enzyme induction, Enzyme inhibition, Introduction to kinetics of elimination. Unit-II **General Pharmacology 12 Hrs Pharmacodynamics:** 07 Principles and mechanisms of drug action. Receptor theories and classification of receptors, regulation of receptors. Drug receptors interactions, Signal transduction mechanisms, G-protein-coupled receptors, Ion channel receptors Introduction to transmembrane enzyme linked receptors, JAK-STAT binding receptors and receptors that regulate transcription factors, Spare receptors. 02 Adverse drug reactions: Addiction, Tolerance, Dependence, Tachyphylaxis, Idiosyncrasy, Allergy (explain with suitable examples). 03 **Drug interactions:**

Pharmacokinetic and pharmacodynamic drug interactions.

### Drug discovery and clinical evaluation of new drugs:

Introduction to drug discovery, Preclinical evaluation and Clinical trials.

Introduction to Pharmacovigilance

### Unit III

Pharmacology of drugs acting on Peripheral Nervous System			
Introduction to Autonomic Nervous System, Parasympathomimetics,	01		
Parasympatholytics, Sympathomimetics and Sympatholytics.			
Neuromuscular blocking agents and skeletal muscle relaxants (peripheral).			
Local anaesthetic agents.			
Drugs used in myasthenia gravis and glaucoma			
Unit-IV			
Pharmacology of drugs acting on central nervous system			
Neurohumoral transmission in the C.N.S			
Special emphasis to be given on importance of various neurotransmitters like with			
GABA, Glutamate, Glycine, Serotonin, Dopamine.			
General anaesthetics and pre-anaesthetics			
Sedatives, Hypnotics and Centrally acting muscle relaxants			
Anti-epileptics	02		
Alcohol and Disulfiram			
Unit-V			
Pharmacology of drugs acting on Central Nervous System	09Hrs		
Psychopharmacological agents: Antipsychotics, Antidepressants, Anti-anxiety	03		
agents, anti-manics and Hallucinogens			
Drugs used in Parkinson"s disease and Alzheimer"s disease	02		
CNS stimulants and Nootropics			
Opioid analgesics and antagonists (including addiction, abuse, tolerance and			
dependence)			

### **REFERENCES:**

- Rang H. P., Dale M. M., Ritter J. M., Flower R. J., Rang and Dale"s Pharmacology,. Churchil Livingstone Elsevier.
- 2 Katzung B. G., Masters S. B., Trevor A. J., Basic and clinical pharmacology, Tata Mc Graw-Hill
- 3. Goodman and Gilman"s, The Pharmacological Basis of Therapeutics
- 4. Marry Anne K. K., Lloyd Yee Y., Brian K. A., Robbin L.C., Joseph G. B., Wayne A. K., Bradley R.W., Applied Therapeutics, The Clinical use of Drugs, The Point Lippincott Williams & Wilkins
- 5. Mycek M.J, Gelnet S.B and Perper M.M. Lippincott"s Illustrated Reviews-Pharmacology
- K.D.Tripathi. Essentials of Medical Pharmacology, JAYPEE Brothers Medical Publishers (P) Ltd, New Delhi.
- 7. Sharma H. L., Sharma K. K., Principles of Pharmacology, Paras medical publisher
- 8 Modern Pharmacology with clinical Applications, by Charles R. Craig & Robert,
- 9. Barar, F.S.K., Essentials of Pharmacotherapeutics; S. Chand and Company, New Delhi.
- Das, M. M. and Dutta S. K. : R. Ghosh, Modern Concepts on pharmacology and Therapeutics, (HILTON and Co. Calcutta)
- 11. Satoskar, R.S. and Bhandarkar S.D. Pharmacology and Pharmacotherapeutics (PopularPrakashan, Bombay).
- 12 Harrison"s Principle and Practice of Medicine, 18th Edition, Churchill, Livingston, .London.
- 13. Roger and Walker. Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics, Churchill, Livingston, London.
- 14. Dipiro Joseph L. A pathphysiological Approach, Elsevier.
- 15. Davidson"s Principle of Internal Medicine, McGraw-Hill companies.
- 16 Chatterjee, C.C., Human Physiology. Medical Allied Agency, Kolkata.
- 17. Ganong, W.F., Review of Medical Physiology. Prentice-Hall International, London.

### BP 405 T.PHARMACOGNOSY AND PHYTOCHEMISTRY I (Theory) - 45 Hours

**Scope**: The subject involves the fundamentals of Pharmacognosy like scope, classification of crude drugs, their identification and evaluation, phytochemicals present in them and their medicinal properties.

Objectives: Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able

1. to know the techniques in the cultivation and production of crude drugs

2. to know the crude drugs, their uses and chemical nature

3. know the evaluation techniques for the herbal drugs

4. to carry out the microscopic and morphological evaluation of crude drugs

### **Course Content:**

### UNIT-I

### **10 Hours**

### Introduction to Pharmacognosy:

(a) Definition, history, scope and development of Pharmacognosy

(b) Sources of Drugs - Plants, Animals, Marine & Tissue culture

(c) Organized drugs, unorganized drugs (dried latex, dried juices, dried extracts, gums and mucilages, oleoresins and oleo- gum -resins).

### **Classification of drugs:**

Alphabetical, morphological, taxonomical, chemical, pharmacological, chemo and sero taxonomical classification of drugs

### **Quality control of Drugs of Natural Origin:**

- Adulteration of drugs of natural origin. Evaluation by organoleptic, microscopic, physical, chemical and biological methods and properties.
- Quantitative microscopy of crude drugs including lycopodium spore method, leaf constants, camera lucida and diagrams of microscopic objects to scale with camera lucida.

### **UNIT-II**

### Cultivation, Collection, Processing and storage of drugs of natural origin:

- Cultivation and Collection of drugs of natural origin
- Factors influencing cultivation of medicinal plants.
- Plant hormones and their applications.
- Polyploidy, mutation and hybridization with reference to medicinal plants

### **Conservation of medicinal plants**

### **UNIT-III**

### Plant tissue culture:

- Historical development of plant tissue culture, types of cultures, Nutritional requirements, growth and their maintenance.
- Applications of plant tissue culture in pharmacognosy.
- Edible vaccines

### **UNIT-IV**

### Plant description, morphology and anatomy:

Leaves, Roots, Barks, Wood, Flowers, Fruits, Seeds, subterranean organs

### Introduction to secondary metabolites:

Definition, classification, properties and test for identification of Alkaloids, Glycosides, Flavonoids, Tannins, Volatile oil and Resins

### UNIT-V

Study of biological source, chemical nature and uses of drugs of natural origin containing following drugs

### **Plant Products:**

- Fibers Cotton, Jute, Hemp
- Hallucinogens, Teratogens, Natural allergens

### **10 Hours**

### **10 Hours**

### 08 Hours

**Primary metabolites:** General introduction, detailed study with respect to chemistry, sources, preparation, evaluation, preservation, storage, therapeutic used and commercial utility as Pharmaceutical Aids and/or Medicines for the following Primary metabolites:

Carbohydrates: Acacia, Agar, Tragacanth, Honey

**Proteins and Enzymes**: Gelatin, casein, proteolytic enzymes (Papain, bromelain, serratiopeptidase, urokinase, streptokinase, pepsin).

Lipids (Waxes, fats, fixed oils): General methods of extraction of lipids.

Castor oil, Chaulmoogra oil, Shark liver oil and Cod liver oil, Wool Fat, Bees Wax

### **Marine Drugs:**

Novel medicinal agents from marine sources a) Cardiovascular agents and b) Anti cancer agents

BP406P. MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY – I (Practical)4Hrs/weekSynthesis of following medicinally important compounds / drug intermediates withRecrystallization of compound and monitoring reactions with TLCPreparation of drugs/ intermediates (any six)10 turns

- 1,3-pyrazole
- 1,3-oxazole
- Benzimidazole
- Benztriazole
- 2,3- diphenyl quinoxaline
- Benzocaine
- Phenytoin
- Phenothiazine
- Barbiturate

Purification of above synthesized compounds by Column chromatography01turn (any one)Determination of Partition coefficient and Ionization constants04 turns(any two compounds).04 turns

### **Recommended Books (Latest Editions)**

- John E. Hoover, Remington"s Pharmaceutical Sciences, Mack Publishing Company; 13<sup>th</sup>edition (1965).
- Sean C. Sweetman, Martindale"s extra pharmacopoeia, Pharmaceutical Society of GreatBritain.
- 3. Organic Chemistry by I.L. Finar, Vol. II, Longmans Green & Co., 3rd E/d.
- Daniel Lednicer, Lester A. Mitscher, The Organic Chemistry of Drug Synthesis, JohnWiley & Sons, Inc, Vol. 1-5.
- 5. Indian Pharmacopoeia.
- 6. Text book of practical organic chemistry- A.I.Vogel.
- 7. Medicinal Chemistry By Ashutosh Kar

### **BP 407P. PHYSICAL PHARMACEUTICS- II (Practical)**

4 Hours/week

- 1. Determination of particle size, particle size distribution using sieving method
- 2. Determination of particle size, particle size distribution using Microscopic method
- 3. Determination of bulk density, true density and porosity
- 4. Determine the angle of repose and influence of lubricant on angle of repose
- 5. Determination of viscosity of liquid using Ostwald"s viscometer
- 6. Determination sedimentation volume with effect of different suspending agent
- 7. Determination sedimentation volume with effect of different concentration of single suspending agent
- 8. Determination of viscosity of semisolid by using Brookfield viscometer
- 9. Determination of reaction rate constant first order.
- 10. Determination of reaction rate constant second order
- 11. Accelerated stability studies
- 12. Determination of Cloud point and Krafft point of given surfactant.

13. Determination of effect of salts on stability of hydrophobic sols

### **Recommended Books:**

- 1. Physical Pharmacy by Alfred Martin, Sixth edition
- 2. Experimental pharmaceutics by Eugene, Parott.
- 3. Tutorial pharmacy by Cooper and Gunn.
- 4. Stocklosam J. Pharmaceutical calculations, Lea & Febiger, Philadelphia.

5. Liberman H.A, Lachman C., Pharmaceutical Dosage forms, Tablets, Volume-1 to 3,

Marcel Dekkar Inc.

- 6. Liberman H.A, Lachman C, Pharmaceutical dosage forms. Disperse systems, volume 1,
- 2, 3. Marcel Dekkar Inc.
- 7. Physical Pharmaceutics by Ramasamy C, and Manavalan R.

### **BP 408 P. PHARMACOLOGY-I (Practical)**

### 4Hrs/Week

- 1. Introduction to experimental pharmacology.
- 2. Commonly used instruments in experimental pharmacology.
- 3. Study of common laboratory animals and its possible use.
- 4. Maintenance of laboratory animals as per CPCSEA guidelines.
- 5. Common laboratory techniques. Blood withdrawal, serum and plasma separation, anesthetics and euthanasia used for animal studies.
- 6. Study of different routes of drugs administration in mice/rats.
- 7. Study of effect of hepatic microsomal enzyme inducers on the phenobarbitone sleeping time in mice.
- 8. Effect of drugs on ciliary motility of frog oesophagus
- 9. Effect of drugs on rabbit eye.
- 10. Effects of skeletal muscle relaxants using rota-rod apparatus.
- 11. Effect of drugs on locomotor activity using actophotometer.
- 12. Anticonvulsant effect of drugs by MES and PTZ method.
- 13. Study of stereotype and anti-catatonic activity of drugs on rats/mice.
- 14. Study of anxiolytic activity of drugs using rats/mice.
- 15. Study of local anaesthetics by different methods

Note: All laboratory techniques and animal experiments are demonstrated by simulated experiments by softwares and videos

### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Ghosh MN. Fundamentals of Experimental Pharmacology. Hilton & Company, Kolkata.
- 2. Kulkarni SK. Handbook of experimental pharmacology. Vallabh Prakashan.
- 3. Burn JH. Practical Pharmacology Blackwell Scientific, Oxford London.
- 4. Jaju BP. Pharmacology: A Practice Exercise Book, Jaypee Brothers, New Delhi.
- 5. Sheth UK, Dadkar NK and Kamat UG. selected topics in experimental pharmacology,(Kothari Book Depot, Mumbai)
- Perry W.L.M. Pharmacological Experiments on Isolated Preparation, E&S Livingstone,London.
- 7. Goyal R. K., Practicals in Pharmacology, B. S. Shah Prakashan, Ahemadabad.

### BP409 P. PHARMACOGNOSY AND PHYTOCHEMISTRY I (Practical): 4 Hours/Week

1. Analysis of crude drugs by chemical tests:

(i) Tragaccanth (ii) Acacia (iii) Agar (iv) Gelatin (v) starch (vi) Honey (vii) Castor oil

- 2. Determination of stomatal number and index
- 3. Determination of vein islet number, vein islet termination and paliside ratio.
- 4. Determination of size of starch grains, calcium oxalate crystals by eye piece micrometer
- 5. Determination of Fiber length and width
- 6. Determination of number of starch grains by Lycopodium spore method
- 7. Determination of Ash value
- 8. Determination of Extractive values of crude drugs
- 9. Determination of moisture content of crude drugs
- 10. Determination of swelling index and foaming index

### SAVITRIBAI PHULE PUNE UNIVERSITY

### FACULTY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY



### Syllabus of Third Year B. Pharmacy

### 2019 PATTERN (Revised)

(EFFECTIVE FROM ACADEMIC YEAR 2021-2022)

#### T.Y.B.PHARM SEMESTER – V

#### **BP501T.** MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY – II (Theory)

## Scope:

This subject is designed to impart fundamental knowledge on the structure, chemistry and therapeutic value of drugs. The subject emphasizes on structure activity relationships of drugs, importance of physicochemical properties and metabolism of drugs. The syllabus also emphasizes on chemical synthesis of important drugs under each class.

**Objectives:** Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to

- 1. Understand the chemistry of drugs with respect to their pharmacological activity
- 2. Understand the drug metabolic pathways, adverse effect and therapeutic value of drugs
- 3. Know the Structural Activity Relationship of different class of drugs
- 4. Study the chemical synthesis of selected drugs

#### **Course Content:**

Study of the development of the following classes of drugs, Classification, mechanism of action, uses of drugs mentioned in the course, Structure activity relationship of selective class of drugs as specified in the course and synthesis of drugs mentioned in bracket []only to be covered.

# UNIT- I

#### **10 Hours**

45 Hours

#### Antihistaminic agents and autacoids

- a) Antihistaminic agents: Histamine, receptors and their distribution in the human body
- b) H1-antagonists: Diphenhydramine hydrochloride, Dimenhydrinate, Doxylamine ssuccinate, Clemastine fumarate, Tripelenamine hydrochloride, Chlorcyclizine hydrochloride, Meclizine hydrochloride, Buclizine hydrochloride, Chlorpheniramine maleate, Triprolidine hydrochloride, Phenindamine tartarate, Promethazine hydrochloride, Trimeprazine tartrate, Fexofenadine, Astemizole, Loratadine, Cetirizine, Cromolyn sodium
- c) H<sub>2</sub>-antagonists: Cimetidine, Famotidine, Ranitidine
- d) Gastric Proton pump inhibitors: Omeprazole, Lansoprazole, Rabeprazole,
   Pantoprazole

e) Autacoids: Prostaglandins, Prostanoids, Leucotriene antagonists

[Diphenhydramine hydrochloride, Cetirizine, Promethazine hydrochloride, Ranitidine]

UNIT – II

**10 Hours** 

# Drugs acting on Cardiovascular system

a) Anti-anginals:

**Vasodilators:** Amyl nitrite, Nitroglycerin, Pentaerythritol tetranitrate, Isosorbide dinitrite, Dipyridamole.

**Calcium channel blockers:** Verapamil, Bepridil hydrochloride, Diltiazem hydrochloride, Nifedipine, Amlodipine, Felodipine, Nicardipine, Nimodipine.

**b)** Diuretics:

Carbonic anhydrase inhibitors: Acetazolamide, Methazolamide, Dichlorphenamide.

Thiazides: Chlorthiazide, Hydrochlorothiazide, Hydroflumethiazide, Cyclothiazide

Loop diuretics: Furosemide, Bumetanide, Ethacrynic acid.

Potassium sparing Diuretics: Spironolactone, Triamterene, Amiloride.

**Osmotic Diuretics:** Mannitol

c) Anti-hypertensive Agents:

α blockers- Prazosin, Terazosin

β blockers- Propanolol, Timolol, Atenolol

ACE inhibitors- Captopril, Lisinopril, Enalapril, Quinapril hydrochloride

Angiotensin II receptor antagonists- Losartan, Telmisartan, Valsartan

**Misc.class**- Methyldopate hydrochloride, Clonidine hydrochloride, Guanethidine monosulphate, Reserpine, Hydralazine hydrochloride.

[Isosorbide dinitrite, Nifedipine, Chlorthiazide, Furosemide, Lisinopril, Atenolo]]

# Drugs acting on cardiovascular system (Continued)

- a) Anti-arrhythmic Drugs: Quinidine sulphate, Procainamide hydrochloride, Disopyramide phosphate, Phenytoin sodium, Lidocaine hydrochloride, Tocainide hydrochloride, Mexiletine hydrochloride, Lorcainide hydrochloride, Amiodarone, Sotalol.
- b) Anti-hyperlipidemic agents
   HMG Co-A reductase inhibitors: Lovastatin, Simvastatin, Atorvastatin
   Misc. class-Ezetimibe, Clofibrate
- c) Coagulant & Anticoagulants: Menadione, Warfarin, Clopidogrel
- d) Drugs used in Congestive Heart Failure: Digoxin, Digitoxin, Nesiritide, Bosentan
   [Amiodarone, Atorvastatin]

#### **UNIT-IV**

**UNIT-III** 

# Drugs acting on Endocrine system

- a) Chemistry, Nomenclature, Stereochemistry and metabolism of steroids
- b) Sex hormones: Testosterone, Nandralone, Progestrones, Oestriol, Oestradiol, Oestrione, Diethyl stilbestrol.
- c) Drugs for erectile dysfunction: Sildenafil, Tadalafil.
- d) Oral contraceptives: Mifepristone, Norgestril, Levonorgestrol
- e) Corticosteroids: Cortisone, Hydrocortisone, Prednisolone, Betamethasone,Dexamethasone
- **f**) **Thyroid and antithyroid drugs**: L-Thyroxine, L-Thyronine, Propylthiouracil, Methimazole.

 $\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{V}$ 

Antidiabetic agents and Local anaesthetics

a) Antidiabetic agents:

#### Insulin and its preparations

Sulfonyl ureas: Tolbutamide, Chlorpropamide, Glipizide, Glimepiride.

Biguanides: Metformin.

Meglitinides: Repaglinide, Nateglinide.

#### **10 Hours**

# 07 Hours

Glucosidase inhibitors: Acrabose, Voglibose.DPP IV inhibitors -Sitagliptin, TeneligliptinSGLT2 inhibitors – Empagliflozin, Canagliflozin

b) Local Anesthetics: SAR of Local anesthetics
 Benzoic Acid derivatives; Meprylcaine, Cyclomethycaine, Piperocaine.
 Amino Benzoic acid derivatives: Benzocaine, Procaine, Butacaine, Propoxycaine, Tetracaine.
 Lidocaine/Anilide derivatives: Lignocaine, Mepivacaine, Prilocaine, Etidocaine.

Miscellaneous: Phenacaine

[Tolbutamide, Benzocaine]

# **Recommended Books (Latest Editions)**

- 1. Wilson and Giswold"s Organic medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry.
- 2. Foye"s Principles of Medicinal Chemistry.
- 3. Graham L. Patrick"s An Introduction to Medicinal Chemistry
- 4. Burger"s Medicinal Chemistry, Vol I to IV.
- 5. Introduction to principles of drug design- Smith and Williams.
- 6. Remington"s Pharmaceutical Sciences.
- 7. Martindale"s extra pharmacopoeia.
- 8. Organic Chemistry by I.L. Finar, Vol. II.
- 9. The Organic Chemistry of Drug Synthesis by Lednicer, Vol. 1to 5.
- 10. Indian Pharmacopoeia.
- 11. Text book of practical organic chemistry-A.I.Vogel.

# **BP 502 T. Industrial Pharmacy I (Theory)**

# 45 Hours

# Scope:

Course enables the student to understand and appreciate the influence of pharmaceutical additives and various pharmaceutical dosage forms on the performance of the drug product.

#### **Objectives:**

Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to

1. illustrate various pharmaceutical dosage forms and their manufacturing techniques.

2. describe various factors to be considered in development of pharmaceutical dosage forms

3. Formulate solid, liquid and semisolid dosage forms and evaluate them for their quality

# Course content: 3 hours/ week

#### UNIT-I

03 Hours

**Preformulation Studies**: Introduction to preformulation, goals and objectives, study of physicochemical characteristics of drug substances.

# **UNIT-II**

#### **Tablets:**

a. Introduction, ideal characteristics of tablets, classification of tablets. Excipients, preformulation and Formulation of tablets, granulation methods, compression and processing problems, Equipments and tablet tooling.

b. Tablet coating: Types of coating, coating materials, formulation of coating composition, methods of coating, equipment employed and defects in coating.

c. Quality control tests: In process and finished product tests

Liquid orals: Preformulation, Formulation and manufacturing consideration of syrups and elixirs suspensions and emulsions; Filling and packaging; evaluation of liquid orals official in pharmacopoeia

#### **UNIT-III**

# **08 Hours**

#### **Capsules:**

a. Hard gelatin capsules: Introduction, Production of hard gelatin capsule shells. Size of capsules, Filling, finishing and special techniques of formulation of hard gelatin capsules, manufacturing defects. In process and final product quality control tests for capsules.

b. Soft gelatin capsules: Nature of shell and capsule content, size of capsules, importance of base adsorption and minim/gram factors, production, in process and final product quality control tests. Packing, storage and stability testing of soft gelatin capsules and their applications.

Pellets: Introduction, formulation requirements, pelletization process, equipments for manufacture of pellets

#### **UNIT-IV**

#### **10 Hours**

# **Parenteral Products:**

a. Definition, types, advantages and limitations. Preformulation factors and essential requirements, vehicles, additives, importance of isotonicity

b. Production procedure, production facilities and controls, aseptic processing

c. Formulation of injections, sterile powders, large volume parenterals and lyophilized products.

d. Containers and closures selection, filling and sealing of ampoules, vials and infusion fluids. Quality control tests of parenteral products. Ophthalmic Preparations: Introduction, formulation considerations; formulation of eye drops, eye ointments and eye lotions; methods of preparation; labeling, containers; evaluation of ophthalmic preparations

#### **UNIT-V**

#### **10 Hours**

**Cosmetics**: Formulation and preparation of the following cosmetic preparations: lipsticks, shampoos, cold cream and vanishing cream, tooth pastes, hair dyes and sunscreens.

Pharmaceutical Aerosols: Definition, propellants, containers, valves, types of aerosol systems; preformulation, formulation and manufacture of aerosols; Evaluation of aerosols; Quality control and stability studies.

Packaging Materials Science: Materials used for packaging of pharmaceutical products, factors influencing choice of containers, legal and official requirements for containers, stability aspects of packaging materials, quality control tests.

#### **Recommended Books: (Latest Editions)**

Pharmaceutical dosage forms - Tablets, volume 1 -3 by H.A. Liberman, Leon Lachman &J.B.Schwartz

2. Pharmaceutical dosage form - Parenteral medication vol- 1&2 by Liberman & Lachman

3. Pharmaceutical dosage form disperse system VOL-1 by Liberman & Lachman

4. Modern Pharmaceutics by Gilbert S. Banker & C.T. Rhodes, 3rd Edition

5. Remington: The Science and Practice of Pharmacy, 20th edition Pharmaceutical Science (RPS)

6. Theory and Practice of Industrial Pharmacy by Liberman & Lachman

7. Pharmaceutics- The science of dosage form design by M.E.Aulton, Churchill livingstone, Latest edition

8. Introduction to Pharmaceutical Dosage Forms by H. C.Ansel, Lea &Febiger,Philadelphia, 5thedition, 2005

9. Drug stability - Principles and practice by Cartensen & C.J. Rhodes, 3rd Edition, Marcel Dekker Series, Vol 107.

# BP503.T. PHARMACOLOGY-II (Theory)

#### **45 Hours**

#### Scope:

This subject is intended to impart the fundamental knowledge on various aspects (classification, mechanism of action, therapeutic effects, clinical uses, side effects and contraindications) of drugs acting on different systems of body and in addition, emphasis on the basic concepts of bioassay.

Objectives: Upon completion of this course the student should be able to

1. Understand the mechanism of drug action and its relevance in the treatment of different diseases

#### **UNIT-IV**

Pharmacology of drugs acting on endocrine system			
a. Basic concepts in endocrine pharmacology.			
b. Anterior Pituitary hormones- analogues and their inhibitors.			
c. Thyroid hormones- analogues and their inhibitors.			
d. Hormones regulating plasma calcium level- Parathormone, Calcitonin and			
Vitamin-D.			
d. Insulin, Oral Hypoglycemic agents and glucagon.			
e. ACTH and corticosteroids.			
UNIT-V			
Pharmacology of drugs acting on endocrine system	07hr		
a. Androgens and Anabolic steroids.			
b. Estrogens, progesterone and oral contraceptives.			
c. Drugs acting on the uterus.			
Bioassay			
a. Principles, applications and types of bioassay.			
b. Bioassay of insulin, oxytocin, vasopressin, ACTH, d-tubocurarine, digitalis,			
histamine and 5-HT			
Recommended Books (Latest Editions)			
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- 1.Rang H. P., Dale M. M., Ritter J. M., Flower R. J., Rang and Dale"s Pharmacology, Churchil Livingstone Elsevier
- 2.Katzung B. G., Masters S. B., Trevor A. J., Basic and clinical pharmacology, Tata McGraw-Hill
- 3. Goodman and Gilman"s, The Pharmacological Basis of Therapeutics
- 4.Marry Anne K. K., Lloyd Yee Y., Brian K. A., Robbin L.C., Joseph G. B., Wayne A.K., Bradley R.W., Applied Therapeutics, The Clinical use of Drugs. The Point Lippincott Williams & Wilkins
- 5. Mycek M.J, Gelnet S.B and Perper M.M. Lippincott"s Illustrated Reviews-Pharmacology
- 6.K. D. Tripathi. Essentials of Medical Pharmacology, JAYPEE Brothers Medical Publishers (P) Ltd, New Delhi.
- 7. Sharma H. L., Sharma K. K., Principles of Pharmacology, Paras medical publisher

8. Modern Pharmacology with clinical Applications, by Charles R. Craig& Robert,

# BP504 T PHARMACOGNOSY AND PHYTOCHEMISTRY-II (Theory)45 HoursScope:

The main purpose of subject is to impart the students the knowledge of how the secondary metabolites are produced in the crude drugs, how to isolate and identify and produce them industrially. Also this subject involves the study of producing the plants and phytochemicals through plant tissue culture, drug interactions and basic principles of traditional system of medicine

Objectives: Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able

1. To know the modern extraction techniques, characterization and identification of the herbal drugs and phytoconstituents

2. To understand the production of of Phytoconstituents /herbal formulation.

3. To understand the metabolic pathways in formation of secondary metabolites and application of biogenetic studies.

4. To carryout isolation and identification of phytoconstituents

#### **Course Content:**

#### UNIT-I

# Metabolic pathways in higher plants and their determination

a) Brief study of basic metabolic pathways and formation of different secondary metabolites through these pathways- Shikimic acid pathway, Acetate pathways and Amino acid pathway.b) Study of utilization of radioactive isotopes in the investigation of Biogenetic studies.

#### **UNIT-II**

General introduction, composition, chemistry & chemical classes, bio sources, **methods of extraction**, therapeutic uses and commercial applications of following secondary metabolites: **Alkaloids:** Vinca, Rauwolfia, Belladonna, Opium,

Phenylpropanoids and Flavonoids: Lignans, Tea, Ruta Steroids, Cardiac Glycosides & Triterpenoids: Liquorice, Dioscorea, Digitalis

#### **14 Hours**

Volatile oils: Mentha, Clove, Cinnamon, Fennel, Coriander,

Tannins: Catechu, Pterocarpus

Resins: Benzoin, Guggul, Ginger, Asafoetida, Myrrh, Colophony

Glycosides: Senna, Aloes, Bitter Almond

Iridoids, Other terpenoids & Naphthaquinones: Gentian, Artemisia, taxus, carotenoids

# **UNIT-III**

- Isolation, Identification and Analysis of Phytoconstituents
- a) Terpenoids: Menthol, Citral, Artemisin
- b) Glycosides: Glycyrhetinic acid & Rutin
- c) Alkaloids: Atropine, Quinine, Reserpine, Caffeine
- d) Resins: Podophyllotoxin, Curcumin

# **UNIT-IV**

Industrial production, estimation and utilization of the following phytoconstituents:

Forskolin, Sennoside, Artemisinin, Diosgenin, Digoxin, Atropine, Podophyllotoxin, Caffeine, Taxol, Vincristine and Vinblastine

# UNIT V

# **Basics of Phytochemistry**

Methods of extraction (Soxhlet, Maceration, Percolation, Supercritical fluid extraction, Microwave assisted extraction, Ultrasound assisted extraction, Solid Phase Extraction) Application of latest techniques like Spectroscopy, Chromatography and electrophoresis in the isolation, purification and identification of crude drugs

Non-chromatographic separation techniques: Fractional distillation, fractional liberation, sublimation, chemical derivatization, fractional crystallization, centrifugation, Froth floatation technique.

#### **BP 505 T. PHARMACEUTICAL JURISPRUDENCE (Theory)** 45 Hours

# Scope:

This course is designed to impart basic knowledge on important legislations related to the profession of pharmacy in India.

**06 Hours** 

#### **06 Hours**

**Objectives:** Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to understand:

- 1. The Pharmaceutical legislations and their implications in the development and marketing of pharmaceuticals.
- 2. Various Indian pharmaceutical Acts and Laws

3. The regulatory authorities and agencies governing the manufacture and sale of pharmaceuticals

4. The code of ethics during the pharmaceutical practice

# **Course Content:**

#### UNIT-I

#### **10 Hours**

#### Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940 and its rules 1945:

Objectives, Definitions, Legal definitions of schedules to the Act and Rules Import of drugs – Classes of drugs and cosmetics prohibited from import, Import under license or permit. Offences and penalties. Manufacture of drugs – Prohibition of manufacture and sale of certain drugs,

Conditions for grant of license and conditions of license for manufacture of drugs, Manufacture of drugs for test, examination and analysis, manufacture of new drug, loan license and repacking license.

# **UNIT-II**

#### **10 Hours**

#### Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940 and its rules 1945.

Detailed study of Schedule G, H, M, N, P, T, U, V, X, Y, Part XII B, Sch F & DMR (OA) Sale of Drugs – Wholesale, Retail sale and restricted license. Offences and penalties Labeling & packing of drugs- General labeling requirements and specimen labels for drugs and cosmetics, List of permitted colors. Offences and penalties.

Administration of the Act and Rules – Drugs Technical Advisory Board, Central drugs Laboratory, Drugs Consultative Committee, Government drug analysts, Licensing authorities, controlling authorities, Drugs Inspectors

#### **UNIT-III**

#### **10 Hours**

**Pharmacy Act** –**1948**: Objectives, Definitions, Pharmacy Council of India; its constitution and functions, Education Regulations, State and Joint state pharmacy councils; constitution and functions, Registration of Pharmacists, Offences and 122 Penalties

**Medicinal and Toilet Preparation** Act –1955: Objectives, Definitions, Licensing, Manufacture In bond and Outside bond, Export of alcoholic preparations, Manufacture of Ayurvedic, Homeopathic, Patent & Proprietary Preparations. Offences and Penalties.

**Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic substances Act-1985 and Rules**: Objectives, Definitions, Authorities and Officers, Constitution and Functions of narcotic & Psychotropic Consultative Committee, National Fund for Controlling the Drug Abuse, Prohibition, Control and Regulation, opium poppy cultivation and production of poppy straw, manufacture, sale and export of opium, Offences and Penalties

#### **UNIT-IV**

#### **08 Hours**

**Study of Salient Features of Drugs and Magic Remedies Act and its rules**: Objectives, Definitions, Prohibition of certain advertisements, Classes of Exempted advertisements, Offences and Penalties

**Prevention of Cruelty to animals Act-1960**: Objectives, Definitions, Institutional Animal Ethics Committee, CPCSEA guidelines for Breeding and Stocking of Animals, Performance of Experiments, Transfer and acquisition of animals for experiment, Records, Power to suspend or revoke registration, Offences and Penalties

**National Pharmaceutical Pricing Authority**: Drugs Price Control Order (DPCO)- 2013. Objectives, Definitions, Sale prices of bulk drugs, Retail price of formulations, Retail price and ceiling price of scheduled formulations, National List of Essential Medicines (NLEM)

#### **UNIT-V**

#### **07 Hours**

Pharmaceutical Legislations – A brief review, Introduction, Study of drugs enquiry committee, Health survey and development committee, Hathi committee and Mudaliar committee

**Code of Pharmaceutical ethics** Definition, Pharmacist in relation to his job, trade, medical profession and his profession, Pharmacist's oath

# **Medical Termination of Pregnancy Act**

#### **Right to Information Act**

#### Introduction to Intellectual Property Rights (IPR)

#### **Recommended books: (Latest Edition)**

- 1. Forensic Pharmacy by B. Suresh
- 2. Text book of Forensic Pharmacy by B.M. Mithal
- 3. Hand book of drug law-byM.L. Mehra
- 4. A text book of Forensic Pharmacy by N.K. Jain
- 5. Drugs and Cosmetics Act/Rules by Govt. of India publications.
- 6. Medicinal and Toilet preparations act 1955 by Govt. of India publications.
- 7. Narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances act by Govt. of India publications
- 8. Drugs and Magic Remedies act by Govt. of India publication
- 9.Bare Acts of the said laws published by Government. Reference books (Theory) 124

#### **BP 506 P. Industrial PharmacyI (Practical)**

- 1. Preformulation studies on paracetamol/asparin/or any other drug
- 2. Preparation and evaluation of Paracetamol tablets
- 3. Preparation and evaluation of Aspirin tablets
- 4. Coating of tablets- film coating of tables/granules
- 5. Preparation and evaluation of Tetracycline capsules

#### 4 Hours/week

- 6. Preparation of Calcium Gluconate injection
- 7. Preparation of Ascorbic Acid injection
- 8. Qulaity control test of (as per IP) marketed tablets and capsules
- 9. Preparation of Eye drops/ and Eye ointments
- 10. Preparation of Creams (cold / vanishing cream)
- 11. Evaluation of Glass containers (as per IP)

#### **Recommended Books: (Latest Editions)**

1. Pharmaceutical dosage forms - Tablets, volume 1 -3 by H.A. Liberman, Leon Lachman &J.B.Schwartz

- 2. Pharmaceutical dosage form Parenteral medication vol- 1&2 by Liberman & Lachman
- 3. Pharmaceutical dosage form disperse system VOL-1 by Liberman & Lachman
- 4. Modern Pharmaceutics by Gilbert S. Banker & C.T. Rhodes, 3rd Edition

5. Remington: The Science and Practice of Pharmacy, 20th edition Pharmaceutical Science (RPS)

6. Theory and Practice of Industrial Pharmacy by Liberman & Lachman

7. Pharmaceutics- The science of dosage form design by M.E.Aulton, Churchill livingstone, Latest edition

8. Introduction to Pharmaceutical Dosage Forms by H. C.Ansel, Lea &Febiger,Philadelphia, 5thedition, 2005

9. Drug stability - Principles and practice by Cartensen & C.J. Rhodes, 3rd Edition,Marcel Dekker Series, Vol 107.

#### **BP 507 P. PHARMACOLOGY-II (Practical)**

#### 4Hrs/Week

#### Sr. No Experiment

- 1. Introduction to in-vitro pharmacology and physiological salt solutions.
- 2. Effect of drugs on isolated frog heart.
- 3. Effect of drugs on blood pressure and heart rate of dog.
- 4. Study of diuretic activity of drugs using rats/mice.
- 5. DRC of acetylcholine using frog rectus abdominis muscle.
- 6. Effect of physostigmine and atropine on DRC of acetylcholine using frog rectus

abdominis muscle and rat ileum respectively.

- 7. Bioassay of histamine using guinea pig ileum by matching method.
- 8. Bioassay of oxytocin using rat uterine horn by interpolation method.
- 9. Dose calculation in pharmacological experiments
- 10. Bioassay of acetylcholine using rat ileum/colon by four point bioassay.
- Determination of PA<sub>2</sub> value of prazosin using rat anococcygeus muscle (by Schilds plot method).
- 12. Determination of  $PD_2$  value using guinea pig ileum.
- 13. Effect of spasmogens and spasmolytics using rabbit jejunum.
- 14. Anti-inflammatory activity of drugs using carrageenan induced paw-edema model.
- 15. Analgesic activity using hotplate method
- 16. Antiallergic activity by mast cell stabilization assay
- 17. Clinical Case study

Note: All laboratory techniques and animal experiments are demonstrated by simulated experiments by softwares and videos

# **Recommended Books (Latest Editions)**

- 1. Ghosh MN. Fundamentals of Experimental Pharmacology. Hilton & Company, Kolkata.
- 2. Kulkarni SK. Handbook of experimental pharmacology. Vallabh Prakashan.
- 3. Goyal RK. Practicals in Pharmacology, BS Shaha Prakashan.
- 4. Kasture SB. A handbook of experiments in pre-clinical pharmacology, Career Publications.
- 5. Bikas Medhi, Ajay Prakash. Practical Manual of Experimental and Clinical Pharmacology. Jaypee Publications.

# BP 508 P. PHARMACOGNOSY AND PHYTOCHEMISTRY II (Practical) 4 Hours/Week

1. Morphology, histology and powder characteristics & extraction & detection of:

Cinchona, Cinnamon, Senna, Clove, Ephedra, Fennel and Coriander

- 2. Exercise involving isolation & detection of active principles
- **a.** Caffeine from tea dust.
- b. Diosgenin from Dioscorea

- c. Atropine from Belladonna
- d. Sennosides from Senna
- 3. Separation of sugars by Paper chromatography
- 4. TLC of herbal extract
- 5. Distillation of volatile oils and detection of phytoconstitutents by TLC
- 6. Analysis of crude drugs by chemical tests: (i) Asafoetida (ii) Benzoin (iii) Colophony
- (iv) Aloes (v) Myrrh

#### **Recommended Books: (Latest Editions)**

1. W.C.Evans, Trease and Evans Pharmacognosy, 16th edition, W.B. Sounders & Co., London, 2009.

2. Mohammad Ali. Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry, CBS Publishers &

Distribution, New Delhi.

3. Text book of Pharmacognosy by C.K. Kokate, Purohit, Gokhlae (2007), 37th Edition, Nirali Prakashan, New Delhi.

4. Herbal drug industry by R.D. Choudhary (1996), Ist Edn, Eastern Publisher, New Delhi.

5. Essentials of Pharmacognosy, Dr.SH.Ansari, IInd edition, Birla publications, New Delhi, 2007

6. Herbal Cosmetics by H.Pande, Asia Pacific Business press, Inc, New Delhi.

7. A.N. Kalia, Textbook of Industrial Pharmacognosy, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 2005.

8. R Endress, Plant cell Biotechnology, Springer-Verlag, Berlin, 1994.

9. Pharmacognosy & Pharmacobiotechnology. James Bobbers, Marilyn KS, VE Tylor.

- 10. The formulation and preparation of cosmetic, fragrances and flavours.
- 11. Remington"s Pharmaceutical sciences.

12. Text Book of Biotechnology by Vyas and Dixit.

13. Text Book of Biotechnology by R.C. Dubey.

# T.Y.B.PHARM SEMESTER - VI

#### **BP601T. MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY – III (Theory)** 4

#### Scope :

This subject is designed to impart fundamental knowledge on the structure, chemistry and therapeutic value of drugs. The subject also discusses the concept of quantitative structure activity relationship (QSAR) in drug design. The subject also emphasizes on the chemistry, mechanism of action, metabolism, adverse effects, Structure Activity Relationships (SAR), therapeutic uses and synthesis of important drugs.

#### **Objectives:**

Upon completion of the course student shall be able to

- 1 Understand the importance of drug design and different techniques of drug design.
- 2 Understand the chemistry of drugs with respect to their biological activity.
- 3 Know the metabolism, adverse effects and therapeutic value of drugs.
- 4 Know the importance of SAR of drugs.

#### **Course Content:**

Study of the development of the following classes of drugs, Classification, mechanism of action, uses of drugs mentioned in the course, Structure activity relationship of selective class of drugs as specified in the course and synthesis of drugs mentioned in bracket []only to be covered

#### UNIT - I

#### Antibiotics

Historical background, Nomenclature, Stereochemistry,Structure activity relationship, Chemical degradation classification and important products of the following classes.

- a) β-Lactam antibiotics: Penicillins, Cepholosporins, β-Lactamase inhibitors, Monobactams
- b) Aminoglycosides: Streptomycin, Neomycin, Kanamycin

#### **10 Hours**

c) Tetracyclines: Tetracycline, Oxytetracycline, Chlortetracycline, Minocycline, Doxycycline

 $\mathbf{UNIT}-\mathbf{II}$ 

a) Antibiotics

Macrolide: Erythromycin, Clarithromycin, Azithromycin. Polypeptide antibiotics-Vancomycin, Bacitracin Miscellaneous: Chloramphenicol, Clindamycin, Linzolide

b) Antimalarials: Etiology of malaria.

Quinolines: SAR, Quinine sulphate, Chloroquine, Amodiaquine,

Primaquine phosphate, Pamaquine, Quinacrine hydrochloride, Mefloquine.

Biguanides and dihydrotriazines: Cycloguanil pamoate, Proguanil.

**Miscellaneous:** Pyrimethamine, Artesunete, Artemether, Atovoquone, Halofantrine, Lumefantrine.

[Chloramphenicol, Chloroquine]

UNIT – III

Antimycobacterial and Antiviral agents

a) Anti-tubercular Agents

Synthetic anti tubercular agents: Isoniazid, Ethionamide, Ethambutol,

Pyrazinamide, Para amino salicylic acid

Anti tubercular antibiotics: Rifampicin, Rifabutin, Cycloserine

Streptomycine, Capreomycin sulphate.

- b) Antileprosy agents: Clofazimine, Dapsone, Rifamycin
- c) Antiviral agents:

**DNA virus inhibitors**-Amantadine hydrochloride, Rimantadine hydrochloride, Idoxuridine trifluoridine, Acyclovir, Gancyclovir.

# **RNA virus inhibitors**

**Anti-HIV agents-** Zidovudine, Didanosine, Zalcitabine, Lamivudine, Loviride, Delavirdine, Ribavirin, Saquinavir, Indinavir, Ritonavir.

[Isoniazid, Ethambutol, Acyclovir]

#### **08 Hours**

UNIT – IV

# a) Antifungal agents

Antifungal antibiotics: Amphotericin-B, Nystatin, Natamycin, Griseofulvin. Synthetic Antifungal agents: Clotrimazole, Oxiconazole, Tioconozole, Miconazole, Ketoconazole, Itraconazole, Fluconazole, Tolnaftate.

b) Anti-protozoal Agents: Metronidazole, Tinidazole, Ornidazole, Diloxanide, Iodoquinol, Atovaquone, Eflornithine.

- c) Anthelmintics: Diethylcarbamazine citrate, Thiabendazole, Mebendazole, Albendazole, Niclosamide, Oxamniquine, Praziquantel, Ivermectin.
- d) Synthetic anti-infective agents :

Sulphonamides: Historical development, chemistry and drug resistance

Sulfacetamide, Sulphapyridine, Sulfamethoxazole, Sulphadiazine, Sulfasalazine.

Folate reductase inhibitors: Trimethoprim

Quinolones: Nalidixic Acid, Norfloxacin, Ciprofloxacin, Ofloxacin, Lomefloxacin, Gatifloxacin, Moxifloxacin

Miscellaneous: Furazolidine, Nitrofurantoin, Methanamine.

[Fluconazole, Metronidazole, Mebendazole, Sulfamethoxazole, Trimethoprim, Ciprofloxacin]

# UNIT – V

#### 07 Hours

Anti-neoplastic agents:

Alkylating agents: Meclorethamine, Cyclophosphamide, Melphalan, Chlorambucil, Busulfan, Thiotepa Antimetabolites: Mercaptopurine, Fluorouracil, Floxuridine, Cytarabine, Methotrexate Antibiotics: Dactinomycin, Daunorubicin, Doxorubicin, Bleomycin Plant products: Etoposide, Vinblastin sulphate, Vincristin sulphate Kinase inhibitors: Gefitinib, Imatinib, Erlotinib Monoclonal antibodies-Bedvacizumab, Cetuximab Miscellaneous: Cisplatin, Mitotane. [Chlorambucil, Mercaptopurine, Methotrexate)

#### $\mathbf{UNIT}-\mathbf{VI}$

# **03 Hours**

#### **Introduction to Drug Design**

Various approaches used in drug design.

Physicochemical parameters used in quantitative structure activity relationship (QSAR) such as partition coefficient, Hammet's electronic parameter, Tafts steric parameter and Hansch analysis, Ferguson principle.

#### **Recommended Books (Latest Editions)**

- 1. Wilson and Giswold"s Organic medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry.
- 2. Foye"s Principles of Medicinal Chemistry.
- 3. Burger"s Medicinal Chemistry, Vol I to IV.
- 4. Introduction to principles of drug design- Smith and Williams.
- 5. Remington"s Pharmaceutical Sciences.
- 6. Martindale"s extra pharmacopoeia.
- 7. Organic Chemistry by I.L. Finar, Vol. II.
- 8. The Organic Chemistry of Drug Synthesis by Lednicer, Vol. 1to 5.
- 9. Indian Pharmacopoeia.
- 10. Text book of practical organic chemistry-A.I.Vogel.
- 11. An Introduction to Medicinal Chemistry by Graham Patrick

# **BP602 T. PHARMACOLOGY-III (Theory)**

#### **45 Hours**

**Scope:** This subject is intended to impart the fundamental knowledge on various aspects (classification, mechanism of action, therapeutic effects, clinical uses, side effects and contraindications) of drugs acting on respiratory and gastrointestinal system, infectious diseases, immuno-pharmacology and in addition, emphasis on the principles of toxicology and chronopharmacology.

**Objectives:** Upon completion of this course the student should be able to:

- 1. Understand the mechanism of drug action and its relevance in the treatment of different infectious diseases
- 2. Comprehend the principles of toxicology and treatment of various poisonings and appreciate correlation of pharmacology with related medical sciences.

# **Course Content:**

UNIT-I

#### Pharmacology of drugs acting on Respiratory system

- a. Anti -asthmatic drugs
- b. Drugs used in the management of COPD
- c. Expectorants and antitussives
- d. Nasal decongestants
- e. Respiratory stimulants

#### Pharmacology of drugs acting on the Gastrointestinal Tract

- a. Antiulcer agents.
- b. Drugs for constipation and diarrhoea.
- c. Appetite stimulants and suppressants.
- d. Digestants and carminatives.
- e. Emetics and anti-emetics.

# **UNIT-II**

#### Chemotherapy

- a. General principles of chemotherapy.
- b. Sulfonamides and cotrimoxazole.
- c. Antibiotics- Penicillins, cephalosporins, chloramphenicol, macrolides, quinolones and fluoroquinolins, tetracycline and aminoglycosides

#### **UNIT-III**

#### Chemotherapy

- a. Antitubercular agents
- b. Antileprotic agents

10hr

#### 10hr

#### 10hr

- c. Antifungal agents
- d. Antiviral drugs
- a. Anthelmintics
- e. Antimalarial drugs
- f. Antiamoebic agents

#### **UNIT-IV**

#### Chemotherapy

- a. Urinary tract infections and sexually transmitted diseases.
- **b.** Chemotherapy of malignancy.

#### Immunopharmacology

- a. Immunostimulants
- b. Immunosuppressant

# Protein drugs, monoclonal antibodies, target drugs to antigen, biosimilars

#### **UNIT-V**

#### **Principles of toxicology**

- a. Definition and basic knowledge of acute, subacute and chronic toxicity.
- b. Definition and basic knowledge of genotoxicity, carcinogenicity, teratogenicity and mutagenicity
- c. General principles of treatment of poisoning
- d. Clinical symptoms and management of barbiturates, morphine, organophosphorus compound and lead, mercury and arsenic poisoning.

# Chronopharmacology

- a. Definition of rhythm and cycles.
- b. Biological clock and their significance leading to chronotherapy.

#### **Recommended Books (Latest Editions)**

1. Rang H. P., Dale M. M., Ritter J. M., Flower R. J., Rang and Dale"s Pharmacology, Churchil Livingstone Elsevier

# 07hr

08hr

- Katzung B. G., Masters S. B., Trevor A. J., Basic and clinical pharmacology, Tata McGraw-Hill
- 3. Goodman and Gilman"s, The Pharmacological Basis of Therapeutics
- Marry Anne K. K., Lloyd Yee Y., Brian K. A., Robbin L.C., Joseph G. B., Wayne A.K., Bradley R.W., Applied Therapeutics, The Clinical use of Drugs. The Point LippincottWilliams & Wilkins
- 5. Mycek M.J, Gelnet S.B and Perper M.M. Lippincott's Illustrated Reviews-Pharmacology
- 6. K.D.Tripathi. Essentials of Medical Pharmacology, JAYPEE Brothers MedicalPublishers (P) Ltd, New Delhi.
- 7. Sharma H. L., Sharma K. K., Principles of Pharmacology, Paras medical publisher
- 8. Modern Pharmacology with clinical Applications, by Charles R.Craig & Robert,
- 9. N.Udupa and P.D. Gupta, Concepts in Chronopharmacology.

# BP 603 T. HERBAL DRUG TECHNOLOGY (Theory)

**Scope:** This subject gives the student the knowledge of basic understanding of herbal drug industry, the quality of raw material, guidelines for quality of herbal drugs, herbal cosmetics, natural sweeteners, nutraceutical etc. The subject also emphasizes on Good Manufacturing Practices (GMP), patenting and regulatory issues of herbal drugs

**Objectives:** Upon completion of this course the student should be able to:

1. understand raw material as source of herbal drugs from cultivation to herbal drug product

- 2. know the WHO and ICH guidelines for evaluation of herbal drugs
- 3. know the herbal cosmetics, natural sweeteners, nutraceuticals
- 4. appreciate patenting of herbal drugs, GMP.

**Course content:** 

UNIT-I

Herbs as raw materials

Definition of herb, herbal medicine, herbal medicinal product, herbal drug preparation Source of Herbs Selection, identification and authentication of herbal materials Processing of herbal raw material

#### **Biodynamic Agriculture**

Good agricultural practices in cultivation of medicinal plants including Organic farming.

Pest and Pest management in medicinal plants: Biopesticides/Bioinsecticides.

#### **Indian Systems of Medicine**

a) Basic principles involved in Ayurveda, Siddha, Unani and Homeopathy

b) Preparation and standardization of Ayurvedic formulations viz Aristas and Asawas,

Ghutika, Churna, Lehya and Bhasma.

#### Pharmacognosy in various systems of medicine:

Role of Pharmacognosy in allopathy and traditional systems of medicine namely, Ayurveda, Unani, Siddha, Homeopathy and Chinese systems of medicine.

#### **UNIT-II**

#### 7 Hours

# Nutraceuticals

General aspects, Market, growth, scope and types of products available in the market. Health benefits and role of Nutraceuticals in ailments like Diabetes, CVS diseases, Cancer, Irritable bowel syndrome and various Gastro intestinal diseases.

Study of following herbs as health food: Alfaalfa, Chicory, Ginger, Fenugreek, Garlic, Honey, Amla, Ginseng, Ashwagandha, Spirulina

**Study of** Omega-3-polyunsaturated fatty acids, Dietary fibers, Carotenoids, proanthocyanidins, and Resveratrol

**Herbal-Drug and Herb-Food Interactions:** General introduction to interaction and classification. Study of following drugs and their possible side effects and interactions: Hypercium, kava-kava, Ginkobiloba, Ginseng, Garlic, Pepper & Ephedra

# UNIT-III Herbal Cosmetics

Market overview, "Sources and description of raw materials of herbal origin used via, fixed oils, waxes, gums colours, perfumes, protective agents, bleaching agents, antioxidants in products such as skin care, hair care and oral hygiene products.

#### Herbal excipients:

Market overview, Herbal Excipients – Significance of substances of natural origin as excipients – colorants, sweeteners, binders, diluents, viscosity builders, disintegrants, flavors & perfumes.

#### Herbal formulations :

Market overview, Conventional herbal formulations like syrups, mixtures and tablets and Novel dosage forms like phytosomes

#### UNIT-IV

# 12 Hours

**Evaluation of Drugs** WHO & ICH guidelines for the assessment of herbal drugs Stability testing of herbal drugs.

# Patenting and Regulatory requirements of natural products:

a) Definition of the terms: Patent, IPR, Farmers right, Breeder"s right, Bioprospecting and Biopiracy

b) Patenting aspects of Traditional Knowledge and Natural Products. Case study of Curcuma & Neem.

Regulatory Issues - Regulations in India (ASU DTAB, ASU DCC), Regulation of

manufacture of ASU drugs - Schedule Z of Drugs & Cosmetics Act for ASU drugs.

**Other issues related to export of natural products** (such as CITES Certificate, DGFT Notification, Negative list of herbs, TRAFFIC)

# UNIT-V

# **05Hours**

# General Introduction to Herbal Industry

- Herbal drugs industry: Present scope and future prospects.
- A brief account of plant based industries and institutions involved in work on medicinal and aromatic plants in India.

# Schedule T – GoodManufacturing Practice of Indian systems of medicine

- Components of GMP (Schedule T) and its objectives
- Infrastructural requirements, working space, storage area, machinery and equipments, standard operating procedures, health and hygiene, documentation and records.

# **BP 604 T. BIOPHARMACEUTICS AND PHARMACOKINETICS (Theory)** 45 Hours

**Scope:** This subject is designed to impart knowledge and skills of Biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics and their applications in pharmaceutical dosage form development.

**Objectives:** Upon completion of the course student shall be able to:

- Understand the basic concepts in biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics and their significance.
- Use plasma drug concentration-time data to calculate the pharmacokinetic parameters to describe the kinetics of drug absorption, distribution, metabolism, excretion, elimination.
- Understand the concepts of bioavailability and bioequivalence of drug products and their significance.
- Understand the concept of dissolution and application of in vitro in vivo correlation in drug product development.

# **Course Content:**

UNIT-I

# **Introduction to Biopharmaceutics**

**Absorption**: Mechanisms of drug absorption through GIT, factors influencing drug absorption though GIT, absorption of drug from Non per oral extra-vascular routes;

**Distribution:** Tissue permeability of drugs, binding of drugs, apparent volume of drug distribution, plasma and tissue protein binding, factors affecting protein-drug binding. Kinetics of protein binding, Clinical significance of protein binding of drugs

UNIT- II

**10 Hours** 

**Elimination:** Drug metabolism and basic understanding, metabolic pathways, factors affecting drug metabolism, renal excretion of drugs, factors affecting renal excretion of drugs, renal clearance, Non renal routes of drug excretion of drugs

Biopharmaceutical classification system, theories of dissolution, dissolution test apparatus, dissolution models, *in-vitro-in-vivo* correlations

#### **UNIT-III**

**Bioavailability and Bioequivalence:** Definition and Objectives of bioavailability, absolute and relative bioavailability, measurement of bioavailability, bioequivalence studies and study designs, Review of regulatory requirements for conducting bioequivalence study, bio-waivers, methods to enhance the dissolution rates and bioavailability of poorly soluble drugs.

#### UNIT- IV

**Pharmacokinetics:** Definition and introduction to Pharmacokinetics, Compartment models, Non compartment models, physiological models, One compartment open model (a) Intravenous Injection (Bolus) (b) Intravenous infusion and (c) Extra vascular administrations. Pharmacokinetics parameters - KE,  $t_{1/2}$ , Vd, AUC, Ka, CL<sub>T</sub> and CL<sub>R</sub>- definitions methods of eliminations, understanding of their significance and application. Introduction to multi-compartment model.

#### UNIT- V

**Nonlinear Pharmacokinetics:** Introduction, Factors causing Non-linearity, Michaelis-menten equation, Determination of  $V_{max}$  and  $K_m$ . Significance of nonlinear pharmacokinetics, Explanation with example of drugs.

#### **Recommended Books: (Latest Editions)**

- 1. Biopharmaceutics and Clinical Pharmacokinetics by, Milo Gibaldi.
- 2. Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics; By Robert F Notari
- 3. Applied biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics, Leon Shargel and Andrew B.C.YU 4th edition, Prentice-Hall Inernational edition.USA

#### **05 Hours**

# **10 Hours**

- Bio pharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics-A Treatise, By D. M. Brahmankar and Sunil B.Jaiswal,Vallabh Prakashan Pitampura, Delhi
- 5. Pharmacokinetics: By Milo Glbaldi Donald, R. Mercel Dekker Inc.
- Hand Book of Clinical Pharmacokinetics, By Milo Gibaldi and Laurie Prescott by ADIS Health Science Press.
- 7. Biopharmaceutics; By Swarbrick
- 8. Clinical Pharmacokinetics, Concepts and Applications: By Rowland M, Tozer T, Ed 4, WolterKluwers Lippincott, Williams and Wilkins.
- 9. Dissolution, Bioavailability and Bioequivalence, By Abdou H.M, Mack, Publishing Company, Pennsylvania 1989.
- Biopharmaceutics and Clinical Pharmacokinetics-An introduction 4th edition Revised and expanded by Rebort F Notari Marcel Dekker Inn, New York and Basel, 1987. Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences, ByMack Publishing Company, Pennsylvnia.

# **BP 605 T. PHARMACEUTICAL BIOTECHNOLOGY(Theory)** 45 Hours

- Biotechnology has a long promise to revolutionize the biological sciences and technology.
- Scientific application of biotechnology in the field of genetic engineering, medicine and fermentation technologymakes the subject interesting.
- Biotechnology is leading to new biological revolutions in diagnosis, prevention and cure of diseases, new and cheaper pharmaceuticaldrugs.
- Biotechnology has already produced transgenic crops and animals and thefuture promises lot more.
- It is basically a research-basedsubject.

**Objectives**: Upon completion of the subject student shall be able to;

- 1. Understanding the importance of Immobilized enzymes in Pharmaceutical Industries
- 2. Genetic engineering applications in relation to production of pharmaceuticals
- 3. Importance of Monoclonal antibodies inIndustries
- 4. Appreciate the use of microorganisms in fermentationtechnology

#### Unit I

#### 10 Hours

Brief introduction to Biotechnology with reference to Pharmaceutical Sciences.

Enzyme Biotechnology- Methods of enzyme immobilization and applications.

Biosensors- Working and applications of biosensors in Pharmaceutical Industries.

Brief introduction to Protein Engineering.

Use of microbes in industry. Production of Enzymes- General consideration - Amylase, Catalase, Peroxidase, Lipase, Protease, Penicillinase.

Basic principles of genetic engineering.

# Unit II

#### **10 Hours**

10 Hours

Study of cloning vectors, restriction endonucleases and DNAligase.

Recombinant DNA technology. Application of genetic engineering inmedicine.

Application of r DNA technology and genetic engineering in the productionof:

i) Interferon ii) Vaccines- hepatitis- B iii) Hormones-Insulin.

Brief introduction toPCR139

# Unit III

Types of immunity- humoral immunity, cellular immunity

Structure of Immunoglobulins

Structure and Function of MHC

Hypersensitivity reactions, Immune stimulation and Immune suppressions.

General method of the preparation of bacterial vaccines, toxoids, viral vaccine, antitoxins, serum-immune blood derivatives and other products relative to immunity.

Storage conditions and stability of official vaccines

Hybridoma technology- Production, Purification and Applications

# Unit IV

**08Hours** 

Immuno blotting techniques- ELISA, Western blotting, Southern blotting.

Microbial genetics including transformation, transduction, conjugation, plasmidsand transposons.

Introduction to Microbial biotransformation and applications.

Mutation: Types of mutation/mutants.

# Unit V

# **07 Hours**

Fermentation methods and general requirements, study of media, equipments, sterilization methods, aeration process, stirring.

Large scale production fermenter design and its variouscontrols.

Study of the production of - penicillins, Vitamin B12, Glutamicacid,

Blood Products: Collection, Processing and Storage of whole human blood, dried human plasma, plasmaSubstituties.

#### **Recommended Books (Latest edition):**

1. B.R. Glick and J.J. Pasternak: Molecular Biotechnology: Principles and Applications of Recombinant DNA: ASM Press WashingtonD.C.

2. RA Goldshyet. al., :KubyImmunology.

3. J.W. Goding: MonoclonalAntibodies.

4. J.M. Walker and E.B. Gingold: Molecular Biology and Biotechnology byRoyal Society of Chemistry.

5. Zaborsky: Immobilized Enzymes, CRC Press, Degraland, Ohio.

6. S.B. Primrose: Molecular Biotechnology (Second Edition) BlackwellScientific Publication.

7. Stanbury F., P., Whitakar A., and Hall J., S., Principles of fermentationtechnology, 2nd edition, Aditya books Ltd., NewDelhi.

# **BP 606T PHARMACEUTICAL QUALITY ASSURANCE (Theory) 45 Hours** Scope:

This course deals with the various aspects of quality control and qualityassurance aspects of pharmaceutical industries. It deals with the important aspects likecGMP, QC tests, documentation, quality certifications and regulatory affairs.

#### **Objectives:**

Upon completion of the course student shall be able to:

- 1. Understand the cGMP aspects in a pharmaceutical industry
- 2. Appreciate the importance of documentation
- 3. Understand the scope of quality certifications applicable to pharmaceutical industries
- 4. Understand the responsibilities of QA & QC departments

#### **COURSE CONTENT**

UNIT – I

#### **10 Hours**

**Quality Assurance and Quality Management concepts:** Definition and concept of Quality control, Quality assurance and GMP, Introduction to Regulatory agencies like CDSCO, USFDA, WHO, PIC/S.

Total Quality Management (TQM): Definition, elements, philosophies

ICH Guidelines: Brief overview of QSEM, ICH stability testing guidelines

Quality by design (QbD): Definition, Overview, Elements of QbD program

ISO 9000 & ISO14000: Overview, Benefits and Elements

NABL accreditation : Principles and procedures

#### UNIT - II

Organization and personnel: Personnel responsibilities, training, hygiene and personal records.

Premises: Design, construction and plant layout, maintenance, sanitation, environmental control, utilities and maintenance of sterile areas, control of contamination.

Equipments and raw materials: Equipment selection, purchase specifications, maintenance, purchase specifications and maintenance of stores for raw materials.

#### UNIT – III

**Quality Control of Packaging material:** Quality control test for containers, rubber closures and secondary packing materials.

**Good Laboratory Practices & Role of CPCSEA** 

#### UNIT – IV

Complaints: Complaints and evaluation of complaints, Handling of return good, recalling andwaste disposal.

Document maintenance in pharmaceutical industry in brief: Batch Formula Record, Master Formula Record, SOP, distribution records.

# UNIT - V

Calibration and Validation: Introduction, definition and general principles of calibration, qualification and validation, importance and scope of validation, type of validation.

# General principles of Analytical method Validation.

Warehousing: Good warehousing practice, materials management

#### **Recommended Books: (Latest Edition)**

1. Quality Assurance Guide by organization of Pharmaceutical Products of India.

2. Good Laboratory Practice Regulations, 2nd Edition, SandyWeinberg Vol. 69.

3. Quality Assurance of Pharmaceuticals- A compendium of Guide lines and Relatedmaterials Vol IWHO Publications.

4. A guide to Total QualityManagement- Kushik Maitra and Sedhan K Ghosh

# **10 Hours**

# **08 Hours**

**10 Hours** 

- 5. How to Practice GMP"s P P Sharma.
- 6. ISO 9000 and Total QualityManagement Sadhank G Ghosh
- 7. The International Pharmacopoeia Vol I, II, III, IV- General Methods of Analysisand

Quality specification for Pharmaceutical Substances, Excipients and Dosageforms

- 8. Good laboratory Practices Marcel Deckker Series
- 9. ICH guidelines, ISO 9000 and 14000 guidelines142

10. Pharmaceutical Quality Assurance – Sohan Chitlange, Sanjeevani Deshkar, Rupali Kale and Bhupesh Patil

BP607P. MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY-III (Practical)		4 Hours / week
Ι	Preparation of drugs and intermediates (Any six)	10 turns
1.	Sulphanilamide	
2.	7-Hydroxy, 4-methyl coumarin	
3.	Chlorobutanol	
4.	Triphenyl imidazole	
5.	Tolbutamide	
6.	Hexamine	
7	Paracetamol	
8.	Methyl salicylate	
9.	Caprolactum	
II	<b>II</b> Preparation of medicinally important compounds or intermediates by Microwave	
sy	nthesis (any two)	02 turns
II	Drawing structures and reactions using Chem draw®	01 turn
IV	Determination of physicochemical properties such as lo	gP, clogP, MR, Molecular
we	eight	01 turn
V	V Hydrogen bond donors and acceptors for class of drugs using drug design	
SO	ftware Drug likeliness screening (Lipinskies RO5)	01 turn

# **Recommended Books (Latest Editions)**

- 1. Martindale"s extra pharmacopoeia.
- 2. Organic Chemistry by I. L. Finar Vol II

- 3. The Organic Chemistry of Drug Synthesis by Lednicer, Vol. 1to 5.
- 4. Indian Pharmacopoeia.
- 5. Text book of practical organic chemistry-A.I.Vogel.
- 6. Medicinal Chemistry By Ashutosh Kar

7. Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry: Part II Fourth Edition, A. H. Beckett, J. B. Stenlake.

# BP 608 P. PHARMACOLOGY-III (Practical)

# 4Hrs/Week

# Sr. No Experiment

- 1. Study of anti-ulcer activity of a drug using pylorus ligand (SHAY) rat model and NSAIDS induced ulcer model.
- 2. Study of effect of drugs on gastrointestinal motility
- 3. Effect of agonist and antagonists on guinea pig ileum
- 4. Estimation of serum biochemical parameters by using semi- autoanalyser
- 5. Effect of saline purgative on frog intestine
- 6. Hypoglycemic effect of insulin in rabbit
- 7. Test for pyrogens (rabbit method)
- 8. Determination of acute oral toxicity (LD50) of a drug from a given data
- 9. Determination of acute skin irritation / corrosion of a test substance
- 10. Determination of acute eye irritation / corrosion of a test substance
- 11. Calculation of pharmacokinetic parameters from a given data
- 12. Biostatistics methods in experimental pharmacology( student"s t test, ANOVA)
- Biostatistics methods in experimental pharmacology (Chi square test, Wilcoxon Signed Rank test)
- 14. Bioassay of serotonin using rat fundus strip by three point bioassay.
- 15. Bioassay of acetylcholine using rat ileum/colon by four point bioassay.
- 16. Study of mydriatic and miotic effects on rabbit eye.

\*Experiments are demonstrated by simulated experiments/videos

# **Recommended Books (Latest Editions)**

- Ghosh MN. Fundamentals of Experimental Pharmacology. Hilton & Company, Kolkata.
- 2. Kulkarni SK. Handbook of experimental pharmacology. Vallabh Prakashan.
- 3. Goyal RK. Practicals in Pharmacology, BS Shaha Prakashan.
- 4. Kasture SB. A handbook of experiments in pre-clinical pharmacology, Career Publications.

4 hours/ week

 Bikas Medhi, Ajay Prakash. Practical Manual of Experimental and Clinical Pharmacology. Jaypee Publications.

# BP 609 P. HERBAL DRUG TECHNOLOGY (Practical)

1. To perform preliminary phytochemical screening of crude drugs.

- 2. Determination of the alcohol content of Asava and Arista
- 3. Evaluation of excipients of natural origin
- 4. Incorporation of prepared and standardized extract in cosmetic formulations like creams, lotions and shampoos and their evaluation.

5. Incorporation of prepared and standardized extract in formulations like syrups, mixtures and tablets and their evaluation as per Pharmacopoeial requirements.

- 6. Monograph analysis of herbal drugs from recent Pharmacopoeias
- 7. Determination of Aldehyde content
- 8. Determination of Phenol content
- 9. Determination of total alkaloids

# **Recommended Books: (Latest Editions)**

- 1. Textbook of Pharmacognosy by Trease & Evans.
- 2. Textbook of Pharmacognosy by Tyler, Brady & Robber.
- 3. Pharmacognosy by Kokate, Purohit and Gokhale
- 4. Essential of Pharmacognosy by Dr.S.H.Ansari
- 5. Pharmacognosy & Phytochemistry by V.D.Rangari
- 6. Pharmacopoeal standards for Ayurvedic Formulation (Council of Research in

Indian Medicine & Homeopathy)

7. Mukherjee, P.W. Quality Control of Herbal Drugs: An Approach to Evaluation of Botanicals. Business Horizons Publishers, New Delhi, India, 2002.

8. B.A.Baviskar, S.L.Deore, Dr.S.S.Khadbadi : Experimental Phytopharmacognosy, Nirali Publication

# SAVITRIBAI PHULE PUNE UNIVERSITY

FACULTY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY



# **COURSE STRUCTURE AND SYLLABUS**

FINAL YEAR BACHELOR OF PHARMACY (B. Pharm.) 2019PATTERN (EFFECTIVE FROM ACADEMIC YEAR 2022 – 2023)

# FINAL YEAR B. PHARM SEMESTER – VII

BP701T	INSTRUMENTAL METHODS OF ANALYSIS	45
Br /011	(Theory)	Hours

#### Scope:

This subject deals with the application of instrumental methods in qualitative and quantitative analysis of drugs. This subject is designed to impart a fundamental knowledge on the principles and instrumentation of spectroscopic and chromatographic technique. This also emphasizes on theoretical and practical knowledge on modern analytical instruments that are used for drug testing.

### **Objectives:**

Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to:

- 1. Upon completion of the course the student shall be ableto
- 2. Illustrate the interaction of matter with electromagnetic radiations and justify its applications in drug analysis
- 3. Classifythechromatographicseparationmethodsandchooseappropriatetechniquefor analysis of drugs.
- 4. Design methods for performing quantitative & qualitative analysis of drugs using various analytical instruments.

### **Course Content:**

#### UNIT - I

#### **UV Visible spectroscopy**

Introduction to spectroscopy, Electronic transitions, chromophores, auxochromes, spectral shifts, solvent effect on absorption spectra, Beer and Lambert's law, Derivation and deviations.

Instrumentation - Sources of radiation, wavelength selectors, sample cells, detectors- Photo tube, Photomultiplier tube, Photo voltaic cell, Silicon Photodiode. Hours

10

Applications - Spectrophotometric titrations, Single component and multi component Analysis

#### Fluorimetry

Theory, Concepts of singlet, doublet and triplet electronic states, internal and external conversions, factors affecting fluorescence, quenching, instrumentation and applications

UNIT	-II	
FTIR	spectroscopy	
	Introduction, fundamental modes of vibrations in poly atomic molecules, sample handling, factors affecting vibrations	10
	Instrumentation - Sources of radiation, wavelength selectors, detectors - Golay cell, Bolometer, Thermocouple, Thermister, Pyroelectric detector, FTIR instrument, sample handling attachments –DRS and ATR and applications	Hours
Flame	Photometry	
	Principle, interferences, instrumentation and applications	
	Atomic absorption spectroscopy	
	Principle, interferences, instrumentation and Applications	
	Nepheloturbidimetry	
	Introduction	
UNIT	-111	
	Introduction to chromatography -	
	Adsorption and partition column chromatography:	
	Methodology, advantages, disadvantages and applications.	
	Paper chromatography:	
	Introduction, methodology, development techniques, advantages, disadvantages and applications	10 Hours
	Thin layer chromatography:	
	Introduction, Principle, Methodology, Rf values, advantages, disadvantages and applications.	
	HPTLC:	
	Introduction, Instrumentation and applications	
UNIT	-IV	
	Theory of Chromatography	
	Plate theory, Rate theory, System suitability parameters	
	Gas chromatography	08
	Introduction, theory, instrumentation, temperatureprogramming, advantages, disadvantages and applications	Hours
	High performance liquid chromatography (HPLC)	
	Introduction, theory, instrumentation, advantages and applications.	

UNIT –V	UNIT –V	
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UNIT	-V	
	Ion exchange chromatography-	
	Introduction, classification, ion exchange resins, properties, mechanism of ion exchange process, factors affecting ion exchange, methodology and applications	07 Hours
	Gel chromatography-	
	Introduction, theory, instrumentation and applications Affinity chromatography- Introduction	
Recon	nmended Books (Latest Editions):	
1.	Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis by B.K Sharma	
2.	Organic spectroscopy by Y.RSharma	
3.	Text book of Pharmaceutical Analysis by Kenneth A.Connors	
4.	Vogel's Text book of Quantitative Chemical Analysis by A.I.Vogel	
5.	Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry by A.H. Beckett and J.B.Stenlake	
6.	Organic Chemistry by I. L.Finar	
7.	Organic spectroscopy by WilliamKemp	
8.	Quantitative Analysis of Drugs by D. C.Garrett	
9.	Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical Formulations by P. D.Sethi	
10.	Spectrophotometric identification of Organic Compounds bySilverstein.	

Ι

BP70	2T INDUSTRIAL PHARMACY -II (Theory)	45 Hours
Scope	:	
	ourse is designed to impart fundamental knowledge on pharmaceutical product opment and translation from laboratory to market.	
Obje	tives: Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to:	
1.	Know the process of pilot plant and scale up of pharmaceutical dosage forms	
2.	Understand the process of technology transfer from lab scale to commercial ba	atch
3.	Know different Laws and Acts that regulate pharmaceutical industry	
4.	Understand the approval process and regulatory requirements for drug product	S
Cour	se Content:	
re or	eneral considerations - including significance of personnel requirements, space quirements, raw materials, Pilot plant scale up considerations for solids, liquid als, semi solids and relevant documentation, SUPAC guidelines, Introduction platform technology.	10 Hours
UNIT		
Tech	ology development and transfer:	
tra (P fin ec tra pr	HO guidelines for Technology Transfer (TT): Terminology, Technology insfer protocol, Quality risk management, Transfer from R & D to production rocess, packaging and cleaning), Granularity of TT Process (API, excipients, hished products, packaging materials) Documentation, Premises and uipments, qualification and validation, quality control, analytical method insfer, Approved regulatory bodies and agencies, Commercialization- acticalaspectsandproblems(casestudies), TTagencies in India - APCTD, RDC, TIFAC, BCIL, TBSE / SIDBI; TT related documentation -	10 Hours

	<b>Regulatory affairs:</b> Introduction, Historical overview of Regulatory Affairs, Regulatory authorities, Role of Regulatory affairs department, Responsibility of Regulatory Affairs Professionals	
Re	egulatory requirements for drug approval:	
	Drug Development Teams, Non-Clinical Drug Development, Pharmacology, Drug MetabolismandToxicology,GeneralconsiderationsofInvestigationalNewDrug(IN	10 Hours
	D) Application,Investigator'sBrochure(IB)andNewDrugApplication(NDA),Clinical research / BE studies, Clinical Research Protocols, Biostatistics in Pharmaceutical	
	Product Development, Data Presentation for FDA Submissions, Management of Clinical Studies.	
	UNIT-IV	
	Indian Regulatory Requirements: Central Drug Standard Control Organization (CDSCO) and State Licensing Authority: Organization, Responsibilities, Certificate of Pharmaceutical Product (COPP), Regulatory requirements and approval procedures for New Drugs.	07 Hours
UI	Indian Regulatory Requirements: Central Drug Standard Control Organization (CDSCO) and State Licensing Authority: Organization, Responsibilities, Certificate of Pharmaceutical Product (COPP), Regulatory requirements and approval procedures for New	-
UI Qu	<ul> <li>Indian Regulatory Requirements:</li> <li>Central Drug Standard Control Organization (CDSCO) and State Licensing Authority: Organization, Responsibilities, Certificate of Pharmaceutical Product (COPP), Regulatory requirements and approval procedures for New Drugs.</li> <li>NIT-V vality management systems:</li> <li>Quality management &amp; Certifications: Concept of Quality, Total Quality Management, Quality by Design (QbD), Six Sigma concept, Out of Specifications (OOS), Change control, Introduction to ISO 9000 series of</li> </ul>	Hours 08
UI Qu Re	<ul> <li>Indian Regulatory Requirements:</li> <li>Central Drug Standard Control Organization (CDSCO) and State Licensing Authority: Organization, Responsibilities, Certificate of Pharmaceutical Product (COPP), Regulatory requirements and approval procedures for New Drugs.</li> <li>NIT-V</li> <li>vality management systems:</li> <li>Quality management &amp; Certifications: Concept of Quality, Total Quality Management, Quality by Design (QbD), Six Sigma concept, Out of Specifications (OOS), Change control, Introduction to ISO 9000 series of quality systems standards, ISO 14000, NABL, GLP</li> </ul>	Hours 08
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UI Qu Re 1.	Indian Regulatory Requirements: Central Drug Standard Control Organization (CDSCO) and State Licensing Authority: Organization, Responsibilities, Certificate of Pharmaceutical Product (COPP), Regulatory requirements and approval procedures for New Drugs. NIT-V Tality management systems: Quality management & Certifications: Concept of Quality, Total Quality Management, Quality by Design (QbD), Six Sigma concept, Out of Specifications (OOS), Change control, Introduction to ISO 9000 series of quality systems standards, ISO 14000, NABL, GLP commended Books: (Latest Editions) Regulatory Affairs from Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia modified on 7 <sup>th</sup> April available at http,//en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Regulatory_Affairs. International Regulatory Affairs Updates, 2005.available	Hours 08

In the changing scenario of pharmacy practice in India, for successful practice of Hospital Pharmacy, the students are required to learn various skills like drug distribution, drug information, and therapeutic drug monitoring for improved patient care. In community pharmacy, students will be learning various skills such and dispensing of drugs, responding to minor ailments by providing suitable safe medication, patient counseling for improved patient care in the community setup.

# **Objectives:**

Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to:

- 1. Know various drug distribution methods in a hospital
- 2. Appreciate the pharmacy stores management and inventory control
- 3. Monitor drug therapy of patient through medication chart review and clinical review.
- 4. Obtain medication history interview and counsel the patients
- 5. Identify drug related problems
- 6. Detect and assess adverse drug reactions
- 7. Interpret selected laboratory results (as monitoring parameters in therapeutics) of specific disease states
- 8. Know pharmaceutical care services
- 9. Do patient counseling in community pharmacy;
- 10. Appreciate the concept of rational drug therapy.

# **Course Content:**

#### UNIT-I

# Hospital and it's organization

Definition, Classification of hospital- Primary, Secondary and Tertiary hospitals, Classification based on clinical and non- clinical basis, Organization Structure of a Hospital, and Medical staffs involved in the hospital and their functions.

#### Hospital pharmacy and its organization

Definition, functions of hospital pharmacy, Organization structure, Location, Layout and staff requirements, and Responsibilities and functions of hospital pharmacists.

#### Adverse drug reaction

Classifications - Excessive pharmacological effects, secondary pharmacological effects, idiosyncrasy, allergic drug reactions, genetically determined toxicity, toxicity following sudden withdrawal of drugs, Drug interaction- beneficial interactions, adverse interactions, and pharmacokinetic drug interactions, Methods for detecting drug interactions ,spontaneous case reports and record linkage

studies, and Adverse drug reaction reporting and management.	
Community Pharmacy	
Organization and structure of retail and wholesale drug store, types and design,	
Legal	
requirementsforestablishmentandmaintenanceofadrugstore, Dispensing of propriet	
ary products, maintenance of records of retail and wholesale drugstore.	
UNIT-II	10
Drug distribution system in a hospital	Hour
Dispensing of drugs to inpatients, types of drug distribution systems, charging	
policy and labelling, dispensing of drugs to ambulatory patients ,and Dispensing	
of controlled drugs. <b>Hospital formulary</b>	
Definition, contents of hospital formulary, Differentiation of hospital formulary	
and Drug list, preparation and revision, and addition and deletion of drug from	
hospital formulary. Therapeutic drug monitoring	
Need for Therapeutic Drug Monitoring, Factors to be considered during the	
Therapeutic Drug Monitoring, and Indian scenario for Therapeutic Drug	
Monitoring. Medication adherence	
-	
Causes of medication non-adherence, pharmacist role in the medication	
adherence, and monitoring of patient medication adherence.	
<b>Patient medication history interview</b> Need for the patient medication history interview, medication interview forms.	
<b>Community pharmacy management</b> Financial, materials, staff, and infrastructure requirements.	
T material, materials, starr, and mitastructure requirements.	
UNIT-III	
Pharmacy and therapeutic committee	
Organization, functions, Policies of the pharmacy and therapeutic	
committee in including drugs into formulary, inpatient and outpatient	
committee in including drugs into formulary, inpatient and outpatient prescription, automatic stop order, and emergency drug list preparation.	
prescription, automatic stop order, and emergency drug list preparation.	
prescription, automatic stop order, and emergency drug list preparation. Drug information services	
prescription, automatic stop order, and emergency drug list preparation. <b>Drug information services</b> Drug and Poison information centre, Sources ofdrug information,	10
prescription, automatic stop order, and emergency drug list preparation. <b>Drug information services</b> Drug and Poison information centre, Sources ofdrug information, Computerized services, and storage and retrieval of information.	
prescription, automatic stop order, and emergency drug list preparation. <b>Drug information services</b> Drug and Poison information centre, Sources ofdrug information, Computerized services, and storage and retrieval of information. <b>Patient counseling</b>	
prescription, automatic stop order, and emergency drug list preparation. <b>Drug information services</b> Drug and Poison information centre, Sources ofdrug information, Computerized services, and storage and retrieval of information. <b>Patient counseling</b> Definition of patient counseling; steps involved in patient counseling, and	Hou
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UNI	IT-IV	
	get preparation and implementation Budget preparation and lementation Clinical Pharmacy	
resp char	oduction to Clinical Pharmacy, Concept of clinical pharmacy, functions and onsibilities of clinical pharmacist ,Drug therapy monitoring-medication t review, clinical review, pharmacist intervention, Ward round participation, lication history and Pharmaceutical care.	08 Hour
Dos	ing pattern and drug therapy based on Pharmacokinetic & disease pattern.	S
Ove	er the counter (OTC) sales	
	Introduction and sale of over the counter, and Rational use of common over the counter medications.	
UNI	IT-V	
Dru	g store management and inventory control	
	Organization of drug store, types of materials stocked and storage conditions, Purchase and inventory control: principles, purchase procedure, purchase order, procurement and stocking, Economic order quantity, Reorder quantity level, and Methods used for the analysis of the drug expenditure.	07 Hour
Inve	estigational use of drugs	S
	Description, principals involved, classification, control, identification, role of hospital pharmacist, advisory committee.	
Inte	rpretation of Clinical Laboratory Tests	
Bloc	od chemistry, hematology, and urinalysis	
Rec	ommended Books (Latest Edition):	
1.	Merchant S.H. and Dr. J. S. Quadry. A textbook of hospital pharmacy, 4th ed. Ahmadabad: B.S. Shah Prakakshan;2001.	
2.	Parthasarathi G, Karin Nyfort-Hansen, Milap C Nahata. A textbook of Clinical Pharmacy Practice- essential concepts and skills, 1 <sup>st</sup> ed. Chennai: Orient Longman Private Limited;2004.	
3.	William E. Hassan. Hospital pharmacy, 5 <sup>th</sup> ed. Philadelphia: Lea &Febiger1986.	
4.	Tipnis Bajaj. Hospital Pharmacy, 1 <sup>st</sup> ed. Maharashtra: Career Publications;2008.	
5.	Scott LT. Basic skills in interpreting laboratory data, 4thed. American Society of Health System Pharmacists Inc;2009.	
6.	Parmar N.S. Health Education and Community Pharmacy, 18th ed. India:	

CBS Publishers & Distributers;2008.

# Journals:

- 1. Therapeutic drug monitoring. ISSN:0163-4356
- 2. Journal of pharmacy practice. ISSN:0974-8326
- 3. American journal of health system pharmacy. ISSN: 1535-2900(online)
- 4. Pharmacy times (Monthly magazine)

This subject is designed to impart basic knowledge on the area of novel drug delivery systems.

# **Objectives:**

Upon completion of the course student shall be able

- 1. To understand various approaches for development of novel drug delivery systems.
- 2. To understand the criteria for selection of drugs and polymers for the development of novel drug delivery systems, their formulation and evaluation.

### **Course Content:**

UNIT-I	
Controlled drug delivery systems:	
Introduction, terminology/definitions and rationale, advantages, disadvantages, selection of drug candidates. Approaches to design controlled release formulations based on diffusion, dissolution and ion exchange principles. Physicochemical and biological properties of drugs relevant to controlled release formulations	10 Hours
Polymers:	
Introduction, classification, properties, advantages and application of polymers in formulation of controlled release drug delivery systems.	
UNIT-II	
Microencapsulation:	
Definition, advantages and disadvantages, microspheres /microcapsules, microparticles, methods of microencapsulation, applications	
Mucosal Drug Delivery system:	10 Hawne
Introduction, Principles of bioadhesion / mucoadhesion, concepts, advantages and disadvantages, transmucosal permeability and formulation considerations of buccal delivery systems	10 Hours
Implantable Drug Delivery Systems:	
Introduction, advantages and disadvantages, concept of implants and osmotic pump.	

UNIT-III	
Transdermal Drug Delivery Systems:	
Introduction, Permeation through skin, factors affecting permeation, permeation enhancers, basic components of TDDS, formulation approaches.	
Gastroretentive drug delivery systems:	
Introduction, advantages, disadvantages, approaches for GRDDS $-$ Floating, high density systems, inflatable and gastro adhesive systems and their applications	10 Hours
Nasopulmonary drug delivery system:	
Introduction to Nasal and Pulmonary routes of drug delivery ,Formulation of Inhalers(dry powder and metered dose), nasal sprays,nebulizers.	
UNIT-IV	
Targeted drug Delivery:	
Concepts and approaches advantages and disadvantages, introduction to liposomes, niosomes, nanoparticles, monoclonal antibodies and their applications.	08 Hours
UNIT-V	
Ocular Drug Delivery Systems:	
Introduction, intra ocular barriers and methods to overcome –Preliminary study, ocular formulations and ocuserts	07.11
Intrauterine Drug Delivery Systems:	07 Hours
Introduction, advantages and disadvantages, development of intra uterine devices (IUDs) and applications	
Recommended Books: (Latest Editions)	
1. Y W. Chien, Novel Drug Delivery Systems, 2nd edition, revised and expanded, Marcel Dekker, Inc., New York, 1992.	
2. Robinson, J. R., Lee V. H. L, Controlled Drug Delivery Systems, Marcel Dekker, Inc., New York, 1992.	
3. Encyclopedia of Controlled Delivery. Edith Mathiowitz, Published by Wiley Interscience Publication, John Wiley and Sons, Inc, New York.Chichester/Weinheim	
<ol> <li>N.K. Jain, Controlled and Novel Drug Delivery, CBS Publishers &amp;Distributors, New Delhi, First edition 1997 (reprint in 2001).</li> </ol>	
5. S.P. Vyas and R.K. Khar, Controlled Drug Delivery -concepts and advances, VallabhPrakashan, New Delhi, First edition2002.	

Jo	ournals		
1.	Indian	Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences(IPA)	
2.	Indian	Drugs(IDMA)	
3.	Journa	l of Controlled Release (Elsevier Sciences)	
4.	Drug I	Development and Industrial Pharmacy (Marcel & Decker)	
Inter	rnation	al Journal of Pharmaceutics (Elsevier Sciences)	
BP7	705P	INSTRUMENTAL METHODS OF ANALYSIS (Practical)	04 Hours/ Week
1.	Weig	hts and measures and pharmacopoeia inanalysis	
2.		mination of absorption maxima and effect of solvent on absorptior iccompounds	n maxima of
3.	-	v of Drug product as per IP (Assay of Paracetamol tablet by UV-rophotometry)	
4.	Assay	of Drug product by Calibration curvemethod	
5.	Assay	of any drug/drug product bycolorimetry.	
6.	Simul analy:	taneous estimation of multicomponent formulation by UV spectro sis)	scopy(SE/Q
7.	Estim	ation of drug by fluorimetry	
8.	Study	of quenching of fluorescence	
9.	Deter	mination of sodium and potassium by flame photometry	
10.	Separ	ation of amino acids by paper chromatography	
11.	Separ	ation of sugars by thin layer chromatography	
12.	Separ	ation of plant pigments by columnchromatography	
13.	Demo	onstration of HPLC instrument	
14.	Demo	onstration of FTIRinstrument	
15.		retation of spectra of organic compounds by IR spectroscopy aspenacopoeia	r

### **Recommended Books (Latest Editions)**

- 1. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis by B.KSharma
- 2. Organic spectroscopy by Y.RSharma
- 3. Text book of Pharmaceutical Analysis by Kenneth A. Connors
- 4. Vogel's Text book of Quantitative Chemical Analysis by A.I.Vogel
- 5. Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry by A.H. Beckett and J.B.Stenlake
- 6. Organic Chemistry by I. L.Finar
- 7. Organic spectroscopy by WilliamKemp
- 8. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs by D. C. Garrett
- 9. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical Formulations by P. D. Sethi
- 10. HPLC by P.D.Sethi
- 11. HPTLC by P.D. Sethi
- 12. Spectrophotometric identification of Organic Compounds bySilverstein

In the VII semester, every candidate shall undergo practice school for a period of 150 hours evenly distributed throughout the semester. The student shall opt any one of the domains for practice school declared by the program committee from time to time.

At the end of the practice school, every student shall submit a printed report (in triplicate) on the practice school he/she attended (not more than 25 pages). Along with the exams of semester VII, the report submitted by the student, knowledge and skills acquired by the student through practice school shall be evaluated by the subject experts at college level and grade point shall be awarded.

### SEMESTER – VIII

# BP801T BIOSTATISTICS AND RESEARCH METHODOLOGY (Theory)

#### Scope:

To understand the applications of Biostatics in Pharmacy. This subject deals with descriptive statistics, Graphics, Correlation, Regression, logistic regression Probability theory, Sampling technique, Parametric tests, Non Parametric tests, ANOVA, Introduction to Design of Experiments, Phases of Clinical trials and Observational and Experimental studies, SPSS, R and MINITAB statistical software's, analyzing the statistical data using Excel.

# **Objectives:**

Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to

- 1. Know the operation of M.S. Excel, SPSS, R and MINITAB®, DoE (Design of Experiment)
- 2. Know the various statistical techniques to solve statistical problems
- 3. Appreciate statistical techniques in solving the problems.

#### **Course content:**

UNIT-I Introduction: Statistics, Biostatistics, Frequency distribution Measures of central tendency: Mean, Median, Mode- Pharmaceutical examples Measures of dispersion: Dispersion, Range, standard deviation, Pharmaceutical problems Correlation: Definition,KarlPearson'scoefficientofcorrelation,Multiplecorrelation- Pharmaceuticals examples	10 Hours
UNIT-II Regression: Curve fitting by the method of least squares, fitting the lines y= a + bx and x = a + by, Multiple regression, standard error of regression– Pharmaceutical Examples <b>Probability:</b> Definition of probability, Binomial distribution, Normal distribution, Poisson's distribution, properties– problems, Sample, Population, largesample, smallsample, Null hypothesis, alternative hypothesis, sampling, essence of sampling, types of sampling, Error-I type, Error-II type, Standard error of mean (SEM) - Pharmaceutical examples <b>Parametric test:</b> t-test(Sample, Pooled or Unpaired and Paired), ANOVA, (Oneway and Two way), Least Significance difference	10 Hours

UNIT-III	
Non Parametric tests:	
Wilcoxon Rank Sum Test, Mann-Whitney U test, Kruskal-Wallis test, Friedman	
Test	
Introduction to Research:	
Need for research, Need for design of Experiments, Experiential Design	
	10
Technique, plagiarism	Hours
Graphs:	
Histogram, Pie Chart, Cubic Graph, response surface plot, Counter Plot graph	
Designing the methodology:	
Sample size determination and Power of a study, Report writing and presentation	
ofdata, Protocol, Cohortsstudies, Observational studies, Experimental	
studies, Designing clinical trial, various phases.	
UNIT-IV	
Blocking and confounding system for Two-level factorials	
Regression modeling:	
Hypothesis testing in Simple and Multiple regression nmodels	08
Introduction to Practical components of Industrial and Clinical Trials	Hours
Problems: Statistical Analysis Using Excel, SPSS, MINITAB®, DESIGN OF	
EXPERIMENTS, R - Online Statistical Software's to Industrial and Clinical trial	
approach	
UNIT-V	
Design and Analysis of experiments:	
Factorial Design:	07
Definition, 2 <sup>2</sup> , 2 <sup>3</sup> design. Advantage of factorial design	Hours
Response Surface methodology:	
Central composite design, Historical design, Optimization Techniques	
Recommended Books (Latest edition):	
1. Pharmaceutical statistics- Practical and clinical applications, Sanford Bolton,	
publisher Marcel Dekker Inc. NewYork.	
<ol> <li>Fundamental of Statistics – Himalaya Publishing House-S.C.Guptha</li> </ol>	
<ol> <li>Design and Analysis of Experiments –PHI Learning Private Limited, R.</li> </ol>	
Pannerselvam,	
andC.Montgomery	
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BP802T	SOCIAL AND PREVENTIVE PHARMACY (Theory)	45 Hours
<ul> <li>challenges.</li> <li>the pharmac</li> <li><b>Objectives:</b></li> <li>After the su</li> <li>1. Acquire pharmac</li> <li>2. Develop</li> </ul>	ccessful completion of this course, the student shall be able to: high consciousness/realization of current issues related to health and ceutical problems within the country andworldwide. a critical way of thinking based on current health care development. e alternative ways of solving problems related to health and pharmaceutic	e roles of
Definition, o Understand diseases and <b>Sociology a</b> Socio cultu health and c <b>Hygiene an</b>	ral factors related to health and disease, Impact of urbanization on lisease, Poverty and health	10 Hours
Ebola virus dengue, lyn	<b>medicine</b> nciples of prevention and control of diseases such as cholera, SARS, s, influenza, acute respiratory infections, malaria, chicken guinea, nphatic filariasis, pneumonia, hypertension, diabetes mellitus, cancer, on-drug substance abuse	10 Hours
<b>following:</b> surveillance mental hea deafness, U	ealth programs, its objectives, functioning and outcome of the HIV AND AIDS control programme, TB, Integrated disease program (IDSP), National leprosy control programme, National lth program, National programme for prevention and control of niversal immunization programme, National programme for control of Pulse polio programme.	10 Hours
welfare pro PreventionF	ealth intervention programme for mother and child, National family ogramme, National tobacco control programme, National Malaria Program, National programme for the health care for the elderly, Social ramme; role of WHO in Indian national program	08 Hours

<b>UNIT-V</b> Community services in rural, urban and school health: Functions of PHC, Improvement in rural sanitation, national urban health mission, Health promotion and education in school.	
Community services in rural, urban and school health: Functions of PHC, Improvement in rural sanitation, national urban health mission, Health promotion	

BP803ET	PHARMACEUTICAL MARKETING (Theory)	45 Hours	
Scope:			
technical peop managing and industry. The	eutical industry not only needs highly qualified researchers, che ole, but also requires skilled managers who can take the industry I taking the complex decisions which are imperative for the gro Knowledge and Know-how of marketing management groom the enging role in Sales and Product management.	forward by wth of the	
<b>Objective:</b>			
	ns to provide an understanding of marketing concepts and technique the pharmaceutical industry.	es and their	
Course Conte	ent:		
UNIT-I			
Marketing:			
marketing & s	eneral concepts and scope of marketing; Distinction between elling; Marketing environment; Industry and competitive analysis; sumer buying behavior; industrial buying behavior.		
Pharmaceutio	cal market:	10 Hours	
demographic consumer; ma prescribing ha	and qualitative aspects; size and composition of the market; descriptions and socio-psychological characteristics of the rket segmentation & targeting. Consumer profile; Motivation and abits of the physician; patients 'choice of physician and retail nalyzing the Market; Role of market research.		
UNIT-II			
Product decis	ion:		
Classification,	product line and product mix decisions, product life	10 Hours	
	t portfolio analysis; product positioning; New product decisions; ling, packaging and labelling decisions, Product management in l industry.		
UNIT-III			
<b>Promotion:</b>			
personal sellir	rminants of promotional mix, promotional budget; An overview of ng, advertising, direct mail, journals, sampling, retailing, medical plic relations, online promotional techniques for OTC Products.	10 Hours	

UNIT-IV	
Pharmaceutical marketing channels:	
Designing channel, channel members, selecting the appropriate channel, conflict in channels, physical distribution management: Strategic importance, tasks inphysical distributionmanagement.	08 Hours
Professional sales representative (PSR):	nours
Duties of PSR, purpose of detailing, selection and training, supervising, norms for customer calls, motivating, evaluating, compensation and future prospects of the PSR.	
UNIT-V	
Pricing:	
Meaning, importance, objectives, determinants of price; pricing methods and strategies, issues in price management in pharmaceutical industry. An overview of DPCO 07	
(Drug Price Control Order) and NPPA (National Pharmaceutical Pricing Authority).	
Emerging concepts in marketing:	
Vertical & Horizontal Marketing; Rural Marketing; Consumerism; Industrial Marketing; Global Marketing.	
Recommended Books: (Latest Editions)	
1. Philip Kotler and Kevin Lane Keller: Marketing Management, Prentice Hall ofIndia, NewDelhi	
2. Walker, Boyd and Larreche : Marketing Strategy- Planning and Implementation, Tata MC GrawHill, New Delhi.	
3. Dhruv Grewal and Michael Levy: Marketing, Tata MC GrawHill	
<ol> <li>Arun Kumar and N Menakshi: Marketing Management, Vikas Publishing,India</li> </ol>	
5. RajanSaxena: Marketing Management; Tata MC Graw-Hill (IndiaEdition)	
6. Ramaswamy,U.S&Nanakamari,S:MarketingManagemnt:GlobalPerspective,I ndian Context, Macmilan India, NewDelhi.	
7. Shanker, Ravi: Service Marketing, Excell Books, NewDelhi	
<ol> <li>Subba Rao Changanti, Pharmaceutical Marketing in India (GIFT – Excel series)Excel Publications.</li> </ol>	

This course is designed to impart the fundamental knowledge on the regulatory requirements for approval of new drugs, and drug products in regulated markets of India & other countries like US, EU, Japan, Australia, UK etc. It prepares the students to learn in detail on the regulatory requirements, documentation requirements, and registration procedures for marketing the drug products.

#### **Objectives:**

Upon completion of the subject student shall be able to;

- 1. Know about the process of drug discovery and development
- 2. Know the regulatory authorities and agencies governing the manufacture and sale of pharmaceuticals
- 3. Know the regulatory approval process and their registration in Indian and international markets.

#### **Course content:**

# **UNIT-I** New Drug Discovery and development **10 Hours** Stages of drug discovery, Drug development process, pre-clinical studies, non-clinical activities, clinical studies, Innovator and generics, Concept of generics, Generic drug product development. **UNIT-II Regulatory Approval Process** Approval processes and timelines involved in Investigational New Drug (IND), New Drug Application (NDA), Abbreviated New Drug Application (ANDA). Changes to an **10 Hours** approved NDA / ANDA. **Regulatory authorities and agencies** Overview of regulatory authorities of India, United States, European Union, Australia, Japan, Canada (Organization structure and types of applications) UNIT-III **Registration of Indian drug product in overseas market 10 Hours** Procedure for export of pharmaceutical products, Technical documentation, Drug Master Files (DMF), Common Technical Document (CTD), electronic Common Technical Document (eCTD), ASEAN Common Technical Document (ACTD) research.

UNIT-IV		
Clinical trials		
Developing clinical trial protocols, Institutional Review Board / Independent Ethics committee - formation and working procedures, Informed consent process and procedures, GCP obligations of Investigators, sponsors & Monitors, Managing and Monitoring clinical trials, Pharmacovigilance -safety monitoring in clinical trials		
UNIT-V		
Regulatory Concepts	07 Hours	
Basic terminology, guidance, guidelines, regulations, Laws and Acts, Orange book, Federal Register, Code of Federal Regulatory, Purple book		
Recommended books (Latest edition):		
• Drug Regulatory Affairs by SachinItkar, Dr. N.S. Vyawahare, NiraliPrakashan.		
• The Pharmaceutical Regulatory Process, Second Edition Edited by Ira R. Berry and Robert P. Martin, Drugs and the Pharmaceutical Sciences, Vol.185. InformaHealth carepublishers.		
<ul> <li>New Drug Approval Process: Accelerating Global Registrations By Richard A Guarino, MD, 5<sup>th</sup>edition, Drugsand the Pharmaceutical Sciences, Vol.190.</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Guidebook for drug regulatory submissions / Sandy Weinberg. By John Wiley &amp;Sons. Inc.</li> </ul>		
• FDA Regulatory Affairs: a guide for prescription drugs, medical devices, andbiologics		
<ul> <li>/edited by Douglas J. Pisano, David Mantus.</li> </ul>		
Generic Drug Product Development, Solid Oral Dosage forms, Leon Shargeland IsaderKaufer, Marcel Dekker series, Vol.143		
<ul> <li>Clinical Trials and Human Research: A Practical Guide to RegulatoryCompliance By Fay A. Rozovsky and Rodney K.Adams</li> </ul>		
• Principles and Practices of Clinical Research, Second Edition Edited by JohnI. Gallin and Frederick P.Ognibene		
Drugs: From Discovery to Approval, Second Edition By RickNg		

BP805ET PHARMACOVIGILANCE (Theory) 45 Ho	urs
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This paper will provide an opportunity for the student to learn about development of pharmacovigilance as a science, basic terminologies used in pharmacovigilance, global scenario of Pharmacovigilance, train students on establishing pharmacovigilance programme in an organization, methods be used various that can to generate safety data and signal detection. This paper also develops the skills of classifying drugs, diseases and adverse drugreactions

### **Objectives:**

- At completion of this paper it is expected that students will be able to (know, do, and appreciate):
- Understand importance of drug safetymonitoring.
- Explain History, development, National and international scenario of pharmacovigilance & comprehend dictionaries, coding and terminologies used in pharmacovigilance
- Understand detection and assessment of new adverse drug reactions, Adverse drug reaction reporting systems and communication in pharmacovigilance, Pharmacovigilance Program of India (PvPI) requirement for ADR reporting in India ICH guidelines for ICSR, PSUR, expedited reporting, pharmacovigilance planning. CIOMS requirements for ADR reporting
- Comprehend methods of safety data during pre-clinical, clinical andpost approval phases of drugs' lifecycle.
- Write case narratives of adverse events and their quality.

# **Course Content:**

#### UNIT-I

#### **Introduction to Pharmacovigilance**

History and development of Pharmacovigilance, Importance of safety monitoring of Medicine, WHO international drug monitoring programme, Pharmacovigilance Program of India (PvPI)

Introduction to adverse drug reactions10 HoursDefinitions and classification of ADRs, Detection and reporting, Methods in Causality<br/>assessment, Severity and seriousness assessment, Predictability and preventability<br/>assessment, Management of adverse drug reactions10 Hours

### Basic terminologies used in pharmacovigilance

Terminologies of adverse medication related events, Regulatory terminologies

UNIT-II	
Drug and disease classification	
Anatomical, therapeutic and chemical classification of drugs, International classification of diseases, Daily defined doses, International Nonproprietary Names for drugs	
Drug dictionaries and coding in pharmacovigilance	
WHO adverse reaction terminologies, MedDRA and Standardized MedDRA queries, WHO drug dictionary, Eudravigilance medicinal product dictionary	10 Hours
Information resources in pharmacovigilance	
Basic drug information resources, Specialized resources for ADRs	
Establishing pharmacovigilance programme	
Establishing in a hospital, Establishment & operation of drug safety department in industry, Contract Research Organizations (CROs), Establishing a national programme.	
UNIT-III	
Vaccine safety surveillance	
Vaccine Pharmacovigilance, Vaccination failure, Adverse events following immunization	
Pharmacovigilance methods	
Passive surveillance – Spontaneous reports and case series, Stimulated reporting,	10
Active surveillance – Sentinel sites, drug event monitoring and registries, Comparative observational studies – Cross sectional study, case control study and cohort study, Targeted clinical investigations	Hours
Communication in pharmacovigilance	
Effective communication in Pharmacovigilance, Communication in Drug Safety Crisis management, Communicating with Regulatory Agencies, Business Partners, Healthcare facilities & Media	
UNIT-IV	
Safety data generation	
Pre-clinical phase, Clinical phase, Post approval phase (PMS)	08
ICH Guidelines for Pharmacovigilance	08 Hours
Organization and objectives of ICH, Expedited reporting, Individual case safety reports, Periodic safety update reports, Post approval expedited reporting, Pharmacovigilance planning, Good clinical practice in pharmacovigilance studies	

UN	IT-V	
Pha	rmacogenomics of adverse drug reaction	
Gen	etics related ADR with example focusing PK parameters.	
CIC	DMS	07 Hours
	MSWorking Groups, CIOMS Form <b>CDSCO (India) and Pharmaco -</b> lance D&C Act and Schedule Y	nours
Diff	erences in Indian and global pharmacovigilance requirements	
Rec	ommended Books (Latest edition):	
1.	Textbook of Pharmacovigilance: S K Gupta, Jaypee Brothers, MedicalPublish	ners.
2. Practical Drug Safety from A to Z By Barton Cobert, Pierre Biron, Jones and Bartlett Publishers.		Bartlett
3.	Mann's Pharmacovigilance: Elizabeth B. Andrews, Nicholas, WileyPublisher	s.
4.	Stephens' Detection of New Adverse Drug Reactions: John Talbot, PatrickWa WileyPublishers.	alle,
5.	An Introduction to Pharmacovigilance: Patrick Waller, Wiley Publishers.	
6.	Cobert's Manual of Drug Safety and Pharmacovigilance: Barton Cobert, Jones BartlettPublishers.	&
7.	Textbook of Pharmacoepidemiolog edited by Brian L. Strom, Stephen E Kim Hennessy, WileyPublishers.	mel, Sean
8.	A Textbook of Clinical Pharmacy Practice -Essential Concepts and Skills:G. Parthasarathi, Karin NyfortHansen, Milap C.Nahata	
9.	National Formulary ofIndia	
10.	Text Book of Medicine by YashpalMunjal	
11.	Text book of Pharmacovigilance: concept and practice by GP Mohanta and P	K Manna
12.	http://www.whoumc.org/DynPage.aspx?id=105825&mn1=7347&mn2=7259. 3=7297	&mn
13.	http://www.ich.org/	
14.	http://www.cioms.ch/	
15.	http://cdsco.nic.in/	
16.	http://www.who.int/vaccine_safety/en/	
	http://www.ipc.gov.in/PvPI/pv home.html	

BP806ET	QUALITY CONTROL AND STANDARDIZATION OF
DI OUOL I	HERBALS(Theory)

In this subject the student learns about the various methods and guidelines for evaluation and standardization of herbs and herbal drugs. The subject also provides an opportunity for the student to learn cGMP, GAP and GLP in traditional system of medicines.

# **Objectives:**

Upon completion of the subject student shall be able to;

- 1. Know WHO guidelines for quality control of herbal drugs
- 2. Know Quality assurance in herbal drug industry
- 3. Know the regulatory approval process and their registration in Indian and international markets
- 4. Appreciate EU and ICH guidelines for quality control of herbal drugs

#### **Course Content**

<b>UNIT-I</b> Basic tests for drugs – Pharmaceutical substances, Medicinal plants materialsand dosage forms, WHO guidelines for quality control of herbal drugs, Evaluation of commercial crude drugs intended foruse	10 Hours
<ul> <li>UNIT-II</li> <li>Quality assurance in herbal drug industry of cGMP, GAP, GMP and GLP in traditional system of medicine</li> </ul>	10 Hours
<ul> <li>WHO guidelines on current Good Manufacturing Practices (cGMP) for Herbal Medicines, WHO guidelines on GACP for Medicinal Plants.</li> <li>UNIT-III</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>EU and ICH guidelines for quality control of herbal drugs.</li> <li>Research Guidelines for Evaluating the Safety and Efficacy of Herbal Medicines</li> </ul>	10 Hours
<ul> <li>UNIT-IV</li> <li>Stability testing of herbal medicines. Application of various chromatographic techniques in standardization of herbal products.</li> <li>Preparation of documents for new drug application and export registration</li> <li>GMP requirements and Drugs &amp; Cosmetics Act provisions.</li> </ul>	08 Hours

UNIT-V		
Regulatory requirements for herbal medicines.	07	
WHO guidelines on safety monitoring of herbal medicines in pharmacovigilance systems.		
Comparison of various Herbal Pharmacopoeias.		
Recommended Books (Latest Editions)		
Role Pharmacognosy by Trease and Evans		
Pharmacognosy by Kokate, Purohit andGokhale		
• Rangari, V.D., Text book of Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry Vol. I,Carrier Pub., 2006.		
• Aggrawal, S.S., Herbal Drug Technology. Universities Press,2002.		
• EMEA. Guidelines on Quality of Herbal Medicinal Products/Traditional Medicinal Products,		
• Mukherjee, P.W. Quality Control of Herbal Drugs: An Approach to Evaluation of Botanicals. Business Horizons Publishers, New Delhi, India,2002.		
• Shinde M.V., Dhalwal K., Potdar K., Mahadik K. Application of quality control principles to herbal drugs. International Journal of Phytomedicine 1(2009); p.4-8.		
• WHO. Quality Control Methods for Medicinal Plant Materials, World Health Organization, Geneva, 1998. WHO. Guidelines for the Appropriate Use of Herbal Medicines. WHO Regional Publications, Western Pacific Series No 3, WHO Regional office for the Western Pacific, Manila,1998.		
• WHO. The International Pharmacopeia, Vol. 2: Quality Specifications, 3rdedn. World Health Organization, Geneva,1981.		
• WHO. Quality Control Methods for Medicinal Plant Materials. World Health Organization, Geneva,1999.		
• WHO. WHO Global Atlas of Traditional, Complementary and Alternative Medicine. 2 vol. set. Vol. 1 contains text and Vol. 2, maps. World Health Organization, Geneva,2005.		
• WHO. Guidelines on Good Agricultural and Collection Practices (GACP)for Medicinal Plants. World Health Organization, Geneva, 2004.		

BP807ET	COMPUTER AIDED DRUG DESIGN (Theory)	45 Hours
techniques us <b>Objectives:</b> Upon complet 1. Underst 2. Classify 3. Underst 4. Analyse	is designed to provide detailed knowledge of rational drug design process and sed in rational drug design process. etion of the course, the student shall be able to understand and the design and discovery of leadmolecules the role of drug design tools for drug discoveryprocess and and analyse concepts of QSAR anddocking and apply various strategies to develop new drug likemolecules. ous molecular modeling software to design new drugmolecule	various
Course Cont UNIT-I		
Stages of dru Lead discover medicine, Ra discovery bas <b>Introduction</b> Analog Base Case studies Ligand based based (Desig	<b>to Drug Discovery and Development -</b> g discovery and development, ry approaches - Rational approaches to lead discovery based on traditional ndom screening, Non-random screening, serendipitous drug discovery, lead sed on drug metabolism, lead discovery based on clinical observation. <b>to Ligand based and Structure Based DD</b> <b>d Drug Design -</b> Bioisosterism, Bioisosteric replacement - I (Design of inhibitors of tubulin polymerization eg. Colchicine), Structure n of HMG-CoA reductase inhibitors. eg. Statins) and Analog based DD 2 histamine antagonist eg. Cimetidine)	14 Hours
UNIT- II Introduction Introduction Energy Minim minima deter Molecular d Rigid docking	to Computational tools Molecular Modeling - to molecular mechanics and quantum mechanics. nization methods and Conformational Analysis, global conformational mination.	10 Hours
Introduction SAR versu physicochem 2D QSAR - Experimental parameters si constant. Han 3D-QSAR a COMFA and Pharmacoph	and theoretical approaches for the determination of physicochemical and theoretical approaches for the determination of physicochemical ach as Partition coefficient, Hammet's substituent constant and Tafts steric hsch's analysis, Free Wilson analysis pproaches -	14 Hours

UNIT- IV			
Informatics & Methods in drug design Introduction to Bioinformatics, chemo informatics Databases -		07 Hours	
	Chemical database, Natural compound database, Drug like compound database, Drug bank		
Re	Recommended Books (Latest Editions)		
1.	Robert GCK, ed., "Drug Action at the Molecular Level" University PrakPress Baltimore.		
2.	Martin YC. "Quantitative Drug Design" Dekker, New York.		
3.	Delgado JN, Remers WA eds "Wilson & Gisvolds's Text Book of OrganicMedicinal & Pharmaceutical Chemistry" Lippincott, NewYork.		
4.	Foye WO "Principles of Medicinal chemistry 'Lea&Febiger.		
5.	Korolkovas A, BurckhalterJH. "Essentials of Medicinal Chemistry" Wiley Interscience.		
6.	WolfME,ed"TheBasisofMedicinalChemistry,Burger'sMedicinalChemistry" John Wiley & Sons,NewYork.		
7.	PatrickGraham,L.,AnIntroductiontoMedicinalChemistry,OxfordUniversityP ress.		
8.	Smith HJ, Williams H, eds, "Introduction to the principles of Drug Design" WrightBoston.		
9.	Silverman R.B. "The organic Chemistry of Drug Design and Drug Action" Academic Press NewYork.		
10.	D. J. Triggle, John Bodenhan Taylor, Peter Kennewell, Comprehensive Medicinal Chemistry, Volume I-VIII : Germany: Elsevier Science.		

BP808ET	CELL AND MOLECULAR BIOLOGY (Theory)	45 Hours
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Cell biology is a branch of biology that studies cells-their physiological properties, their structure, the organelles they contain , interactions with their environment, their lifecycle, division, death and cell function. This is done both on a microscopic and molecular level. Cell biology research encompasses both the great diversity of single-celled organisms like bacteria and protozoa, as well as the many specialized cells in multi-cellular organisms such as humans, plants, and sponges.

# **Objectives:**

Upon completion of the subject student shall be able to:

1. Summarize cell and molecular biology history, cellular functioning and Composition & describe the chemical foundations of cell biology.

2. Describe cellular membrane structure and function properties and functions of DNA, CellCycle.

3. Describe basic molecular genetics mechanisms.

4. Understand the cell signaling pathways with their regulations and role indisease process.

# **Course contents**

UNIT-I Cell and Molecular Biology: Definitions theory and basics and Applications. Cell and Molecular Biology: History and Summation. Properties of cells and cell membrane, Prokaryotic versus Eukaryotic, Cellular Reproduction, Chemical Foundations – an Introduction and Reactions (Types)	10 Hours
<b>UNIT-II</b> DNA and the Flow of Molecular Information, DNA Functioning, DNA and RNA, Types of RNA, Transcription and Translation	10 Hours
UNIT-III Proteins: Defined and Amino Acids, Protein Structure, Regularities in Protein Pathways, Cellular Processes, Positive Control and significance of Protein Synthesis	10 Hours
<b>UNIT-IV</b> Science of Genetics, Transgenics and Genomic Analysis, Cell Cycle analysis, Mitosis and Meiosis, Cellular Activities and Checkpoints Clinical phase, Post approval phase (PMS)	08 Hours

UN	T-V	
Cell Signals: Introduction, Receptors for Cell Signals, Signaling Pathways: Overview, Misregulation of Signaling Pathways, Protein-Kinases: Functioning		07 Hours
Rec	ommended Books (latest edition):	
1.	W.B. Hugo and A.D. Russel: Pharmaceutical Microbiology,Blackwell Scientific publications, OxfordLondon.	
2.	Prescott and Dunn., Industrial Microbiology, 4th edition, CBS Publishers & Distributors, Delhi.	
3.	Pelczar, Chan Kreig, Microbiology, Tata McGraw Hill edn.	
4.	Malcolm Harris, Balliere Tindall and Cox: PharmaceuticalMicrobiology. Rose: IndustrialMicrobiology.	
5.	Probisher, Hinsdill et al: Fundamentals of Microbiology, 9th ed.Japan	
6.	Cooper and Gunn's: Tutorial Pharmacy, CBS Publisher and Distribution. Peppler: MicrobialTechnology.	
7.	Edward: Fundamentals of Microbiology.	
8.	N.K.Jain: Pharmaceutical Microbiology, VallabhPrakashan,Delhi	
9.	Bergeys manual of systematic bacteriology, Williams and Wilkins- A WaverlyCompany	
10.	B.R. Glick and J.J. Pasternak: Molecular Biotechnology: Principlesand	
11.	Applications of Recombinant DNA: ASM Press Washington D.C. RA Goldshyet. al., :KubyImmunology.	

BP	809ET	COSMETIC SCIENCE (Theory)	45 Hours
Sco	pe:		
	scourseisdesignedtoi eir formulationstudies	mpartfundamentalknowledgeofcosmeticandcosmeceutica	l products
Ob	jectives:		
Upo	on completion of the	course, the student shall be able to:	
1.	Understand the con incosmetics.	ncepts of cosmetics; anatomy of skin v/s hair, general exe	cipients used
2.		ept of cosmeceuticals, history, difference between c cosmeceuticals agents	cosmetics &
3.	Know different La	ws and Acts that regulate pharmaceutical industry	
4.	Understand the ap	proval process and regulatory requirements for drug produced	ucts
Co	urse contents		
UN	IT-I		
as p		tic and cosmeceutical products, Definition of cosmetics egulations, Evolution of cosmeceuticals from cosmetics, DTC drugs	
Cos	smetic excipients:		
Surfactants, rheology modifiers, humectants, emollients, preservatives. Classification and application		10 Hours	
Ski	<b>n:</b> Basic structure an	d function of skin.	
Hai	ir: Basic structure of	hair. Hair growth cycle.	
Ora	al Cavity: Common	problem associated with teeth and gums.	
UN	IT-II		
		on and building blocks of skin care products:	
Face wash, Moisturizing cream, Cold Cream, Vanishing cream and their advantages and disadvantages. Application of these products in formulation of cosmeceuticals.			
for sha	mulation and buil mpoo, Hair condition	orants- Actives & mechanism of action. Principles of ding blocks of Hair care products: Conditioning oner, anti-dandruff shampoo. Hair oils, Chemistry and lene diamine based hairdye.	10 Hours
Prir	nciples of formulation	n and building blocks of oral care products:	
Таа	othnaste for bleeding	gums, sensitive teeth. Teeth whitening, Mouthwash.	

UN	NIT-III	
Su	n protection, Classification of Sunscreens and SPF.	
Ro	le of herbs in cosmetics:	
	in Care: Aloe and turmeric Hair care: Henna and amla. Oral care: Neem and ove <b>Analytical cosmetics:</b>	10 Hours
	S specification and analytical methods for shampoo, skin cream and othpaste.	
UN	NIT-IV	
Pr	inciples of Cosmetic Evaluation: Principles of sebumeter, corneometer.	
M	easurement	<b>08 Hours</b>
	TEWL, Skin Color, Hair tensile strength, Hair combing properties, Soaps d syndet bars. Evolution and skin benfits.	
UN	NIT-V	
un	Oily and dry skin, causes leading to dry skin, skin moisturisation. Basic understanding of the terms Comedogenic, dermatitis. Cosmetic problems associated with Hair and scalp: Dandruff, Hair fall causes	
	smetic problems associated with skin: blemishes, wrinkles, acne, prickly heat d body odor.	
Ar	tiperspirants and Deodorants- Actives and mechanism of action	
Re	ferences	
1)	Harry's Cosmeticology, Wilkinson, Moore, Seventh Edition, GeorgeGodwin.	
2)	Cosmetics – Formulations, Manufacturing and Quality Control, P.P. Sharma, 4th Edition, Vandana Publications Pvt. Ltd., Delhi.	
3)	Text book of cosmelicology by Sanju Nanda &Roop K. Khar, TataPublishers.	

	10ET	EXPERIMENTAL PHARMACOLOGY (Theory)	45 Hours
Scop	e:		
	•	t is designed to impart the basic knowledge of preclinical studies in ex luding design, conduct and interpretations of results.	perimental
Obje	ectives		
Upor	n comp	letion of the course the student shall be able to,	
1.	Under	stand the applications of various commonly used laboratory animals.	
2.	Demor	nstrate the various screening methods used in preclinical research.	
3.	Comp	rehend and demonstrate the importance of biostatistics and research met	hodology.
4.	Design	n and execute a research hypothesis independently.	
Cou	rse con	tents	
UNI	T-I		
Labo	oratory	Animals:	
cond Desc	uct of ription	CPCSEA and OECD guidelines for maintenance, breeding and experiments on laboratory animals, Common lab animals: and applications of different species and strains of animals. Popular nd mutant animals.	10 Hours
	•		
Tech	niques	for collection of blood and common routes of drug administration y animals, Techniques of blood collection and euthanasia.	
Tech	niques borator	for collection of blood and common routes of drug administration	
Tech in lat	iniques borator <b>T-II</b>	for collection of blood and common routes of drug administration	
Tech in lat	T-II Iinical Introdu drug s negati	for collection of blood and common routes of drug administration y animals, Techniques of blood collection and euthanasia. screening models uction: Dose selection, calculation and conversions, preparation of solution/suspensions, grouping of animals and importance of sham	10 Hours
Tech in lat UNI Prec	T-II Inical Introdu drug s negati positiv udy. Stud Parkin activit sedativ	for collection of blood and common routes of drug administration y animals, Techniques of blood collection and euthanasia. screening models uction: Dose selection, calculation and conversions, preparation of solution/suspensions, grouping of animals and importance of sham ve and	10 Hours
Tech in lat UNI Prec a.	T-II Inical Introdu drug s negati positiv udy. Stud Parkin activit sedativ	for collection of blood and common routes of drug administration y animals, Techniques of blood collection and euthanasia. screening models uction: Dose selection, calculation and conversions, preparation of solution/suspensions, grouping of animals and importance of sham we and vecontrolgroups.Rationaleforselectionofanimalspeciesandsexforthest by of screening animal models for Diuretics, nootropics, anti- ison's, antiasthmatics, Preclinical screening models: for CNS y- analgesic, antipyretic, anti-inflammatory, general anaesthetics, we and hypnotics, antipsychotic, antidepressant, antiepileptic,	10 Hours
Tech in lat UNI Prec a. b.	T-II Iinical Introdu drug s negati positiv udy. Stud Parkin activit sedativ antipat	for collection of blood and common routes of drug administration y animals, Techniques of blood collection and euthanasia. screening models uction: Dose selection, calculation and conversions, preparation of solution/suspensions, grouping of animals and importance of sham we and vecontrolgroups.Rationaleforselectionofanimalspeciesandsexforthest by of screening animal models for Diuretics, nootropics, anti- ison's, antiasthmatics, Preclinical screening models: for CNS y- analgesic, antipyretic, anti-inflammatory, general anaesthetics, we and hypnotics, antipsychotic, antidepressant, antiepileptic,	10 Hours

anti aggregatory, coagulants, and anticoagulants Preclinical screening models for other important drugs like antiulcer,	Hours
for CVS activity- antihypertensives, diuretics, antiarrhythmic, antidyslepidemic, anti aggregatory, coagulants, and anticoagulants Preclinical screening models for other important drugs like antiulcer,	Hours
anti aggregatory, coagulants, and anticoagulants Preclinical screening models for other important drugs like antiulcer,	Hours
antidiabetic, anticancer and antiasthmatics	
UNIT-V	
Research methodology and Bio-statistics.	
Selection of research topic, review of literature, research hypothesis and study design Pre- clinical data analysis and interpretation using Students't' test and One-way ANOVA. Graphical representation ofdata07	Hours
Recommended Books (latest edition):	
1. Fundamentals of experimental Pharmacology-byM. N.Ghosh	
2. Hand book of Experimental Pharmacology-S.K. Kulkarni	
3. CPCSEA guidelines for laboratory animal facility.	
4. Drug discovery and Evaluation by Vogel H.G.	
5. Drug Screening Methods by Suresh Kumar Gupta and S. K.Gupta	
6. Introduction to biostatistics and research methods by PSS Sundar Rao and J Richard	

### Scope:

This subject deals with the application of instrumental methods in qualitative and quantitative analysis of drugs. This subject is designed to impart advanced knowledge on the principles and instrumentation of spectroscopic and chromatographic hyphenated techniques. This also emphasizes on theoretical and practical knowledge on modern analytical instruments that are used for drugtesting.

### **Objectives:**

Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to

- 1. Express the principle of the advanced instruments used and justify its applications in drug analysis
- 2. Understand the principles of analytical techniques and its application in analysis of drugs
- 3. Explain the importance and methods for the calibration of various analytical instruments
- 4. Formulate and justify techniques for the analysis of drugs using various analytical instruments.

### **Course contents**

UNIT-I	
Nuclear Magnetic Resonance spectroscopy	
Principles of <sup>1</sup> H-NMR, chemical shift, factors affecting chemical shift, coupling constant, Spin - spin coupling, relaxation, instrumentation and applications	
<sup>13</sup> C-NMR- Introduction to <sup>13</sup> C-NMR spectroscopy	14 Hours
Mass Spectrometry	
Principles, , Ionization techniques –Electron impact, chemical ionization, MALDI, FAB, Analyzers-Time of flight and Quadrupole, instrumentation, Fragmentation, applications <b>Simple structural elucidation problems</b>	
UNIT-II	
Thermal Methods of Analysis	
Principles, instrumentation and applications of Thermogravimetric Analysis (TGA), Differential Thermal Analysis (DTA), Differential Scanning Calorimetry (DSC)	07 Hours
UNIT-III	
Electrophoresis	10 Houng
Introduction, factors affecting electrophoretic mobility, Techniques of paper, gel,capillary electrophoresis, applications	10 Hours
X-Ray Diffraction Methods	

Origin of X-rays, basic aspects of crystals, Xray Crystallography, rotating crystal technique, single crystal diffraction, powder diffraction, and applications. <b>Calibration of following Instruments</b> Electronic balance, UV-Visible spectrophotometer, IR spectrophotometer, Fluorimeter, HPLC.	
UNIT-IV Radio immuno assay Principle, different methods, Importance, various components, Limitation and Applications of Radioimmunoassay Extraction techniques General principle and procedure involved in the solid phase extraction and liquid-liquid extraction.	06 Hours
UNIT-V Hyphenated techniques Introduction to hyphenated techniques and types of techniques Details of LC- MS, GC-MS, HPTLC-MS, MS/MS.	08 Hours

Recommended Books (Latest Editions)	
1. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis by B.KSharma	
2. Organic spectroscopy by Y.RSharma	
3. Text book of Pharmaceutical Analysis by Kenneth A. Connors	
4. Vogel's Text book of Quantitative Chemical Analysis by A.I.Vogel	
5. Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry by A.H. Beckett and J.B.Stenlake	
6. Organic spectroscopy by WilliamKemp	
7. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs by D. C. Garrett	
8. Spectrophotometric identification of Organic Compounds by Silverstein	
9. Introduction to Spectroscopy by Donald Pavia	
10. Spectroscopy of Organic compounds by P.S.Kalsi	
11. Introduction to Spectroscopy by Donald Pavia	
12. Spectroscopy of Organic compounds by P.S.Kalsi	
<b>BP812ET</b> DIETARY SUPPLEMENTS AND NUTRACEUTICALS	45 Hours

BP812ET	DIETARY SUPPLEMENTS AND NUTRACEUTICALS (Theory)	45 Hours
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### Scope:

This subject covers foundational topic that are important for understanding the need and requirements of dietary supplements among different groups in the population.

### **Objective:**

This module aims to provide an understanding of the concepts behind the theoretical applications of dietary supplements. By the end of the course, students should be able to:

- 1. Understand the need of supplements by the different group of people to maintain healthy life.
- 2. Understand the outcome of deficiencies in dietary supplements.
- 3. Recognize the components in dietary supplements and the application.
- 4. Acquaint with the regulatory and commercial aspects of dietary supplements including healthclaims.

### **Course content:**

### UNIT-I

Definitions of Functional foods, Nutraceuticals and Dietary supplements. Classification of Nutraceuticals, Health problems and diseases that can be

prevented or cured by Nutraceuticals i.e. weight control, diabetes, cancer, heart disease, stress, osteoarthritis, hypertension etc.	
Public health nutrition, maternal and child nutrition, nutrition and ageing, nutrition education in community.	
Source, Name of marker compounds and their chemical nature, Medicinal uses and health benefits of following used as nutraceuticals/functional foods: Spirulina, Soyabean, Ginseng, Garlic, Broccoli, Gingko, Flaxseeds	
UNIT-II	
<b>Phytochemicals as nutraceuticals</b> : Occurrence and characteristic features (chemical nature medicinal benefits) of following	
<b>Carotenoids</b> - $\alpha$ and $\beta$ -Carotene, Lycopene, Xanthophylls, leutin	
Sulfides: Diallyl sulfides, Allyl trisulfide.	
Polyphenolics: Reservetrol	15 Hours
Flavonoids- Rutin, Naringin, Quercitin, Anthocyanidins, catechins, Flavones	
<b>Prebiotics</b> / <b>Probiotics.:</b> Fructo oligosaccharides, Lacto bacillum <b>Phyto estrogens :</b> Isoflavones, daidzein, Geebustin, lignans <b>Tocopherols</b>	
Proteins, vitamins, minerals, cereal, vegetables and beverages as functional foods: oats, Wheat bran, rice bran, sea foods, coffee, tea and the like.	
UNIT-III	
<b>Introduction to free radicals:</b> Free radicals, reactive oxygen species, production of free radicals in cells, damaging reactions of free radicals on lipids, proteins, Carbohydrates, nucleic acids.	07 Hours
Dietary fibres and complex carbohydrates as functional food ingredients.	
UNIT-IV	
<b>Free radicals</b> in Diabetes mellitus, Inflammation, Ischemic reperfusion injury, Cancer, Atherosclerosis, Free radicals in brain metabolism and pathology, kidney damage, muscle damage. Free radicals involvement in other disorders. Free radicals theory of ageing.	10 Hours
Antioxidants: Endogenous antioxidants – enzymatic and nonenzymatic antioxidant defense, Superoxide dismutase, catalase, Glutathione peroxidase, Glutathione Vitamin C, Vitamin E, $\alpha$ - Lipoic acid, melatonin Synthetic antioxidants: Butylated hydroxy Toluene, Butylated hydroxy Anisole.	10 Hours
Functional foods for chronic disease prevention.	
L	1

TINI	T-V	
	ct of processing, storage and interactions of various environmental factors	
Effe on the		
-	ulatory Aspects; FSSAI,FDA, FPO,MPO, AGMARK. HACCP and GMPs ood Safety. Adulteration of foods.	06 Hours
Phar	macopoeial Specifications for dietary supplements and nutraceuticals.	
Refe	erences:	
1.	Dietetics by SriLakshmi	
2.	Role of dietary fibres and neutraceuticals in preventing diseases by K.T	
	Agusti and P.Faizal: BSPublication.	
3.	Advanced Nutritional Therapies by Cooper. K.A., (1996).	
4.	The Food Pharmacy by Jean Carper, Simon & Schuster, UK Ltd.,(1988).	
5.	Prescription for Nutritional Healing by James F.Balchand Phyllis	
	A.Balch2 <sup>nd</sup> Edn., Avery Publishing Group, NY(1997).	
6.	G. Gibson and C.williams Editors 2000 Functional foods Woodhead Publ.	
	Co.London.	
7.	Goldberg, I. Functional Foods. 1994. Chapman and Hall, NewYork.	
8.	Labuza, T.P. 2000 Functional Foods and Dietary Supplements: Safety,	
	Good Manufacturing Practice (GMPs) and Shelf Life Testing in Essentials	
	of Functional Foods M.K. Sachmidl and T.P. Labuza eds. AspenPress.	
9.	Handbook of Nutraceuticals and Functional Foods, Third Edition (Modern	
	Nutrition)	
10.	Shils, ME, Olson, JA, Shike, M. 1994 Modern Nutrition in Health and	
	Disease. Eighth edition. Lea and Febiger	

### **BP** 813 **PW PROJECT WORK**

150 Hours

### A] Selection of the Project Topic

All the students shall undertake a project under the supervision of a teacher and submit a report. The project can be based on Lab oriented (small part of original research work) Study / Survey oriented or Computational studies or oriented. / Review topic/ Extension of Practice school work etc., based on Current Trends in Pharmaceutical science. The project shall be carried out in group not exceeding 5 in number. The project report shall be submitted in triplicate (typed & hard bound copy not less than 25 pages).

The internal and external examiner appointed for evaluation of the project shall be approved teachers of SPPU /Industrial Experts appointed by Principal of the respective institute. Students shall be evaluated in groups for four hours (i.e., about half an hour for a group of five students). The projects shall be evaluated as per the criteria given below

B]	<b>Evaluation of Dissertation Book:</b>	
	Objective(s) of the work done	15Marks
	Methodology adopted	20Marks
	Results and Discussions	20Marks
	Conclusions and Outcomes	20Marks
	Total	75Marks
<b>C</b> ]	<b>Evaluation of Presentation:</b>	
	Presentation of work	25Marks
	Communication skills	20Marks
	Question and answer skills	30Marks
	Total	75 <b>Marks</b>

Explanation: All the students should be evaluated thoroughly based on their performance in the Laboratory /Literature work and presentation done as individual student under given criteria.

### Savitribai Phule Pune University

(Formerly University of Pune)



Circular No. 278 of 2021

### Revised Dates of Commencement and Conclusion of Engineering, Architecture and Pharmacy for the Academic Year 2021-2022 For Affiliated Colleges/Recognised Institutes

It is hereby informed that, the revised dates of commencement and conclusion of the Courses, under the faculty of Engineering, Architecture and Pharmacy for the academic year 2021-22 shall be as under :

			Revised 2021 - 2022							
Name of the Faculty	Name of the	Year	First Te	rm	Second Term					
	Courses		Commencement	Conclusion	Commencement	Conclusion				
	Engineering	TE, BE	02/08/2021	30/11/2021	03/01/2022	26/04/2022				
	B.Architecture B. Pharmacy	III, IV & V	15/06/2021	04/12/2021	03/01/2022	30/04/2022				
Science &		п	20/08/20201	10/12/2021	03/01/2022	30/04/2022				
Technology		III & IV	17/08/2021	18/12/2021	03/01/2022	10/05/2022				
	D. Thanhacy	п	23/08/2021	18/12/2021	03/01/2022	10/05/2022				
	M. Pharmacy	п	23/08/2021	18/12/2021	03/01/2022	15/05/2022				

### NOTE

- 1. All Programmes shall be conducted in Online Mode until further notice.
- In view of prevailing COVID-19 situation in the Country, Colleges / Institutes shall required to follow the guidelines / instructions issued by the Government of Maharashtra from time to time.

Deputy Registrar (P.G. Admission)

Ganeshkhind, Pune-07 Ref. No. PGS/ 3578 Date: 29/09/2021

Copy to:

The Heads of all University Departments, Savitribai Phule Pune University, Pune. The Principals of all Affiliated Colleges, Savitribai Phule Pune University, Pune. The Directors of all Recognized Institutes, Savitribai Phule Pune University, Pune.

Copy to: for information

The Members of the Management Council, Savitribai Phule Pune University, Pune. The Registrar, Savitribai Phule Pune University, Pune.

The Deans of Faculties, Savitribai Phule Pune University, Pune.

### Savitribal Phule Pune University

( Formerly University of Pune)



### Circular No. 302 of 2022 Important Notification

### Revised Dates of Commencement and Conclusion of terms of U.G. / P.G. Courses for the Academic Year 2022-23 for Affiliated Colleges / Recognised Institutes.

In reference to the earlier circular issued by the University bearing no. 173 dated 10.06.2022 the dates of commencement and conclusion of First Term and Second Term in the academic calendar for the academic year 2022-23, for the following courses are being revised as under.

		2022 - 2023							
Sr No	Name of the Courses , Faculties & Year	Fiest	l'eum	Second Term					
		Commencement	Conclusion	Commencement	Conclusion				
	Science & Technology								
	Science	20/06/2022	30/11/2022	26/12/2022	04/05/2023				
	B.Dugineering : D	17/08/2022	10/12/2022	02/01/2023	29/04/2023				
	D.Engineering : 1111V	18/07/2022	30/11/2022	02/01/2023	29/04/2023				
	M.Engineering: 11	19/07/2022	12/11/2022	09/01/2023	06/05/2023				
1	B.Archifecture : []	09/08/2022	04/12/2022	19/12/2022	04/05/2023				
	B.Architecture : HI IV V	20/06/2022	08/11/2022	30/12/2022	15/05/2023				
	M.Architecture: If	19/09/2022	07/01/2023	23/01/2023	20/05/2023				
	B. Pharmovy: 1110	01/08/2022	10/12/2022	02/01/2023	10/05/2023				
	B. Pharmacy: 1V	15/07/2022	03/12/2022	02/01/2023	10/05/2023				
	M. Pharmocy : II	01/08/2022	10/12/2022	26/12/2022	30/06/2023				
	Commerce & Management								
	Commerce	20/06/2022	30/11/2022	26/12/2022	04/05/2023				
2	MBA II (including SIP project of 8	01/09/2022	30/01/2023	15/02/2023	26/05/2023				
	MCA II	01/09/2022	16/17/2022	02/01/2023	15/04/2023				
	BHMCT II III IV	01/09/2022	16/12/2022	02/01/2023	15/04/2023				
	Humanities								
	Arts		30/11/2022	26/12/2022	04/05/2023				
	Mental Moral and Social Sciences	20/06/2022	30/11/2022	2012-2022	144415124123				
3	1D.B. H	31/10/2022	31/01/2023	06/02/2023	15/05/2023				
	L.L.B. UL	04/07/2022	12/12/2022	08/01/2023	15/05/2027				
	B.A. L.L.B. H	31/10/2022	31/01/2023	06/02/2023	15/05/2023				
	D.A. LL.B. III IV V	04/07/2023	12/12/2022	08/01/20/23	15/03/2023				
-	Inter-disciplinary Studios			Maria					
	Education : 11	15/09/2022	06/01/2023	17/01/2023	10/05/2023				
4	Physical Education : 11	15/09/2022	06/01/2023	17/01/2023	10/05/2023				
+	H.Lib & M.Lib	15/07/2022	30/11/2022	02/01/2023	04/05/2013				
	Fine Arts & Performing Art	20/06/2022	30/11/2022	26/12/2022	04/05/2023				
	Journalism PG	15/07/2022	30/11/2022	02/01/2023	04/05/2023				

### NOTE

 The dates of commencement and conclusion of the University concerned Department / Affiliated Colleges / Recognised Institutes for the Academic year of all those courses whose admission was made under Common Entrance Test (CET) conducted by Government of Maharashtra / Savitribai Phule Pune University will be decleared separately.

Ganeshkhind, Pune-07 Ref. No. PGS/4929 Date: 15/16/2022.

Deputy Registrar (P.G.Admission)

### Copy to: for information and necessary action

The Deans of Faculties.

The Registrar, Savitribai Phule Pune University, Pune.

The Director, Examinations & Evaluation, Savitribai Phule Pune University, Pune.

The Heads of all University Departments.

The Principals of all Affiliated Colleges.

The Directors of all Recognized Institutes.

The Heads of all the Administrative Sections of the University Office.

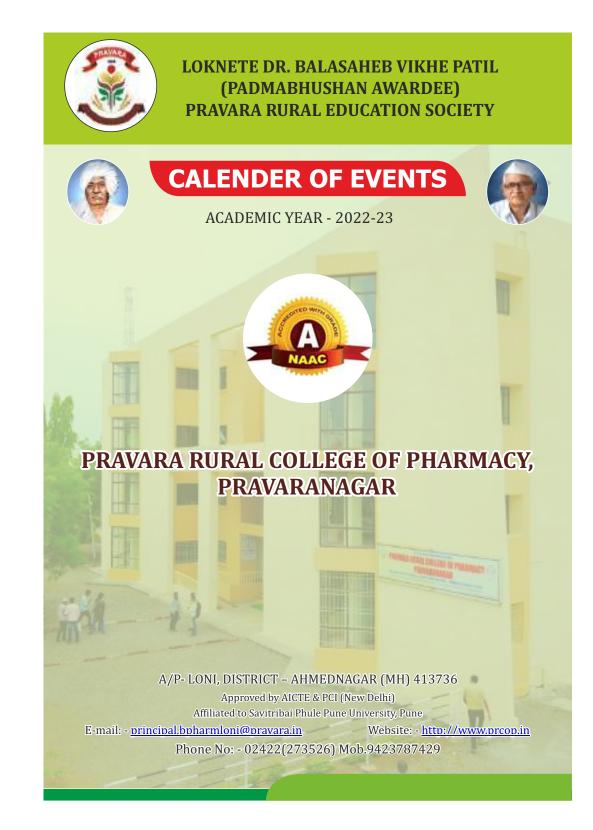
Asstt. Registrar, office of the Hon. Vice-Chancellor, Savitribai Phule Pune University.

Asstt. Registrar, office of the Hon. Pro-Vice-Chancellor, Savitribai Phule Pune University

	PRAVARA RURAL COLLEGE OF PHARMACY Activity Calendar – 2021-22 (Odd Semester)												
				Cha		•				n COVID 19 situation.			
Week				Wee	k Days		1		No. of				
No.	Month	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun	Working Days	Events			
1					1	2	3	4	2	2: Principal, HOD, Dean and IQAC Meeting 15 Admission Meeting( FYUG, FYPG)			
2		5	6	7	8	9	10	11	6	16.Principal, HOD, Dean Meeting 19-25 Subject choice circulation. Workload distribution at			
3	-	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	5	department level and submission of workload to Academic Dean & Principal			
4		19	20	21	22	23	24	25	5	20Ashadi Ekadashi 21- Bakri Id Holiday			
5	July-21	26	27	28	29	30	31		6	<ul> <li>24 Alumni Overview meeting with Coordinator, HOD, Principal &amp; TPO</li> <li>24- Department Level Research meet.</li> <li>26 Orientation program by the faculty at department level</li> <li>28 Preparation of Class Time Table &amp; Submission to Academic Dean</li> <li>29-31 Orientation program for faculty at Institute level</li> <li>30Department Advisory Board Meeting</li> <li>31. Admission Meeting( FYUG, FYPG)</li> </ul>			
1								1		Aug 17 & Aug 18: Subject orientation			
2		2	3	4	5	6	7	8		Aug 21: National Webinar Aug 22: Padmashri Jayanti			
3	Aug 2021	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	6	Aug 23: Topic selection for second year PG Aug 24:Expert lecture			
4	16         17         18         19         20         21	22	Aug 29: National Sports Day										
5		23	24	25	26	27	28	29	6	Aug 31: Academic Review Meeting			
6		30	31						2				

7		6	7	1	2 9	3 10	4	5 12	3	September 1 <sup>st</sup> to September 5: Observation of National Nutrition Weel September 5, 2021: Teachers Day September 6, 2021: International Day of Charity (Visit to Orphanage) September 7, 2021:Industrial visit ( Third & Final Year) September 9, 2021:Industrial visit ( First & Second Year) September 10,2021: Ganesh Chaturti
9		13	14	15	16	17	18	19	5	September 15,2021:Expert lecture September 1, 2021: Inauguration of students Council. September 8, 2021: International Literacy Day
10	Sep 2021	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	6	September 11,2021: Expert lecture on account of World suicid prevention day September 11, 2021: Hospital visit (Second Year)
11		27	28	29	30				4	September 11, 2021: Hospital Visit (Beeond Tear) September 11, 2021: Industrial Visit (M.Pharm) September 16, 2021: World Ozone day September 20-27: Sessional & Continuous assessment September 25, 2021: World Pharmacist Day September 27, 2021: Academic Review Meeting September 27, 2021: Students feedback (1 <sup>st</sup> to Final Year) & Academic audit (Internal) September 30, 2021: World Heart Day Rally
12						1	2	3	1	October 1, 2021: Swacctha Abhiyan October 2, 2021: Mahatma Gandhi Jayanti October 4, 2021:Expert Lecture
13		4	5	6	7	8	9	10	6	October 5, 2021:Expert Lecture October 6, 2021:Soft skill training(Personality development workshop October 10, 2021: World Mental Health day awareness seminar.
14	Oct 2021	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	6	October 11, 2021: National Girl Childs Day &Kanya RatnaAbhiya (Inter Collegiate Debate competition) October 12, 2021: PG Specialisation presentation.
15		18	19	20	21	22	23	24	6	October 12, 2021: Workshop on Competitive Examination October 16, 2021: Workshop on Research ethics October 18-23,2021: Sessional & Continuous assessment
16		25	26	27	28	29	30	31	6	October 25, 2021:Expert Lecture October 26, 2021:Expert Lecture

17		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	3	November 7, 2021: National Cancer Awareness Day November 14, 2021: Expert lecture on World diabetes day November 14, 2021: National Epilepsy Day
18		8	9	10	11	12	13	14	б	November 26, 2021: Constitution Day of India
19	Nov 2021	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	2	
20		22	23	24	25	26	27	28	0	
21		29	30						0	
					То	tal Wo	orking	Days	100	
	Colour Index									
	Working days with activity					Worki	ng tea	ching o	days	University Exam Days Holidays
23						41	l		36	





"We started with a handful of students under a thatched shed called Pravara Public School in 1964. But our story dates back to 1950 when the Pravara Cooperative Sugar Factory enabled prosperity for hitherto debt-ridden farmers. Pravara Rural Education Society took things to the next level by utilizing education for nation building, women empowerment, and integrated rural development. Today, our 42 thousand plus students and over 1 lakh alumni continue to

carry forward our values to the world as we create synergy between the global and the local."

### Hon'ble Namdar. Shri. Radhakrishna Vikhe Patil

Cabinet Minister Of Revenue, Animal Husbandry & Dairy Development, Govt. Of Maharashtra Chairman Loknete Dr.balasaheb Vikhe Patil (padmabhushan Awardee) Pravara Rural Education Society





To become a center of excellence in pharmaceutical education, training, research and continuous professional development of pharmacists in rural India.

### MISSION

1. Our mission is to introduce excellence in Pharmacy education through quality education, infrastructure and learning resources to meet the needs of students in pursuit of knowledge.

2. To develop, promote and nurture research activities in pharmaceutical sciences

3. To make professionally competent and ethical pharmacists of international standard to cater the needs of rural to global healthcare.

### GOALS

1. To educate and train pharmacists to cater for the needs of society.

2. To promote use of indigenous resources for pharmacy industry.

 To create excellent research center at college to provide many innovative research methods to develop Institute-Industrial linkages.
 To develop consortium for consultancy service in education,

training, health care with reference to pharmacy profession.

5. To increase the global linkages by attracting international scientific forums for Collaborative educational programmes.

### **GOVERNING BODY**

Sr. No.	Name	Designation
1	Hon. Shri. Radhakrishna Eknathrao Vikhe Patil Chairman, Pravara Rural Education Society	Chairman
2	Hon. Shri. Annasaheb Sarangdhar Mhaske Patil Trustee, PRES	Member
3	Hon.Shri Bhaskarrao N.Kharde Patil Director PRES Loni	Member
4	Hon Shri Kailas S.Tambe Patil Director PRES Loni	Member
5	Shri Bharat Ghogare, Joint Secretary, PRES	Member
6	Dr. Sambhaji Nalkar Chief Scientist, KVK Babhaleshwar	Member
7	Ex- officio Member	Nominee, All India Council for Technical Education (AICTE)- Regional officer
8	Nominee of affiliating University	Nominee of affiliating University- Savitribai Phule Pune University
9	Ex-officio Member	Nominee of the State Government- Director of Technical Education (DTE) (Ex-officio) represented by Joint Director DTE office, Nashik
10	Dr.B.M.Patil, Representative of Teacher	Member
11	Dr. Santosh B. Dighe , Representative of Teacher	Member
12	Mr.Chetan Patni	Managing Director at Kaytross ACG Lifesciences Ltd.Nashik
13	Dr.Rahul Kunklol	Director Research PIMS Loni
14	Dr.Suhas S.Siddheshwar, Representative of Teacher	Member
15	Dr. Sanjay B. Bhawar Principal, Pravara Rural College of Pharmacy, Loni	Member Secretary

### **COLLEGE DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE**

Sr.No.	Name	Designation
1	Hon. Shri Radhakrishna Vikhe Patil Chairman PRES Loni	Chairman
2	Shri Bharat V.Ghogare Patil Joint secretary PRES Loni	Member
3	Dr. Suhas S.Siddheshwar HOD, Pharmaceutics	Member
4	Dr. B.M.Patil Senior professor	Member
5	Dr. Someshwar D.Mankar Training and Placement Officer	Member
6	Mrs.Hemlata S.Bhawar HOD, Pharmaceutical Chemistry	Member
7	Mr. Ramakant A.Vikhe Non - Teaching Staff Representative	Member
8	Hon.Shri Bhaskarrao N.Kharde Patil Educationist, Director PRES Loni	Member
9	Dr.S.N.Hiremath Principal PRES COP(Diploma) Loni	Member
10	Dr.Sambhaji Nalkar Chief Scientist KVK Babeleshawar	Member
11	Mr. Prashant B.Gagare Entrepreneur and Alumnus	Member
12	Dr.Santosh B. Dighe IQAC Co-Ordinator	Member
13	Mr. Pratik Malwade Student Representative	Member
14	Mr. Vipul Karnjekar Student Representative	Member
15	Dr. Sanjay B.Bhawar	Principal & Member secretary

### LIST OF COMMITTEES AND MEETINGS

Sr. No	Name of the committee/Cell	Convener	Date of Meeting
1	Academic/ Program Committee	Dr.S R Vikhe	Every month of 5 th
2	Admission Committee	Mr. D NVikhe	17/3/23, 3/6/23
3	Affiliations Cell (SPPU/PCI/AICTE/DTE)	Dr. A P Patel	8/8/22, 27/12/22
4	Alumni Cell	Mrs.H.S Bhawar	8/8/22, 3/1/23
5	Antiragging Committee/Antiragging squad	Dr.R J Bhor	2/8/22, 8/11/22, 14/2/23, 16/5/23& As case arrives
6	Student Development/ Welfare Committee	Dr. RJ Bhor	17/8/22, 4/10/22 19/12/22, 15/2/23
7	Career Guidance /Training & Placement Cell	Dr.S D Mankar	18/8/22, 10/10/22 5/1/23,10/4/23
8	Sports & Extracurricular activity Committee	Dr. A P Patel	8/8/22, 7/1/23, 13/2/23, 16/5/23
9	Code of Conduct & Discipline Committee	Dr.S R Vikhe	3/10/22, 8/2/23& As case arrives
10	Skill & Entrepreneurship Development Cell	Mr.G S Shinde	2 2/8/22, 12/12/22
11	Student Council	Dr.R J Bhor	8/8/22, 3/10/22, 12/12/22, 13/2/23, 17/4/23
12	Examination Committee	Mr.AS Dighe	12/9/22, 14/11/22
13	Grievance Redressal Cell	Mr.S D Magar	30/8/22, 3/3/23& As case arrives
14	Hostel Committee	Mrs.S AVikhe	13/8/22, 26/11/22, 28/1/23, 25/3/23& As case arrives
15	IAEC	Dr.S B Dighe	5/9/22, 15/2/23
16	Institute-Industry Interaction cell	Dr. S.D. Mankar	13/9/22, 24/1/23, 20/4/2

	1	1	1
17	IQAC	-	26/8/2022,28/11/22
	~		27/2/23,31/5/23
18	Library Committee	Dr. R K Godage	2/6/22, 6/9/22,
	, ,		9/12/22, 6/3/22
19	Purchase & Maintenance Committee	0	15/6/22 15/12/22
20	Student Mentoring Committee	Dr. R K Godage	7/10/22,25/1/23,28/3/23
21	Equal Opportunity Cell (SC/ST/OBC/Minority &Divyangan)	Mrs.H S Bhawar	18/8/22, 15/12/22
22	NSS	Mr.M S Bhosale	22/8/22, 14/10/22, 7/12/22, 17/3/23
23	Publicity Committee	Mr.D N Vikhe	1/7/222, 24/4/23
24	Women Empowerment Cell	Mrs. K V Dhamak	27/8/22, 25/2/23
25	Internal Complaints Committee & Antiharassment Squad	Mrs. K V Dhamak	24/12/22, 22/4/23
26	CDC	Dr.S B Bhawar	15/9/22, 11/1/23
27	GB	Dr.S B Bhawar	6/10/22, 8/2/23
28	Research Committee (Promotion & Evaluation)	Dr.S S Siddheshwar	17/8/22, 15/11/22, 28/1/23, 11/4/23
29	Innovation & Incubation Cell	Dr.S S Siddheshwar	17/8/22, 15/11/22, 13/2/23
30	DIC	Dr. S B Dighe	28/8/22, 23/1/23
31	Parent Teacher Association	Mrs.T S Nirmal	25/9/22, 16/2/23
32	Website Committee	Mr.M H Kolhe	12/8/22, 18/1/23
33	Scholarship Committee (Non- Government)	Mr.G S Shinde	13/9/22, 23/1/23

### ACTIVITY CALENDAR 2022-23

### August-2022

2-Tuesday	Anti-ragging committee meeting
5-Friday	NSS Cell -Selection of NSS volunteers
8-Monday	Student council meeting
8-Monday	Affiliation cell meeting
8-Monday	Sport and extracurricular activity committee meeting
12-Friday	Web site committee meeting
13-Saturday	Academic Committee meeting
13-Saturday	Hostel committee meeting
15-Monday	NSS Cell -Har Ghar Tiranga , cleaning drive & celebration of
	Independence day
17-Wednesday	Student welfare committee
17-Wednesday	Innovation & incubation cell meeting
17-Wednesday	Research committee meeting
18-Thursday	TPC Cell - Expert lecture to T.Y.B.and Final Y.B.Pharm student
18-Thursday	Career guidance/Training placement cell meeting
20-Saturday	TPC Cell - Industrial visit of S.Y.B.Pharm at SciTech Sinnar
22-Monday	TPC Cell - Industrial visit of T.Y.B.Pharm at Sahyadri Farms,
	Nashik
22-Monday	NSS cell meeting
25-Thursday	TPC Cell - Industrial visit of Final .Y.B.Pharm at Premium
	Serum, Narayangaon
26-Friday	IQAC Meeting
27-Saturday	Women Empowerment cell meeting
27-Saturday	TPC Cell - GPAT / NIPER training Session by Dr. Machhindra
	Bochare
29-Monday	DIC meeting
29-Monday	National Sport Day celebration
30-Tuesday	Grievance Redressal committee meeting
30-Tuesday	TPC Cell - Training session by IRA Research Consultancy
31-Wednesday To	Cultural Dept - Ganapati Festival celebration
6- Tuesday	

### September-2022

3-Saturday	TPC Cell - GPAT / NIPER training Session Mr.Pratap Pawar		
5-Monday	IAEC meeting		
5-Monday	Blood donation camp		
6-Tuesday	Library committee meeting		
7-Wednesday	TPC Cell -Expert session by Dr. Rahul Kumar Garg		
10-Saturday	Academic Committee meeting		
10-Saturday	TPC Cell - Expert session by Mr. Vikrant Dhamak		
12-Monday	Examination committee meeting		
14-Wednesday	TPC Cell - Workshop on Pharmacovigilance by Kite-Ai		
19- Monday	TPC Cell - NSS Awareness Rally "Road Safety Program" with Traffic Police Department, Loni		
19- Monday To	S.Y. T.Y.& Final Y.B.Pharm first Practical continuous		
23-Friday	assessment examination		
24-Saturday	First Progress review presentation of M. Pharm students		
24-Saturday	Alumni Cell -Expert lecture by Alumni		
	TPC Cell - One Day Workshop for students. Lecture on "NSS and		
	Personality Development". Essay Competition on NSS Day		
26- Monday	Celebration.		
26- Monday To	S.Y. T.Y.& Final Y.B.Pharm first Theory continuous assesement		
30-Friday	examination		
29-Tuesday	NSS Cell -Body check-up program on occasion of World Heart day.		
30-Friday	NSS Cell -Rain Water Harvesting Program in College Campus		

### October-2022

1-Saturday	TPC Cell - Soft skill Training by GTT Foundation		
2-Sunday	NSS Cell -Gandhi Jayanti" Communal Harmony Day & International		
	Day of Non-Violence. Cleaning program in college campus. Quiz and		
	Debate competition		
3-Monday	Code of conduct meeting		
3-Monday	Student council meeting		
4-Tuesday	Student development committee meeting		
5-Wednesday	TPC Cell -Expert session by Dr.Parivallal Padbnabhan		
7-Friday	Student Mentoring Committee meeting		
8-Saturday	Academic Committee meeting		
8-Saturday	IQAC Cell -Seminar on molecular Docking		
10-Monday	Career guidance/Training placement cell meeting		
10-Monday	TPC Cell - GPAT / NIPER training Session by Mr.Harshad		
	Jadhav		
14-Friday	NSS cell meeting		
14-Friday	TPC Cell - Expert session by Mr. Machindra Patare		
15-Saturday	Alumni Cell - Expert lecture by Alumni		
20-Thursday	TPC Cell - Expert session by Dr.Rahul Rahane		
25-Tuesday	TPC Cell - Expert session by Mr.Shivprasad Khose		
27-Thursday	TPC Cell - Training session by CLINI INDIA		

### November-2022

5-Saturday	TPC Cell - One day workshop by Shodh Advantech
5-Saturday	TPC Cell - Expert session by Dr.R.T.Dolas
7-Monday	NSS Cell -Swaccha Wari -Swasth WariNirmal Wari -HaritWari Program
7-Monday	Sports & Extracurricular activity Committee meeting
7-Monday To 9 - Wednesday	Cultural Dept - Induction Day program (B.Pharm & M.Pharm)
7-Monday	Grievance Redressal committee meeting
8-Tuesday	Antiragging Committee/Antiraggingsquad
10-Thursday	TPC Cell - Workshop on Research Methodology Dr.Abhay Gandhi
12-Saturday	Academic Committee meeting
12-Saturday	Fresher's party (Genesis)
14-Monday	Examination committee meeting
15-Tuesday	TPC Cell - Training Session by Rubicon India
15-Tuesday	Research Committee (Promotion & Evaluation) meeting
15-Tuesday	Innovation & Incubation Cell meeting
16-Wednesday	Second Progress review presentation & Journal club of M.Pharm students
18-Friday	IQAC Cell - Workshop on Application of Network Pharmacology
19-Saturday	Alumni Cell -Expert lecture by Alumni
20-Sunday	TPC Cell - GPAT training session by Mr.Vikrant Dhamak
21- Monday To	F.Y.S.Y. T.Y.& Final Y.B.Pharm Second Practical continuous
25- Friday	assessment examination
26- Saturday	NSS Cell -Constitution Day (Savidhan Din) Lecture on Importance of
	Constitution.
28- Monday To 3 -	F.Y S.Y. T.Y.& Final Y.B.Pharm Second Theory continuous
Saturday	assesementexamination
26- Saturday	Hostel Committee meeting
28- Monday	IQAC meeting
30-Wednesday	NSS Cell <b>-Cleaning Program at "Dudheshwar temple" Nimgaonjali</b> under Swacchata Abhiyan Program

### December-2022

1-Thursday	NSS Cell -AIDS awareness rally in Loni village on occasion of World AIDS Day Celebration
2-Friday	Odd semester SPPU Semester Theory & Practical Exam
7-Wednesday	NSS meeting
9-Friday	Library Committee meeting
10-Saturday	Academic Committee meeting
10-Saturday	IQAC Cell - Hands on Training on Design expert software
12-Monday	Alumni Cell -Expert lecture by Alumni
12-Monday	Student council meeting
15-Thursday	Purchase committee meeting
12-Monday To 18-Sunday	NSS special camp
24-Saturday	Women Empowerment Cell meeting
24-Saturday	Internal Complaints Committee & Anti -harassment Squad meeting

### January -2023

3-Monday	Alumni Cell meeting
3-Monday	Third Progress review presentation & Journal club of M. Pharm
	students
5-Thursday	Career guidance/Training placement cell meeting
5-Thursday	TPC Cell - Industrial visit final year B.Pharm
6-Friday	Parents meet
7-Saturday	TPC Cell - Industrial visit Third year B. Pharm
10-Tuesday	IQAC Cell -Workshop on scientific publication
10-Tuesday	TPC Cell - Industrial visit Second year B. Pharm
12-Thursday	NSS Cell -Lecture on self-confidence on occasion of national
	youth day
13-Friday	Academic Committee meeting
15-Sunday	NSS Cell - Swacchata Abhiyan at College
18-Wednesday	Website Committee meeting
18-Wednesday	TPC Cell - Industrial visit First year B.Pharm
23-Monday	Scholarship Committee (Non - Government) meeting
23-Monday	DIC meeting
24-Tuesday	Industry and Institute interaction cell meeting
25-Wednesday	NSS Cell -National voters Day celebration
25-Wednesday	Student Mentoring Committee meeting
26-Thursday	NSS Cell -Republic Day celebration
28-Saturday	Hostel Committee meeting
28-Saturday	TPC Cell -Workshop on Personality Development by Jeevan
	Sanjivani, Satara
30-Monday	NSS Cell -Visit & awareness program at Lohare orphan school on
	occasion of world leprosy Day
31-Tuesday	Alumni Cell -Expert lecture by Alumni

### February -2023

1-Wednesday	Field visit of Third year B.Pharm
	NSS Cell -Self-defense training program
4-Saturday	NSS Cell - Cancer Awareness & Medicine Counseling Rally on occasion
	World Cancer Day.
8-Wednesday	Code of Conduct & Discipline Committee meeting
10-Friday	TPC Cell - Workshop on Good Clinical Practices
	Academic Committee meeting
11-Saturday	Alumni Cell -Expert lecture by Alumni
12-Sunday	Alumni Meet
13-Monday	Student council meeting
13-Monday	Affiliation cell meeting
13-Monday	Research Committee (Promotion & Evaluation) meeting
13- Monday	Innovation & Incubation Cell meeting
14-Tuesday To	NSS Cell - Youth week' celebration with following activity I. Poster
	Competition II. Just a Minute, III. Debate Competition, IV. Rangoli
	competition V. Guest Lecture.
-	TPC Cell - Expert session on Entrepreneurship Development
	IAEC meeting
	Annual sport Day
24-Friday	
16-Thursday	Parent Teacher Association meeting
	IQAC Cell -Workshop on HPTLC
25-Saturday	TPC Cell - Workshop on Herbal drug Standardization by Dr.
	Punit Rachh
	Women Empowerment Cell meeting
25-Saturday	Internal Complaints Committee & Anti -harassment Squad
	meeting
	Cultural day's
24-Friday	
	Annual social gathering 2k23
27-Monday To 3 -	First Sessional Practical Examination B & M.Pharm
Friday	
27-Monday	IQAC meeting

### March -2023

3-Friday	Grievance Redressal committee meeting
6—Monday	Library Committee meeting
9- Thursday To	First sessional Theory Examination B & M.Pharm
14-Tuesday	
10-Friday	NSS Cell - Guest Lecture and Health Hygiene Program on occasion of
	World Women's Day'
11-Saturday	Academic Committee meeting
17-Friday	NSS meeting
17-Friday	Admission committee meeting
25-Saturday	Hostel Committee meeting
25-Saturday	Alumni Cell -Expert lecture by Alumni
28-Tuesday	Student Mentoring Committee meeting
28-Tuesday	TPC Cell - Industrial Visit of F.Y.M.Pharm

### April-2023

5-Wednesday	TPC Cell - Expert lecture by Mr. Ravi Gaware
6-Thursday	Sport DeptInternational sport Day celebration
7-Friday	TPC Cell - Training session by Smart Chem Plus
7-Friday	NSS Cell - Health Check -Up Camp on Occasion of World Health Day
8-Saturday	Academic Committee meeting
10-Monday	TPC Cell - Expert lecture by Dr.Sayyad Sadik
11-Tuesday	Research Committee (Promotion & Evaluation) meeting
17- Monday	Student council meeting
20-Thursday	Industry and Institute interaction cell meeting
22-Saturday	Women Empowerment Cell meeting
22-Saturday	Alumni Cell -Expert lecture by Alumni
22-Saturday	Internal Complaints Committee & Anti -harassment Squad
	meeting
27-Thursday	Publicity Committee meeting

### May-2023

3-Wednesday	Academic Committee meeting
2- Monday To 6 -	Second Sessional Practical Examination
Saturday	
8- Monday To 12-	Second sessional Theory Examination B & M. Pharm
Friday	
13- Saturday	Cultural Dept Farewell function
14-Sunday	SPPU Even Semester Examination Theory and Practical
16-Tuesday	Anti-ragging Committee/Anti-ragging squad meeting
17-Wednesday	Parents meet
16-Tuesday	Sports & Extracurricular activity Committee meeting
27-Saturday	Hostel Committee meeting
31-Wednesday	IQAC meeting
31-Wednesday	NSS Cell - Lecture on Tobacco side effect on occasion of Anti - Tobacco
	Day 2023.

### June - 2023

1-Thursday To 6-	M. Pharm Thesis submission
Tuesday	
2-Friday	Admission committee meeting
6-Tuesday	Student Mentoring Committee meeting

### **B. PHARM PROGRAM OUTCOMES**

1. Pharmacy Knowledge: Possess knowledge and comprehension of the core and basic knowledge associated with the profession of pharmacy, including biomedical sciences; pharmaceutical sciences; behavioral, social, and administrative pharmacy sciences; and manufacturing practices.

2. Planning Abilities: Demonstrate effective planning abilities including time management, resource management, delegation skills and organizational skills. Develop and implement plans and organize work to meet deadlines.

3. Problem analysis: Utilize the principles of scientific enquiry, thinking analytically, clearly and critically, while solving problems and making decisions during daily practice. Find, analyze, evaluate and apply information systematically and shall make defensible decisions.

4. Modern tool usage: Learn, select, and apply appropriate methods and procedures, resources, and modern pharmacy-related computing tools with an understanding of the limitations.

5. Leadership skills: Understand and consider the human reaction to change, motivation issues, leadership and team-building when planning changes required for fulfillment of practice, professional and societal responsibilities. Assume participatory roles as responsible citizens or leadership roles when appropriate to facilitate improvement in health and well-being.

6. Professional Identity: Understand, analyze and communicate the value of their professional roles in society (e.g. health care professionals, promoters of health, educators, managers, employers, employees).

### **B. PHARM PROGRAM OUTCOMES**

7. Pharmaceutical Ethics: Honour personal values and apply ethical principles in professional and social contexts. Demonstrate behavior that recognizes cultural and personal variability in values, communication and lifestyles. Use ethical frameworks; apply ethical principles while making decisions and take responsibility for the outcomes associated with the decisions.

8. Communication: Communicate effectively with the pharmacy community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports, make effective presentations and documentation, and give and receive clear instructions.

9. The Pharmacist and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety and legal issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional pharmacy practice.

10. Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional pharmacy solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.

11. Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change. Self-assess and use feedback effectively from others to identify learning needs and to satisfy these needs on an ongoing basis.



# Pravara Rural College of Pharmacy Weekly workload and Subject Distribution- PG, Odd Semester, 2022-2023

Subject Code	Subject Nat	Name of staff allotted Theory	Practice	Practical (12hr/ work)	Subject Total he
		(dhr/ week)	Y	B	
MPAT1011	Modern Pharmacentreal analytical techniques	655	Ē	ß	-
M0A102T	Quality Manugement System	NWOS	Ĩ	Ŧ	π
MQA103T	Quality control Quality Assurance	PSG	ŧ	1	4
MOAJOGT	Product development and technology transfer	858	-	1	
MQA105P	Pharmacentical Quality Assurance (PR)	PSG/SAV [6+6]	90	9	2
	F Y M. Pharm Pharm. Chemistry	rm. Chemistry			
MPC102T	Advanced organic chemistry I	HSB	-	1	
MPC103T	Advanced Medicinal Chemistry	RJB	Ē	ŧ	æ
MPCI04T	Chemistry of Natural Products	RKG	i		
MPCIOSP	Phurmaceutical Chemistry 3 (PR)	HSR/MHK [6+6]	9	9	12
	F V M. Pharme Pharmacognosy	trmacognosy			
MPG102T	Advanced Pharmacognosy I	DNV	I.	ł	Ŧ
1601031	Phytochemistry	SRV	I.	Ť.	4
MPG104T	Industrial Pharmacognostical Technology	APP	-	1	-
MPG105P	Pharmacognosy Practical J (PR)	DNV/APP [6+6]	9	9	2
	Second Year M Pharm III SEM [All Branchus]	SEM [All Branches]			
MHM 2011	Research Methodology	BMP	I	1	
	Indian Constitution	SBB	I	1	
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# Prayara Rural College of Pharmacy Workly workload and Subject Distribution. PG, Odd Semester, 2022-2023

Subject Code	Subject Na allor	Name of staff allotted Theory	Practic	Practical (12hr/ week)	Subject Total hr
		(dhr/wuck)	×	8	
MPATIOIT	Modern Phairmaceutical analytical rechniques	GSS		ľ.	
1201ADM	Quality Maragement System	SDMN	I	-	+
VICAL03T	Quality control Quality Assume	PSG.	1	1	+
MQA104T	Product development and technology transfer	SSS	l	ŧ	÷
MQA105P	Phantuscentical Quality Assummer (PR)	PSG/SAV [6+6]	÷.	×	면
	F.Y. M, Pharm Pharm, Chemistry	rm. Chemistry			
MPC1027	Advanced organic chemistry I	HSH	L	I.	
MPC103T	Advanced Medicinal Chemistry	RIB	÷	1000	4
MPC104T	Chemistry of Natural Products	RKG		1	
MPC105P	Pharmacontical Chemistry I (PR)	HSB/MHK [6+6]	0	9	5
	F Y M. Pharm Pharmacegnosy	armacognosy			
MPG102T	Advanced Pharmacognosy I	DNV	Ţ		:4
MPG103T	Phytochemistry	SRV	Ţ	ŧ	4
IAPGJ04T	Industrial Pharmacognostical Technology	APP	1	1	4
MPG105P	Pharmacognosy Practical I (PR)	DNV/APP[6+6]	9	0	2
	Second Year M Pharm III SEM [All Branches]	I SEM [All Branches]			
MRM 301T	Research Methodology	BMP	ł.	1	+
	Indian Constitution	\$98	1		4
Academic Incharge	ichurge KAAR	2 20	PRINCIPAL PRINCIPAL Preventionager, Ap. Lon-413736	PRINCIPAL PRINCIPAL	AL



### Provara Rural College of Pharmery Teaching workdoad – NG + PG Odd Semester, 2022-23

	Sr. Nene of Taradiv	Initial of	00		-	PG:	TODI
2		faculty	III	Pract	τı	Prest	Workload
		Departm	Department of Pharmacology	10			
1_	Dr. Barwar Sarjay Balashch	SBB	10		. 4	1200	2
+1	Dr. Recomputed M. Park	BMP					10
14	Dr. Dighe Samook Bhumaheb	SBD	4	1	+	•	10
-	Mos. Ghigue Rijadure Datisatiek	RDG	π.		34	4	38
12.5	Miss (Minware Saweta Shartino	280	-	00	14	4	80
-	Miss Gambar Sheedifta Rajendra	SRG	1	90		1	86
		Departmen	Department of Pharmacentical Chemistry	cal Chemistry			
11.	Dr. Bhor Rohit Jaysingh	818				-	8
1.11	Virs. Blancar Blemines Sarijay	HSB			*	9	140
	Vir. Alagar Sagar Dominay	SOMG	4	88	4	3	320
1.00	Mr.Dyfre Anul Sopantao	ASD	•		5		80
1	Mr.Banade Mayur Stavaji	MS2I			20	•	90
-	Miss. Work Wilma Mahash.	NWN	-1	+	2	12.55	90
1771	Most Zanwar Atikita Omprakadi	201		-			30
±	Mr.Bluwar Popul Zumbarlal	874				ł	90
÷1.	McKado Sidtharth Popul	SPK	×	-		÷	00
2	Mina Ghula Visitia Pradip	NMO	+	60	22	1.00	8
		Depart	Department of Pharmacognosy	(See See			
È.	Dr. Vithe Sutayore Ruhul	SRV	+		+	3	-11
=	Fir. Polet Archie Printohammad	APP		•	+	9	4
2	Mr.Vaha Danagarad Szenali	DNV	4	7	+	9	18
5	Miss Rast Puja Gorikadianti	POR	4.		4		- 08
	Miss. Gorde Ritaja, Annredich	RAG	*	a	13	4	005
11	Mr.Dighe Shattan Unamao	SLD	2	*	-	2	8
	Miss. Janjara Kanishan Kishor	KKI			2	100	5
		Depa	Department of Pharmacentics	to entire			
ă.	In Adhedwar Suhar Mixan	13	4	Ŧ	÷	4	11
2	Dr. Martin Somediwar Dutatiaya	NIKOS	7	7	+	4	1
26.	Mrv. Neural Trud Namb	TSN	1.	1			ŝ

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10)	+ 1	+	4	Techniques	×	+	+	4	*	actice	Ť	
~	1.1.1	4	1	Department of Quality Assurance Techniques		4	4			Department of Pharmacy Practice	2	
	PSG	PSB	RRT	Department of (	RKG	MHK	GSS	KVD	SAV	Departmen	NVB.	CON
	Miss Gewali Pagel Supan	Miss. Bitalenao Pratidas Sudtakar	Mr. Tanpure Rushikesh Rasseheb		The Godge Rahal Kestav	Mr. Kolhe Mahoh Hari	Mr. Shinde Genech. Shashikant	Mess. Dhamak Kawna Vitthalmo	Mrs. Vikhe Sacha. Athishek		Dr.Bhurse Vaibhon A (tiltal	The Distance Contents Subbands
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y the rules and regulations of Savitrihai Phule Pune University	y the rules a	External examination: means any examination admin
nsistent with the Savitribal Phule Pune University Glossary of Terms. In the meanings listed below:	nsistent with the meaning	Terms used in this policy and the associated procedur addition, the following words and expressions in this po
B C 3		3. Definitions:
AL AND A AND	wara Rural College O	<ol> <li>Policy Scope: The Policy applies to all staff and students of Pravara Rural College Of Pharmacy, Pravaranagar.</li> </ol>
Policy Statement: The purpose of this Policy and the associated procedures is to achieve coordination and consistent examination practices.	cedures is to achieve (	<ol> <li>Policy Statement: The purpose of this Policy and the associated pro</li> </ol>
		Date of Policy Review-
		Date of Last Revision- Not Applicable
		Effective Date-
		Approval Date-
		Responsible Officer- College Examination Officer
	ittee	Governing Authority- Academic Administrative Committee
		Policy Applies to: All Staff and Students
olicy	Examination Policy	
PRAVARA RURAL EDUCATION SOCIETY'S PRAVARA RURAL COLLEGE OF PHARMACY	nrove it!!!	Say what you do!!, Do what you say!!, Prove it!!!, Improve it!!!
	ĸ	10 2

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luternal examination : means any examination administered by a college examination department.

Examination adjustment : means a change to examination conditions that take account of an ongoing medical or personal condition. condition Special examination adjustments: means a change to examination conditions that account for a temporary disability or acute medical

### 4. Viming Of Examinations:

### 4.1 Standard study periods

theory and practical examinations. There will be a designated, maximum four week examination period at the end of the first and second semesters for the conduct of external

### 4.2 Internal examinations

Internal Examinations for theory and practical will be arranged and conducted by the college.

# 4.3 External Examination sessions

holidays) .The detailed time table for examination will be displayed by university. External theory Examinations may be held within the period 10am to 1 pm ,2 pm to 5 pm Monday to Saturday (excluding public

# 4.4 Internal Examination sessions:

conducted. College examination department will prepare the time table for both theory and practical and as per the time table internal examination are

## 5.Examination Organization:

college examination department as identified in the academic calendar. External theory and practical examination organized as per the time table given by university or a Internal examination organized by the

## 5.1 University Examination:

will be organized by college 5.1.1 All university examinations will occur within the examination periods as given by university.. Examinations falling outside these periods

# 5.1.2 college is responsible for:

a. Production of quality-assured examination papers;





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b.Submission of examination papers to designed CAP Centers accordance with the timelines

identified by the university

- 2 ensuring availability of a designated responsible academic staff member during examinations.
- 5.1.3 For Internal examinations, College examination section is responsible for:
- a. To prepare time table of examinations within the period designated for internal examinations.
- a. publishing a time table for the students and staff:
- b. allocation of examination rooms
- coordination of professionally-printed examination papers:

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- d. secure management of examination papers;
- e. supply of examination writing Papers.
- f. provision of adequate examination supervision (invigilation);
- Q<sup>D</sup> processes relating to recruitment, appointment and management of examination supervisors:
- implementing any examination adjustments for students as required.
- 5.2 Supplementary examinations:

External supplementary examination will be carried out as per the time table given by university.

Medium of instruction and examinations Medium of instruction and examination shall be in English 5.3 Rules For Examanation:

Working days in each semester each semester shall consist of not less than 90 working days. The odd semesters shall be the month of June/July to November/December and the even semesters shall be conducted from December/January to May/June in every

Attendance and progress A candidate is required to put in at least 80% attendance in individual courses considering theory and practical

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calendar year



separately. The candidate shall complete the prescribed course satisfactority to be eligible to appear for the respective examinations.

Minimum credit requirements The minimum credit points required for award of a B. Pharm, degree in 208. These credits are divided into

entry students shall get 52 credit points transferred from their D. Pharm program. Such students shall take up additional remedial courses of credit points respectively, a total of 7 credit points to attain 59 credit points, the maximum of 1 and 11 semesters. maturity on the part of the learners. Learners are expected to follow the semester-wise schedule of courses given in the syllabus. The lateral wise as shown in Table IX. Courses generally progress in sequences, building competencies and their positioning indicates certain academic "Communication Skills' (Theory and Practical) and "Computer Applications in Pharmacy' (Theory and Practical) equivalent to 3 and 4 Theory courses, Tutorials, Practical, Practice School and Project over the duration of eight semesters. The credits are distributed semester-

# Examinations/Assessments

semester examinations semester wise The scheme for internal assessment and end semester examinations is given in Table - below Schemes for internal assessments and end

# Semester 1

		-			
	10	10 1 Hr		1116 15	1Hr 15
	10	10 1.11t		116	1 Hr 15
	15	13 1.14	_	1 Hr	1 Hr 25 75
	55	15 11k		1 Hr 1 Hr	1 Hr 25 1 Hr 25
+					
	51	15 116	_	111	11h 25 75
	Marks	Marks Duration		Duration	Duration Total
ontinuous In	Servional As	12	1		1

1 and the second second second second

	BP112RBP	BPIIIP	BP110P	DF IVYP	BP108P	BP107P
Total	Practical*	Practical*	Pharmaceutical Inorgan ic Chemistry – Practical	Pharmaceutics I - Practical	Pharmaceutical Analysis I - Practical	Physiology – Practical
70/755/80*	5	5	S	J	S	5
70/75 <sup>\$</sup> /80" 115/125 <sup>5</sup> /130" 24 <sup>\$</sup> /26" 185/200 <sup>5</sup> /210" Hrs	5	5	10	10	10	10
24 <sup>5</sup> /26" Hrs	2 Hrs	2 Hrs	4 Hrs	4 Hrs	4 Hrs	4 Hrs
185/200 <sup>5</sup> /210"	10	10	15	53	14	IS
490/52.5% 540*	15	15	35	SE	35	35
31		2 Hrs	4 Hrs	4 Hrs	AU	4 Hrs
675/1251 750*	25	25	50	00	6	50

10 2

#Applicable ONLY for the students studied Mathematics / Physics / Chemistry at HSC and appearing for Remedial Biology (RB)course.

<sup>S</sup>Applicable ONLY for the students studied Physics / Chemistry / Botany / Zoology at HSC and appearing for Remedial Mathematics (RM)course.

\* Non University Examination (NUE)

# Semester II

		44-15	Internal Assessment	sessment		End Semester Exams	ster	Exams
Course	Name of the course	Continuous	Session	Sessional Exams		N. A.		n local
code		Mode	Marks	Marks Duration	10131	MATKS		Duration
BP201T	Human Anatomy and Physiology II – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75		3 Hrs
BP202T	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry I - Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75		3 Hrs
RPOOTT	Biochemistry - Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75		3 Hrs
BP204T	Pathophysiology - Theory	10	15	1Hr	25	75	221	3 Hrs
BP205T	Computer Applications in Pharmacy – Theory*	10	15	1 Hr	Ľ	50	11	2 Hrs

									Course Name
Theory Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry II – Practical	Theory	ical Engineering -	Pharmaceutical Microbiology - Theory	from the second	macentics1 -Theory	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry II - Theory			Name of the course
	5	10	10	10		10	Mode	Continuous	
In	10	15	15	15		15	Marks	Sessio	Int
A 11-	4 Hr	l Hr	١Hr	1 Hr	AL UNIC	1 Hr	Duration	Sessional Exams	Internal Assessment
14	15	25	ដ	ĸ		20	Total	r.	eat
35	35	75	75	75	10	75	Marks		End Seme
	4 Hrs	3 Hrs	3 Hrs	3 Hrs	STUC		Duration		End Semester Exams
	50	100	100	100	100			Total	

Semester III

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The subject errors at college to	08	125	-	20 Hrs	20 Hrs 205	205	-
Total	EN.		t				
Pharmacy - Practical*	U	0		2 Hrs	2 Hrs 10		10
omputer Applications	1.	10	1.	4 Hrs	4 Hrs 15	-	15
Biochemistry - Practical	~	~	t		-		
4	5	10		1Hs	4Hs 15	7	*
Pharmaceunical Organic			1	curt	CT CTT	-	t
Physiology II Practical	s	10		4 1120	-	16	*
Human Anatomy and			-		-		
Theory*	10	IS		1 Hr	1 Hr 25		25
Environmental sciences				•	•	•	

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t

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	Total	BP308p Pharmaceutic Pra	BP307p Pharmaceutics Pro	1	
-	60 S	gineering - S	Pharmaceutical Microbiology - Practical	¢	
ADY	10	10			
20	1	10 4 Hr	•		
$\vdash$	+	-	•		
20	4Hr 1	-	•		
20 160	4Hr 1	-	•		

•

Semester IV

Course	Name of the course		Int	Internal Assessment	ent	End Seme	End Semester Exams	
code		Continuous	Sessie	Sessional Exams	Total	Marke		Total
		Mode	Marks	Duration			Duration	IVIALIS
	Pharmaceutical Oroania		Mere -	The second s				
BP401T	Chemistry III- Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP402T	Medicinal Chemistry I - Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP403T	Physical Pharmaceutics II – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP404T	Pharmacology I – Theory	10	IS	1 Hr	25	75	MILE	100
BP405T	Pharmacognosy I – Theory	10	51	1 Hr	25	mund is	3 Hrs	100
	Medicinal Chemistry I - Practical	5	10	4 Hr	15 3	5	4 Hrs	.50

	4410.433	12/4/22	ALTINASS	
Total	Pourmacorporey 1 Practical	Pharmacology 1 - Practical	Physical Photoacoutes II - Protocal	C
76	-14	-		
115	16	10	10	
21 Hrs	4 Hrs	4 Her	4 Hes	•
185	15	15	5	
\$15	ц,	35	35	
31 Hrs	A Hes	6 Hes	4 Hes	
700	8	8	35	

.

# Semisster V

			Inte	Internal Assessment	TRI I	End Seme-	End Semester Frame	
rode	Name of the course	Continuous	Sensie	Sensional Exams	Total	Marka	Duration	Total Marks
		Mode	Marks	Duration				
RP3011	Medicinal Chemistry II - Theory	01	15	1 He	25	75	3 Hrs	100
Physical Research	Formulative Planmacy - Theory	10	5	1 112	25	75	SHn	100
BP5031	Pharmacology II - Theory	01	5	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
Bb2041	Pharmacognosy II - Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP5051	Phatmaceutical Jurisprudence - Theory	01	15	UHr	25	75	- ALLE	100
490548	RP3064* Formulative Pharmacy - Practical	5	10	4 Hr	15	35		20 50

		To	SPS089 Pharmac	BPS01P Pharma
		Total 65	Ngmony II - Practical	cologo II - Practical
	Car	IN	5 10	5
	17 Hr	48	418	
	170	15	IS	r
	480	35	8	
	27 Brs	4 Hrs	416	
and a second sec	650	8	50	

Semester VI

>		Name of the course	Continuous Mode	Sessio	nal Exams	Total	Marks	Duration	Total Marks
Continuous Sessional Exams Total March			Mode	Marke	Duration	Terror	MARKS	Duration	Mark
Marks Duration				(restant)	A DI DI DI DI				
	BP601T Medicinal C	Chemistry III - Theory	nt	:					
BD603T m I II	DDCOTT	Crowner	D1	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
+		ology III - Theory	10	51	18-	30	:		
	BP601T Herbal Drug 1	Technology -		A PAGE		t	D	3 Hrs	100
10 IS 1Hr 25 75	an even	ory	10	15	1 Hr	ß	75	111-	100
10 12	The		10	10				SILL C	100
		centics and		10	1 Hr	25	75	111-	100
BP605T * umulaceulical biotechnology- Theory 10 15 1 Hr 25 75 3 Hrs	3P604T Biopharmacokine	centics and tics - Theory					8	SILLS	* 10 M
BP606T Quality Assurance-Theory 10 15 1 Hr 25000 Rev 25 1 Hr	P604T Biopharmac P605T Pharmaceutica Th	ceutics and tics – Theory d Biotechnology– heory	10	IS	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
	P604T Biopharmac P605T Pharmacokinet P606T Pharmaceutica Th Quality As	ceutics and tics - Theory I Biotechnology- teory ssurance- Theory	10	15 15		25	35 75		100

artic a 0.0 #0 (R) ł.

\* The subject experts at college level shall conduct examinations BP706 PS BP705 P BP7041 BP703T BP702T BP7011 Course Novel Drug Delivery System -Instrumental Methods of Analysis Instrumental Methods of Analysis Industrial Pharmacy - Theory Pharmacy Practice - Theory Total Practice School\* Name of the course - Practical Theory - Theory Continuous 12 70 Û. 10 Mode 10 10 01 Marks 70 4 17 0 16 10 17, Sessional Exams Internal Assessment Duration SHrs 4 Has 11 HI-H 11 • 市 th Ľ Ľ, tz tz 55 Total End Semester Exams Marks 吉 17 2 3 3 32 2 Duration 21 Hrs 5 Has れ行 3 Has 3 Hay 3 Hirs 3 Hrs Marte 8 8 ŝ 13 8 8 10

Semester VII

1	our he	300	561	18 Hrs	120	75	Total	
	the Gam						Practical	DI-OUNT
	4 Him	15	15	4 Hm	10		Herbal Drug Technology -	In Incoments
				Same 1	14		Pharmacology III - Practical	BPSOSP
8	4 Hen	35	15	4 1/101	-			
				¢.,			0	



1			1		22
		-			
= 20	0.0	-	30 30	30   2   Hrs	30 $2 Hrs$ $2$
10 + 10	15				
		_			
10		15	15 1 Hr	15 1Hr 25	1 Hr
10		15	-15 IHr	15 1 日子 25	1出 25
Mode	de	M	Marks	M	Marks Duration
Continuous	no.		S	Sessional Exams	Sessional Exams
	Ŀ				

Semester VIII

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# **Conduct of Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

Every semester students has to go through the Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE). CIE Is Conducted as per University guidelines.

# Continuous Assessment Guidelines as per SPPU, Pune

Theory	
Criteria	Marks
Academic activities (Any 2 activities e.g. quiz, assignment, open book test, class test )	20
Sessional Exam	20
Total	40
Practical	
Attendance	5
	10
Based on Practical Records	5
Regular viva voce, etc	20
Sessional Practical Exam	40
Total	40

# Internal assessment: Continuous mode as per PCI syllabus

The marks allocated for Continuous mode of Internal Assessment shall be awarded as

per the scheme given below.

- )

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# Scheme for awarding internal assessment: Continuous mode

Theory Criteria	Maxi Ma	inun irks
	4	2
Attendance (Refer Table - XII) Academic activities (Average of any 3 activities e.g. quiz, assignment.	3	1.
open book test, field work, group discussion and a	3	1.
Student - Teacher interaction	33 000	(a)

HANAS

E
1-1
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### Guidelines for the allotment of marks for attendance

Percentage of Attendance	Thears	Prastical
95 - 100	+	3
90 - 94	1	15
85-89	3	
80 - 84		0.8
Less than 80	ρ	0

### Sessional Exams

Two Sessional exams for 2018 pattern shall be conducted for each theory / practical course as per the schedule fixed by the college(s). One Sessional esame for 3014 patient and shall be conducted for each theory / practical course as per the schedule freed by the college(s). The scheme of question paper for theory and practical Sessional sominations is given below. The average marks of two Sessional exams shall be computed by internal assessment as per the requirements given in tables. Sessional exam shall be conducted for 30 marks for theory and shall be computed for 15 marks Similarly Sessional exam for practical shall be conducted for 40 marks and shall be computed but

10 mark

	Marks allotted	Duration
Exam Type	30	1,610
Theory		04.00
Practical	40	COLUMN STATE



# Question paper pattern for theory Sessional

# For subjects having University exams

Objective Type Questions (Answer 05 out of 7)	-5 x 2 = 10
II Long Answers (Answer Fout of 2)	$-1 \approx 10 = 10$
III. Short Answers (Answer 2 out of 3)	-2 x 5 = 10
In short district Total	30 marks

# For subjects having Non University Examination

II SHOT FILE CONTRACTOR	Total	30 marks
II Short Answers (Answer 4 out	0(6)	$-4 \ge 5 - 20$
I Long Answers (Answer I out	01 -1	and the second se
	1.21	-1 + 10 - 10

# Question paper pattern for practical sessional examinations

III. TITA TOTA	Total	40 marks
II Experiments III Viva voce		= 0.5
the second se		× 25
1 Synopais		- 10

Promotion and award of grades A student shall be declared PASS and eligible for getting gradein a course of B.Pharm program if he/she secures at least 50% marks in that particular course including internal assessment For example, to be declared as PASS and to get grade, the student has to secure a minimum of 50 marks for the total of 100 including continuous mode of assessment and end semester theory examination and has to secure a minimum of 25 marks for the total 50 including internal assessment and end semester practical examination.

Carry forward of marks in case a student fails to secure the minimum 50% in any Theory or Practical course as specified in 12,then he/she shall reappear for the end semester examination of that course. However his/her marks of the Internal Assessmentshallbe carried overand he/she shall be entitled for grade obtained by him/her on passing.

overand he/she shall be enhance for grant A student shall have the opportunity to improve his/her Improvement of internal assessment A student shall have the opportunity to improve his/her performance in the Sessional exam component of the internal assessment. The re-conduct of the Sessional exam shall be completed before the commencement of next end semester theory examinations. He examination of end semester examinations Recombination of end semester examination shall be conducted as per the schedule given in table XIII. The exact dates of examinations shall be notified from time to time.

# Table SIII: Tentative schedule of end semester examinations

Nemester	For Regular Candidates	For Failed Candidates
1, 111, V and VII	November / December	May / June
II, IV, VI and VIII	May / June	November / December

# Question paper pattern for end semester theory examinations

### For 75 marks paper

1. Objective Type Questions (Answer 5 out of 7)	-5x 3-15
II. Long Answers (Answer 2 out of 4)	-2 × 10 - 20
II. Long Auswers (Auswer Lout of 10)	$-8 \times 5 - 40$
III. Short Answers (Answer 8 out of 10) Total	= 75marks

### For 35 marks paper

1. Long Answers (Answer fout of 2.)	1	$-1 \times 10 = 10$
II. Short Answers (Answer 5 out of 7)		- 5 x 5 = 25
II. Short Answers (Answer 2 dates 1)	Total	= 25 marks

# Question paper pattern for end semester practical examinations

### v.

1. Provider	- 05
1. Synopsis	- 25
II. Experiments III. Viva voce	- 05
Total	= 35marks

Academic Progression No student shall be admitted to any examination unless he/she fulfills the norms prescribed by University. Academic progression rules are applicable as follows:

A student shall be eligible to carry forward all the courses of I, II and III spheresters and the IV



senses remainstances investor, nexts shall not to algorith to attract the concess of 3 senses and anticipation of and 1 senses on senses of property.

<sup>3</sup> States shall be slightly a carry lowers at the courses of H, <sup>3</sup> and <sup>3</sup> emissions at the <sup>3</sup>D sensesses examinations. However, nevers shall his be objects as atoms in courses of <sup>3</sup>D, sensesses and all the courses of <sup>2</sup>C. I. II and <sup>3</sup>C sensesses are successfully completed.

<sup>35</sup> Student shall be eligible to early intoward all the courses in [30, 30] and 30] semacors iil the WIII semacor: commutations flowever, hence shall his re eligible to get the course completion attrificant anti-all the courses of 1 Ti, Th [30, 3] and 30 semacors are successfully completed.

A statum shall be eligible to get bacher CCP's upon successful completion of the courses of the WIII semiesters within the structure, time period as per the norms specified.

3. Intenil entry student shall be eligible to eatry flowant all the courses of ID, W and V senesces till the Wi semester examinations. However, to see shall not be eligible to intend the courses of WI semester until all the courses of ID and W semesters are successfully completed.

A lateral entry student shall be eligible to carry floward all the churses of X. W. and MI. semicisters till the VIII semicister examinations. However, how

A interni entry student shall be eligible to get his her OCEA upon successful completion of he courses of TL to VIII semissions within the stipulated time period as per the norms specified.

Rules for Carry Farward The curriculum (neturing regulators, structure and golids) is in force from academic year 2005-29 and cowards for First Year S. Pharm, the academic year 2019-20 cowards for Second Year S. Pharm, the academic year 2029-20 cowards for Second Year S. Pharm, the academic year 2029-21 and cowards for Final Year S. Pharm.

The Jeanners who were admitted to First Year B. Pharm, of 2015 pattern during the academic year 2017-18 or before & failed in the First Year B.Pharm, of 2018 pattern examination will have to take admission to Semester-III of Second Year B. Pharm, of 2018 pattern in academic year 2014-20 or onwards, provided that

a) Their result of F. Y. B. Pharm of 2015 pattern is either pass or fails with A. T. K. T. The said students will have to take up additional remedial courses as follows.

b) The learners who were admitted to S.Y.B. Pharm. of 2015 pattern during the academic year 2018-19 or before and fail in the S.Y.B.Pharm. of 2015 pattern expression and have to



take admission to Semester-V of Third Year B. Pharm. of 2018 pattern in academic year 2020-21 or onwards, provided that their result of S. Y. B. Pharm of 2015 pattern is either pass or fails with A. T. K. T. The said students will have to take up additional remedial course as follows,

Sr. No	Remedial courses for admission to S.Y.B.Pharm in Academic Year 2019-20 (Cleared F.Y. B. Pharm as per 2015 Pattern)				
	(Non University Examination )	Semester	Passing Criteria		
1	Biochemistry – Theory/Practicals	Semester III	Minimum 50% marks with D grade		
2	Pathophysiology- Theory		Minimum 50% marks with D grade		
3	Computer Applications in Pharmacy - Theory/Practicals	Semester IV	Minimum 50% marks with D grade		
4	Environmental sciences - Theory	107200033	Minimum 50% marks with D grade		

Sr. No	Remedial courses for admission to T.Y. B.Pharm in Academic Year 2020-21 (Cleared S, Y.B. Pharm as per 2015 Pattern )		
	(Non University Examination with 50% passing.)	Semester	Passing Criteria
01	Medicinal Chemistry I Theory/ Practical	Semester V	Minimum 50% marks with D grade

### Grading of performances

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Letter grades and grade points allocations: Based on the performances, each student shall be awarded a final letter grade at the end of the semester for each course. The letter grades and their corresponding grade points are given in Table below:

Percentage of Marks Obtained	Letter Grade	Grade Point	Performance
90.00 - 100	0	10	Outstanding
80.00 - 89.99	A	9	Excellent
70.00 - 79.99	B	8	Good
60.00 - 69.99	C	7	Fair

50.00 - 59.99	D	6	Average
Less than 50	F	0	Faif
Absent	AB	0	Fail

A learner who remains absent for any end semester examination shall be assigned a letter grade of AB and a corresponding grade point of zero. He/she should reappear for the said evaluation/examination in due course.

### The Semester grade point average (SGPA)

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The performance of a student in a semester is indicated by a number called 'Semester Grade Point Average' (SGPA). The SGPA is the weighted average of the grade points obtained in all the courses by the student during the semester. For example, if a student takes five courses(Theory/Practical) in a semester with credits C1, C2, C3, C4 and C5 and the student's grade points in these courses are G1, G2, G3, G4 and G5, respectively, and then students' SGPA is equal to:

SGPA = 
$$\frac{C_1G_1 + C_2G_2 + C_3G_3 + C_4G_4 + C_3G_5}{C_1 + C_2 + C_3 + C_4 + C_5}$$

The SGPA is calculated to two decimal points. It should be noted that, the SGPA for any semester shall take into consideration the F and ABS grade awarded in that semester. For example if a learner has a F or ABS grade in course 4, the SGPA shall then be computed as:

 $SGPA = \frac{C1G1 + C2G2 + C3G3 + C4* ZERO + C5G5}{C1 + C2 + C3 + C4 + C5}$ 

**Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA)** The CGPA is calculated with the SGPA of all the VIII semesters to two decimal points and is indicated in final grade report card/final transcript showing the grades of all VIII semesters and their courses. The CGPA shall reflect the failed statusin case of F grade(s),till the course(s) is/are passed. When the course(s)is/are passedby obtaining a pass grade on subsequent examination(s) theCGPA shall only reflect the new grade and not the fail grades earned earlier. The CGPA is calculated as:



# CGPA - C181 + C282 + C383 + C484+ C585+ C686+ C787+ C888

### C1 + C2 + C3 + C4+ C5+ C6+ C7+ C8

where C<sub>1</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>3</sub>, is the total number of credits for semester 1,0,00,..., and S<sub>4</sub>,8<sub>1</sub>, S<sub>3</sub>, is the SGPA of semester L11,111,....,

# Declaration of class

The class shall be awarded on the basis of COPA as follows

First Class with Distinction	= CGPA of, 7.50 and above
First Class	= CGPA of. 6 00 to 7.49
Second Class	= CGPA of, 5.00 to 5.99

### Project work

All the students shall undertake a project under the supervision of a teacher and submit a report. The area of the project shall directly relate any one of the elective subject opted by the student in

semester VIII. The project shall be carried out in group not exceeding 5 in number. The project report shall be submitted in triplicate (typed & bound copy not less than 25 pages). The internal and external examiner appointed by the University shall evaluate the project at the time of the Practical examinations of other semester(s). Students shall be evaluated in groups for four hours (i.e., about half an hour for a group of five students). The projects shall be evaluated as per the criteria given below

### Evaluation of Dissertation Book:

Objective(s) of the work done	15 Marks
Methodology adopted	20 Marks
Results and Discussions	20 Marks
Conclusions and Outcomes	20 Marks
Total	75 Marks
Evaluation of Presentation:	25 Marks
Presentation of work	20 Marks
Communication skills Question and answer skills	30 Marks

### 75 Marks

Explanation: The 75 marks assigned to the dissertation book shall be same for all the students in a group. However, the 75 marks assigned for presentation shall be awarded based on the performance of individual students in the given criteria.

### Industrial training (Desirable)

Every candidate shall be required to work for at least 150 hours spread over four weeks in a Pharmaceutical Industry Hospital. It includes Production unit, Quality Control department, Quality Assurance department, Analytical laboratory, Chemical manufacturing unit, Pharmaceutical R&D, Hospital (Clinical Pharmacy), Clinical Research Organization, Community Pharmacy, etc. After the Semester - VI and before the commencement of

- VII, and shall submit satisfactory report of such work and certificate duly signed by the authority of training organization to the head of the institute.

Every candidate shall be required to undergo any one of the Skill development modules

mentioned below (Duration - Min. 04 weeks)

a) Hands on Training (Central instrumentation lab/Machine room etc)

b) UGC/AICTE recognized online courses (SWAYAM/NPTEL etc)

After the successful completion of the module the candidate shall submit satisfactory report and certificate duly signed by the authority of training organization Head of the institute

In the VII semester, every candidate shall undergo practice school for a period of 150 hours Practice School evenly distributed throughout the semester. The student shall opt any one of the domains for practice school declared by the program committee from time to time.

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Note: Grade AB should be considered as failed and treated as one head for deciding neadenic

progression. Such rules are also applicable for those students who fail to register for examination(s) of any course in any semester,

# 6 .Publication of Examination Schedule:

6.1 Final theory examination time tables will be published at least six weeks prior to the commencement of the main examination by the university and for practical at least one week prior to the commencement of practical examination,

6.2 Examination timetable information will be made available to staff and students.

It is the responsibility of each student to:

a. To identify the dates, times and venues of examinations they are to attend; and,

b. To notify college examination department of any clashes by the published due date.

### 7 .Location of examination:

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7.1. Venues for examinations must adhere to the University examination standards,

7.2 Seating arrangement of Students will be displayed at notice board half an hour before the starting of the examination.

### 8.Production of examination papers:

8.1 For internal examination each faculty will submit 1 question paper set in sealed envelop to the college examination officer one hour before examination. College examination officer will do photocopy of the question paper and will distribute to thestudents,

8.2 For external theory examination University will sent OTP to principal and college examination officer half an hour before examination. Then college examination officer will download the question paper from specified university site and will do the photocopy of it,

# 9. Examination Supervision:

9.1 Examination supervisors are responsible for the conduct of examinations and for ensuring compliance with this policy. A student must comply with all directions given by the examination supervisor and the supervisor's decision is final.



# 9.2 supervisor Duty:

a. To confirm the identity of the students through the half factor anosed by interesting

- 8. To see that they are not in possession of any smutherized device or material -
- b. Insive an examination mean if a supervisor standers that a candidate's behavior is coals at to disturb or distract any other candidate:
- wirrender any device or material, which the supervisor considers to be statitionised, for the duration of the exam, and/or
- d. comply with any direction that the supervisor dearns necessary to ensure the proper and efficient conduct of the exemitation.

### 10.Examination Condition:

10.1 Entry to Examination Room

10.1.1 A person other than the supervisor, or other authorized persons, may not enter or ternain in an examination room during an examination.

10.1.2. A candidate, on entering an examination room, must proceed to the place st which that candidate is directed by the supervisor. A candidate must not leave that place without permission or direction from a supervisor.

10.1.3 A person, whether a candidate or not, who is permitted to enter or leave an examination room must comply with conditions as outlined by the supervisor.

### 10.2. Starting time

10.2.1. The time listed on the examination timetable is the time when the examination commences. Candidates must not commence writing until the supervisor has given permission.

# 10.3 Late arrival

10.3.1 Candidates who arrive within the first 30 minutes after the start of an exemination will be permitted to undertake that examination but will not be allowed additional time.

10.3.2 Candidates who arrive later than 30 minutes after the start of an examination will not be permitted to undertake that examination.

# 10.4 Early departure from examination rooms

10.4.1 Except in circumstances related to illness, a candidate must not leave the examination

room;

a.During the first 30 minutes of an examination; or



b. during the final 10 minutes of an examination.

10.4.2 Candidates who wish to leave the examination room prior to the scheduled finish time (and within the times specified above) must adhere to instructions provided by the supervisor.

10.5. Illness during examination

10.5.1 If a candidate becomes ill during an examination and temporarily leaves the examination venue, but remains under supervision, no extra time will be allowed for the candidate to complete the examination. In this circumstance the candidate may submit an application for special consideration as per the rule framed by university.

10.5.2 If the candidate decides to continue the examination, the Examination Supervisor may make a decision to move the student to an alternative location, to reduce disruption to other students. The time required for the move will be added to the student's allocated examination time.

10.5.3 If the candidate cannot continue with the examination, the supervisor will note this and report the matter to examination department.

### 11.Conclusion of examination:

11.1 At the conclusion of the examination all candidates must maintain examination conditions until all papers have been collected and the supervisor has given students permission to leave the examination room.

### 11.2 Materials in Examination:

# 11.2.1 Nominated materials permitted in examinations

11.2.1.1 Where specified books or other materials (restricted to open book examinations) are permitted to be taken into an examination, such materials will be limited to those specifically approved by the Lecturer in Charge and such materials will be listed on the examination paper cover sheet.

11.2.1.2 Where an examination is designated 'open book', the relevant text book and allowable materials may be taken into the examination.

11.2.1.3 The supervisor or other authorized person will inspect any such materials to ensure that they comply with the approved list provided by the Lecturer in Charge and do not contain any unauthorized materials.

11.2.1.4 The use of e-books is not permitted in any examination

# 11.3 Use of dictionaries in examinations

11.3.1 English language dictionaries are not acceptable in an examination room

11.3.2 The dictionary must not contain any notations or any additional material and must be presented to the supervisor for inspection.



12.2 Minor disruptions to an examination, for a period of 15 minutes or less, will be accommodated by the provision of an equivalent period of additional time added to the end of the allocated examination time by approval of the college examination department

12.3 The principal or college examination officer will determine the appropriate course of action in the event of a significant disruption to an examination. A significant disruption may include repeated minor disruptions in the same examination session.

12.4 In the event of an evacuation of an examination venue, the college examination officer in consultation with the principal will determine which of the following outcomes will apply, with consideration to minimizing disadvantage to students:

a., the examination may be declared void and a new examination scheduled for a date and

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time within the current examination period;

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b..students' examination scripts may be marked and the mark stand:

c.. organizing different examination venues:

# 13. Examination adjustment for students with disabilities or medical condition:

### 13.1 Permanent disability and/or chronic medical condition

13.1.1. Adjustments to the examination conditions for students with a permanent disability and/or chronic medical condition will be incorporated in Education Inclusion Plans developed by Disability Services.

# 13.2 Unexpected temporary disability or medical condition

13.2.1 If a student has an unexpected temporary disability or medical condition, the student may apply for special adjustments to examination arrangements through submission of the relevant documents to college examination department

13.2.2 If, due to the timing of the request, the college examination department can give extra time as per the regulations given in university

# 13.3 Notification of examination adjustment and special adjustment requirements

13.3.1 Students with a disability and/or medical condition should consult a Disability Adviser to register for examination adjustments as early as possible, preferably at the time of enrolment and no later than the census date of the relevant study period.

# 14. Collection of Examination papers:

14.1 supervisor must collect all the answer sheet from the student and submit to college examination department.

# 15. Missing Examination papers or answer sheet:



15.1 In the event of examination papers, writing booklets or answer sheets being lost, stolen or destroyed, the college examination officer in consultation with the principal will determine a course of action for those students who have been directly affected so as to minimize disruption or disadvantage to those students.

# 16. Deferred Examination:

# 16.1 Internal Based Deferred Examination:

# 16.1.1 Application:

16.1.1.1. Where a candidate is unable to attend an examination due to illness or other exceptional circumstance (beyond their control) the candidate is required to submit the relevant documentation for a internal examination to the college examination department.

16.1.1.2 College examination department will verify the documents submitted by student and will set a new time table for the examination.

### 17 Publication of past examination paper:

17.1 All the past examination papers will be kept in library from where the students can access it.

### 18.Breach of Policy:

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### 18.1. Expulsion from examination room

18.1.1 An Examination supervisor may expel any candidate from the examination room, where that candidate is believed to be in breach of this policy.

### 18.1.2 Report and investigation:

An Examination Supervisor must report any alleged breach of this policy to the College Examination Officer, who will refer the matter to the relevant authority.

18.1.3 Any alleged breach of the examination conditions will be referred to the College Examination Officer who may:

- a. issue a formal warning; or
- b. refer the matter to the Designated Officer for resolution in accordance with the Student

Conduct and Discipline Policy.

18.1.4 In cases of alleged cheating the matter will be referred to the Principal and must be investigated and resolved in accordance with the Academic Integrity and Misconduct Policy.

18.1.5. In cases of alleged falsified documentation the matter will be referred to the Academic Dean, and must be investigated and resolved in accordance with the Policy on Dealing with Instances of Falsified, Fraudulent or Misleading Documentation.

19. Role and Responsibilities:



LOKNETE. DR. BALASANED VIKHE PATIL (PADMA EHUSHAN AWARDER) PRAVARA RURAL EDUCATION SOCIETY PRAVARA RURAL COLLEGE OF PHARMACY

Date- 6/12/2021

# **Student Notice**

# PRAVARA RURAL COLLEGE OF PHARMACY

EXAMINATION CIRCULAR NO. - PRCOP/B & M Pharm/2020-21/Exam/ 2-/5

B. & M. PHARM Second Sessional Examination and Continues Assessment Time Table 2021-22

Sr. No	Date of Examination	Time		Subject	EU II
		Practical Session:	al Exam		
			Batch A	Batch B	Batch C
1	8/12/2021		PP I	POC II	PMicro
2	9/12/2021	9:00 am to 1:00 pm	POC II	PP I	PE
3	10/12/2021		PMicro	PE	PP I
4	11/12/2021		PE	PMicro	POC II
		Theory Continues A	ssessment		
1	20/12/2021		Pharmaceutic	cal Organic Ch	nemistry II
2	21/12/2021	2:00 pm to 3:00 pm		rmaceutics- I	
3	22/12/2021	2:00 pm to 3:00 pm	Pharmaceutic	cal Microbiolo	gy
4	23/12/2021			cal Engineering	
		Theory Sessiona	lExam		w
1	27/12/2021		Pharmaceutic	cal Organic Ch	nemistry II
2	28/12/2021	11.00 am to 12.20 am		rmaceutics-I	
3	29/12/2021	11:00 am to 12:30 pm	Pharmaceutical Microbiology		gy
4	30/12/2021		Pharmaceutic	cal Engineerin	g

### B. PHARM SEMESTER - III (2019 Pattern)



LOKNETE, DR. BALASAHEB VIKHE PATIL (PADMA BHUSHAN AWARDEE) PRAVARA RURAL EDUCATION SOCIETY PRAVARA RURAL COLLEGE OF PHARMACY

# B. PHARM SEMESTER - V (2019 Pattern)

Sr. No	Date of Examination	Time		Subject	
	86	Practical Ses	sional Exam		
			Batch A	Batch B	Batch C
1	8/12/2021		Formulative Pharmacy	PCOL II	PCOG PHY I
2	9/12/2021	9:00 am to 1:00 pm	PCOG PHY II	Formulative Pharmacy	PCOL II
3	10/12/2021		PCOL II	PCOG PHY II	Formulative Pharmacy
	Sec. The second sec.	Theory Continu	ies Assessment		
1	20/12/2021		Medicinal Chen	nistry II	
2	21/12/2021		Formulative Ph	armacy	
3	22/12/2021	2:00 pm to 3:00 pm	Pharmacology I	I	
4	23/12/2021	The strange states	Pharmacognosy	and Phytocher	nistry II
5	24/12/2021		Pharmaceutical	A contract of the second se	S-1155
	in the second	Theory Sess	ional Exam		
1	27/12/2021		Medicinal Chen	nistry II	
2	28/12/2021		Formulative Pha	armacy	
3	29/12/2021	11:00 pm to 12:30 pm	Pharmacology I	I	
4	30/12/2021		Pharmacognosy	and Phytocher	nistry II
5	31/12/2021		Pharmaceutical	Jurisprudence	



LOKNETE, DR. BALASAHEB VIKHE PATIL (PADMA BHUSHAN AWARDEE) PRAVARA RURAL EDUCATION SOCIETY PRAVARA RURAL COLLEGE OF PHARMACY

Sr. No	Date of Examination	Time	Subject
		Practical Sessi	onal Exam
1	8/12/2021		Instrumental Methods of Analysis ( Batch A)
2	9/12/2021	9:00 am to 1:00 pm	Instrumental Methods of Analysis ( Batch B)
3	10/12/2021		Instrumental Methods of Analysis ( Batch C)
1000	0	Theory Continue	
1	20/12/2021		Instrumental Methods of Analysis
2	21/12/2021	2.00 2.00	Industrial Pharmacy
3	22/12/2021	2:00 pm to 3:00 pm	Pharmacy Practice
4	23/12/2021		Novel Drug Delivery System
		Theory Sessio	nal Exam
1	27/12/2021	22	Instrumental Methods of Analysis
2	28/12/2021	11,00 and to 12,20 and	Industrial Pharmacy
3	29/12/2021	11:00 am to 12:30 pm	Pharmacy Practice
4	30/12/2021		Novel Drug Delivery System

# B. PHARM SEMESTER - VII (2018 Pattern)



LOKNETE. DR. BALASAHEB VIKHE PATIL (PADMA BHUSHAN AWARDEE) PRAVARA BURAL EDUCATION SOCIETY PRAVARA RURAL COLLEGE OF PHARMACY

# M. PHARM SEMESTER - III (2019 Pattern)

Sr. No	Date of Examination	Time	Subject
1	27/12/2021	2:00 pm to 3: 30 pm	Research Methodology
2	28/12/2021		
		2.00 pm to 3.30 pm	Introduction to Constitution

Note- i) Practical Sessional Examination will be conducted before theory Sessional Examination as per the time table only.

ii) Sessional exam shall be conducted for 30 marks for theory and shall be computed for 15 marks. Similarly Sessional exam for practical shall be conducted for 40 marks and shall be computed for 10 marks.

iv) Continues assessment pattern as mention below:

### Internal assessment: Continuous mode

The marks allocated for Continuous mode of Internal Assessment shall be awarded as per the scheme given below.

### Table-XI: Scheme for awarding internal assessment: Continuous mode

Theory			
Criteria		Maximum Marks	
Attendance (Refer Table – XII)		4	2
Academic activities (Average of any 2 activities e.g. quiz, assignment, open book test, field work, group discussion and seminar)		4	03
Student - Teacher interaction		2	1000
Total		10	5
Practical	201	1.1.1	-
Attendance (Refer Table - XII)			
Based on Practical Records, Regular viva voce, etc.		3	
Total		5	

### Table- XII: Guidelines for the allotment of marks for attendance

Percentage of Attendance	Theory	Practical
95 - 100	4	2
90 - 94	3	1.5
85 - 89	2	1
80-84	1	0.5
Less than 80	0	0

Dr. R. S. Jadhay

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PRAVARA RURAL EDUCATION SOCIETY'S PRAVARA RURAL COLLEGE OF PHARMACY

Date- 18/04/2022

# **Student Notice**

# PRAVARA RURAL COLLEGE OF PHARMACY

EXAMINATION CIRCULAR NO. - PRCOP/B & M Pharm/2021-22/Exam/

B & M PHARM first Sessional Examination and Continues Assessment Time Table 2021-22

### B. PHARM SEMESTER - II (2019 Pattern)

Sr. No	Date of Examination	Time		Subject	
		Theory Sessiona	l Exam		
1	2/5/2022		Human Anato	omy and Physic	ology II
2	4/5/2022		Pharmaceutic	al Organic Cha	emistry 1
3	5/5/2022	10:00 Am to 11:30 Am	Biochemistry	10 - 00	
4	6/5/2022		Pathophysiol	og	
5	9/5/2022		Computer Ap	plications in P	harmacy
6	9/5/2022	2:00 Pm to 3:30 Pm	Environmenta		
		Theory Continues A	ssessment		
1	25/4/2022		Human Anato	omy and Physic	ology II
2	26/4/2022		the second se	al Organic Cha	and the second se
3	27/4/2022	9:00 Am to Pm	Biochemistry	0	
4	28/4/2022	9:00 Am to Pm	Pathophysiol	og	
5	29/4/2022		Computer Ap	plications in P	harmacy
6	30/4/2022		Environment		
_	Prac	tical Continues Assessmen	nt & Sessional	Exam	
1	25/4/2022		BIOCHEM	POC-1	CA
2	26/4/2022		CA	BIOCHEM	
3	27/4/2022	10:00 Am to Pm	POC-I	CA	HAP-II
4	28/4/2022			HAP-II	BIOCHEM
5	29/4/2022		HAP-II		POC-I

Page 1 of 3





PRAVARA RURAL EDUCATION SOCIETY'S PRAVARA RURAL COLLEGE OF PHARMACY

# M. PHARM SEMESTER - II (2019 Pattern)

Sr. No	Date of Examination	Time	Subject
1	2/5/2022		Advanced Spectral Analysis Hazards and Safety Management Medicinal Plant biotechnology
2	4/5/2022		Advanced Organic Chemistry –II Pharmaceutical Validation Advanced Pharmacognosy–II
3	5/5/2022	- 3:30 Pm to 5:00 Pm	Computer Aided Drug Design Audits and Regulatory Compliance Indian system of medicine
4	6/5/2022		Pharmaceutical Process Chemistry Pharmaceutical Manufacturing Technology Herbal cosmetics
5	9/5/2022	10:00 am to	Pharmaceutical Chemistry Practical II Pharmaceutical Quality Assurance Practical II Pharmacognosy Practical II

Note- i) The examination will be conducted by as per the time table only.

ii) Sessional exam shall be conducted for 30 marks for theory and shall be computed for 15 marks. Similarly Sessional exam for practical shall be conducted for 40 marks and shall be computed for 10 marks.

iv) Continues assessment pattern as mention below:





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PRAVARA RURAL EDUCATION SOCIETY'S PRAVARA RURAL COLLEGE OF PHARMACY

### Internal assessment: Continuous mode

The marks allocated for Continuous mode of Internal Assessment shall be awarded as per the scheme given below.

# Table-XI: Scheme for awarding internal assessment: Continuous mode

Theory Criteria		mum rks
Attendance (Refer Table - XII)	4	2
Academic activities (Average of any 2 activities e.g. quiz, assignment, open book test, field work, group discussion and seminar)	4	03
Student - Teacher interaction	2	5
Total Practical	2	S
Attendance (Refer Table - XII) Based on Practical Records, Regular viva voce, etc.	3	
Total	5	

# Table- XII: Guidelines for the allotment of marks for attendance

Table- All: Guidennes to		Practical
Percentage of Attendance	Theory	2
95-100	4	15
90 - 94	3	1
85-89	2	0.5
80-84	1	0
Less than \$0	0	

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Exam In-chrge

Dr. R. S. Jadhav

CEO

S. B. Bhawar

Principal





PRAVARA RURAL EDUCATION SOCIETY'S PRAVARA RURAL COLLEGE OF PHARMACY

Date- 24/03/2022

# **Student Notice**

# PRAVARA RURAL COLLEGE OF PHARMACY

B. PHARM Second Sessional Examination and Continues Assessment Time Table 2021-22

# B. PHARM SEMESTER - IV (2019 Pattern)

Sr. No	Date of Examination	Time		Subject	
	no-succession and the success	Theory Sessional	l Exam		
1	2/5/2022		Pharmaceutica	al Organic Cher	nistry III
2	4/5/2022		Medicinal Che	emistry I	
3	5/5/2022	10:00 Am to 11:30 Am	Physical Phan	maceutics II	
4	6/5/2022		Pharmacology		
5	9/5/2022		Pharmacognos	sy and Phytoch	emistry-I
		Theory Continues A	ssessment	10) St 1	
1	25/4/2022		Pharmacology	/ I	
2	26/4/2022		Physical Phar	maceutics II	-
3	27/4/2022	9:00 Am to Pm	Pharmaceutic	al Organic Che	mistry III
4	28/4/2022		Pharmacogno	sy and Phytoch	emistry-I
5	29/4/2022		Medicinal Ch	emistry I	
	Prac	tical Continues Assessmen	nt & Sessional	Exam	
1	25/4/2022		PP-II	P'COG	P'COL-I
2	26/4/2022		P'COG	MC-I	PP-II
3	27/4/2022	2:00 Pm to 6:00 Pm		PP-II	MC-1
4	28/4/2022		MC-I		P'COG
5	29/4/2022		P'COL-I	P'COL-1	



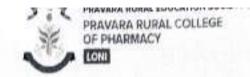


PRAVARA RURAL EDUCATION SOCIETY'S PRAVARA RURAL COLLEGE OF PHARMACY

# B. PHARM SEMESTER - VI (2019 Pattern)

Sr. No	Date of Examination	Time		Subject	
1		Theory Sessiona	l Exam		
1	2/5/2022		Medicinal Ch	emistry III	
2	4/5/2022		Pharmacology	and the second se	
3	5/5/2022		Herbal Drug	the second distance in the first second s	
4	6/5/2022	2:00 Pm to 3:30 Pm	Biopharmace	tics and Pharr	nacokinetics
5	9/5/2022			al Biotechnolo	
6	10/5/2022		Quality Assur	and the second se	
14	Assessed of the	Theory Continues /	a second s		
1	25/4/2022	and the second second	Medicinal Ch	emistry III	
2	26/4/2022		and the second statements of the second statem	utics and Pharr	nacokinetics
3	27/4/2022	2:00 Pm to Pm	Pharmacology	y 111	
4	28/4/2022		Quality Assur		
5	29/4/2022	and the second second		al Biotechnolo	gy
6	29/4/2022		Herbal Drug Technology		
1	Prac	tical Continues Assessme			
1	25/4/2022		HDT	MC-III	P'COL-III
2	26/4/2022	10:00 am to 2:00 Pm	P'COL-III	HDT	MC-III
3	27/4/2022	and the second second	MC-III	P'COL-III	HDT





# B. PHARM SEMESTER - VIII (2018 Pattern)

Sr. No	Date of Examination	Time	Subject
	1-01	Theory Sessiona	d Exam
1	2/5/2022		Biostatistics and Research Methodology
2	4/5/2022		Social and Preventive Pharmacy
3	5/5/2022	2:00 Pm to 3:30 Pm	Pharmaceutical Regulatory Science
4	6/5/2022		Quality Control and Standardizations of Herbals
		Theory Continues .	Assessment
1	25/4/2022		Biostatistics and Research Methodology
2	26/4/2022		Social and Preventive Pharmacy
3	27/4/2022	9:00 Am to Pm	Quality Control and Standardizations of Herbals
4	28/4/2022		Pharmaceutical Regulatory Science





PRAVARA RURAL COLLEGE OF PHARMACY

Note- i) The examination will be conducted by as per the time table only.

Iii) Sessional exam shall be conducted for 30 marks for theory and shall be computed for 15 marks. Similarly Sessional exam for practical shall be conducted for 40 marks and shall be computed for 10 marks.

iv) Continues assessment pattern as mention below:

### Internal assessment: Continuous mode

The marks allocated for Continuous mode of Internal Assessment shall be awarded as per the scheme given below.

Table-XI: Scheme for awarding	internal assessment:	Continuous mode
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Theory	1	-	
Criteria		imum arks	
Attendance (Refer Table – XII)	4	2	
Academic activities (Average of any 2 activities e.g. quiz, assignment, open book test, field work, group discussion and seminar)		03	
Student - Teacher interaction			
Total	10	5	
Practical			
Attendance (Refer Table - XII)	2	_	
Based on Practical Records, Regular viva voce, etc.		_	
Total		5	

### Table- XII: Guidelines for the allotment of marks for attendance

Theory	Practical
4	2
3	1.5
2	1
1	0.5
0	0
	Theory 4 3 2 1 0

Mr. A. S. Dighe

Exam In-chrge

Dr. R. S. Jadhav

B. Bhawar

Principal

CEO

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COLLEGE OF PHARMACY

Date- 11/1/2022

# **Student Notice**

### PRAVARA RURAL COLLEGE OF PHARMACY

EXAMINATION CIRCULAR NO. - PRCOP/B & M Pharm/2020-21/Exam/ 213

B. PHARM Re-sessional Examination Time Table 2021-22

(Online Mode)

Sr. No	Date of Examination	Time	Subject
		Practical Session:	al Exam
			BATCH - (ONLY DSY)
1	17/1/2022		PP I
2	18/1/2022	2:00 Pm to	POC II
3	19/1/2022		PMicro
4	20/1/2022		PE
		Theory	1
1	17/1/2022		Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry II
2	18/1/2022	11.00 on to 12.00 on	Physical Pharmaceutics- I
3	19/1/2022	11:00 am to 12:00 pm	Pharmaceutical Microbiology
4	20/1/2022	10	Pharmaceutical Engineering

### B. PHARM SEMESTER - III (2019 Pattern)

### B. PHARM SEMESTER - V (2019 Pattern)

Sr. No	Date of Examination	Time	Subject
-01		Theory Sessi	onal Exam
1	17/1/2022	11:00 am to 12:00 pm	Medicinal Chemistry II
2	18/1/2022		Formulative Pharmacy
3	19/1/2022		Pharmacology II
4	20/1/2022		Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry II
5	21/1/2022		Pharmaceutical Jurisprudence

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LOKNETE. DR. BALASAHED VIKHE PATIL (PADMA BHUSHAN AWARDEE) PRAVARA RURAL EDUCATION SOCIETY PRAVARA RURAL COLLEGE OF PHARMACY LONI

# B. PHARM SEMESTER - VII (2018 Pattern)

Sr. No	Date of Examination	Time	Subject
		Theory Sessio	nal Exam
1	17/1/2022	11:00 am to 12:00 pm	Instrumental Methods of Analysis
2	18/1/2022		Industrial Pharmacy
3	19/1/2022		Pharmacy Practice
4	20/1/2022		Novel Drug Delivery System

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Dr. R. S. Jadhav

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CEO

Principal



LOKNETE, DR. BALASAHEB VIKHE PATIL (PADMA BHUSHAN AWARDED) PRAVARA RURAL EDUCATION SOCIETY PRAVARA RURAL COLLEGE OF PHARMACY

Date- 14/12/2021

# **Student Notice**

### EXAMINATION CIRCULAR NO. - PRCOP/B & M Pharm/2020-21/Exam/ 2/G

B. PHARM External practical Examination Time Table 2021-22

### B. PHARM SEMESTER - III (2019 Pattern)

105	Service Services	A CONTRACTOR OF	Subject	
Sr. No	Date of Examination	Batch A Time: 9:00 AM to 1:00 PM	Batch B Time: 2:00 AM to 6:00 PM	Batch C Time: 9:00 AM to 1:00 PM
1	21/12/2021	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry II	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry II	Physical Pharmaceutics- I
2	22/12/2021	Physical Pharmaceutics- I	Physical Pharmaceutics- I	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry II
3	23/12/2021	Pharmaceutical Microbiology	Pharmaceutical Microbiology	Pharmaceutical Engineering
4	24/12/2021	Pharmaceutical Engineering	Pharmaceutical Engineering	Pharmaceutical Microbiology

NO.OF STUDENTS: 66 Batch A- 1-22 Batch B- 23-44 Batch C- 45-66



LOKNETE. DR. BALASAHEB VIKHE PATIL (PADMA BHUSHAN AWARDEE) PRAVARA RURAL EDUCATION SOCIETY PRAVARA RURAL COLLEGE OF PHARMACY LONI

#### B. PHARM SEMESTER - V (2019 Pattern)

			Subject		
Sr. No	Date of Examination	Batch A Time: 9:00 AM to 1:00 PM	Batch B Time: 2:00 AM to 6:00 PM	Batch C Time: 9:00 AM to 1:00 PM	
1	21/12/2021	Formulative Pharmacy	Formulative Pharmacy	Pharmacology II S	
2	22/12/2021 Pharmacology		Pharmacology II	Formulative Pharmac	
3	23/12/2021	Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry II	Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry II		
4	24/12/2021			Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry II	

NO.OF STUDENTS: 74 Batch A- 1-24 Batch B- 25-48 Batch C- 49-73 & Dighe R. C

Page 2 of 3



LOKNETE, DR. BALASAHEB VIKHE PATIL (PADMA BHUSHAN AWARDEE) PRAVARA RURAL EDUCATION SOCIETY PRAVARA RURAL COLLEGE OF PHARMACY LONIT

## B. PHARM SEMESTER - VII (2018 Pattern)

			Subject						
	Date of Examination	Batch A Time: 9:00 AM to 1:00 PM	Batch B Time: 2:00 AM to 6:00 PM	Batch C Time: 9:00 AM to 1:00 PM					
No. of Concession, Name	22/12/2021	Instrumental Methods of Analysis	Instrumental Methods of Analysis						
2	23/12/2021			Instrumental Methods of Analysis					

NO.OF STUDENTS: 70 Batch A- = 1-23 Batch B- 24-46 Batch C= 47-70

Note- i) Practical Examination will be conducted as per the time table only.

Mr. A./S. Dighe

Exam In-chrge

Dr. R. S. Jadhav

Dr. Bhawar

Principal

CEO

19/09/21 Assignment -1 Repage NO.: Q.1) Explain Principle and Instrumentation of IR ? > Principle -Infranced spectroscopy works on the principle that all molecules Vibrate and absorbs energy in the infrased region. The IR radications is passed through sample. Some radiation are absorbed by sample and some radiation are passed. Representing spectrum indicatas moleculos absorption and transmission creates molecular fingenpoints of atom. No two molecules give same Spectrum in IR spectroscopy. Instrumentation -Sample STR. Source Reference Display Instrumentation of IR

PAGE NO.: DATE The main components of IR -V Sources CF radiation 2) monochromators i) Sample cells, and 1) Detectors. 1) Sources of radiation -IR sequires a source of radient energy for isolating narrow bequency bands. - Source shauld be steady Intensity sufficient for detection. - Should extend over desired wavelengths. EX - (1) Nernst Gilower (2) (rlobar, (3) Nichrome wire (4) Rhoclium wire (5) Tungsten filament lamp. 2) Monochromators -Desired frequencies from the radiation source should be selected and the radiations or other frequencies should be rejected by using mono chromators. Two types of monochromators are used-(a) Prism Monochromator (b) Grating Monochromatar.

PAGE NO .: DATE 3) Sample cells -IR spectro reapy used for the characterisation of solid, liquid samples, thus the Samples handled separately and Specifically. - sample cells should be transposent to IR radiations. - Three types of Sampling a) Sampling of Solids -2) solid diffelved in solvent 2) As solid film 3) Mai Technique 4) Pressed pellet Technique (Disk method) & Sampling of liquids liquid sample squeezed between two Sodium chloride plates. - Calcium fluende plates are used for water containing Samples. c) Sampling of Gases -- The sample / galeaus sample is introduced into a gas cell (10 cm long) having Nacl walls. - Very few organic compaunds are examined as gases.

DATE 4) Detectors - Except in pear IR region, where a photoconductivity cell is basically used - No better choice than thermal detectors. (for all bequencies). - Types -Geology cell. Bolometer Themacouple Thermistor Pyroelectric detectal. Assignment -2 14/21/24 - 0.2) Explain Chromatography in details? > Chromatography is a combination of laboratory techniques that are used for separating the mixture components. It deals with a sample discolved in a mobile phase which is allowed to move through an immobile and immiscible stationary phase chromatogrouphy could be either preparative (type of purification) or analytical (for analysis small amount of sample require ) chromatography. # classification of chromatography -

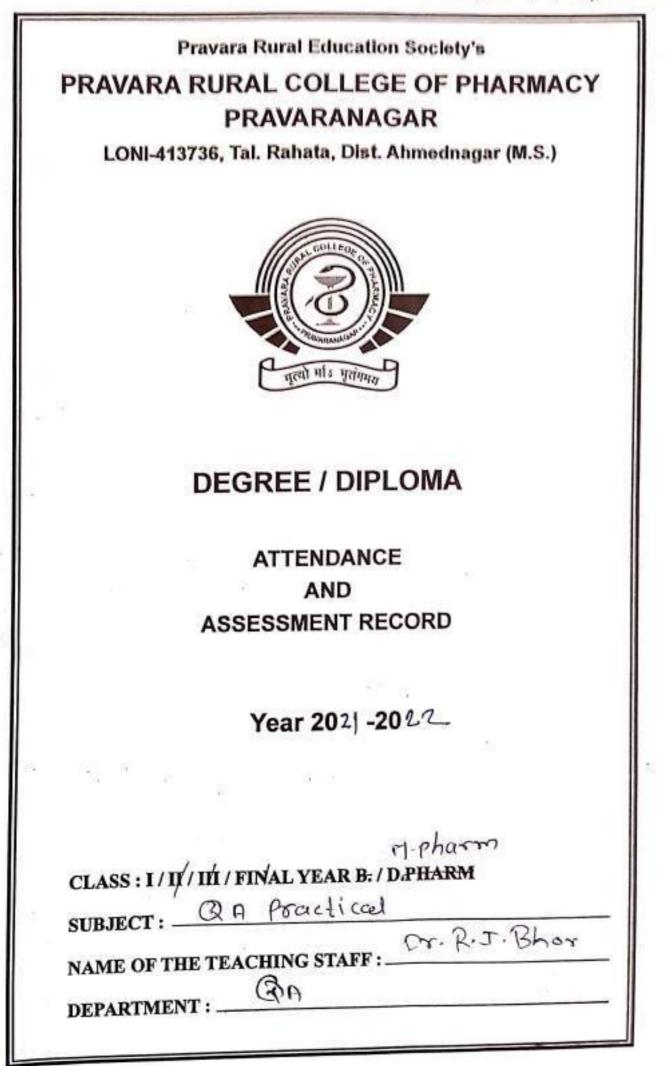
PAGE NO .: DATE 1 Adsorption chromadography -A) Column Chromatography Glas solid chromatography. B> Partition Chromatography -· Liquid - liquid partition chromatography Paper chromatography Thin layer chromatography Reverse phase partition or extraction. - chromatography. C) IOD - Exchange Chromatography -Cation exchange chromatography Anion exchange chromatography ·Inorganic exchange chromatography Liquid exchange chromatography Ion chromatography · Exclusion chromatography D) Exclusion chromatography -Gel permeation chromatography In exclusion chromatography moleculor rieve chromatography E> Electrochromatography -Zone electrophonesis Boundary layer method. Curtain Chromatography Capillary electrophoneris

\* General Principles -Principle chromutograp involves separation of components into Varied bonds and their identification. Separation occurs based on the differential affinities of compaunds for stationary and mobile phase. The variation in affinities among constituents occurs due to relative. adsorption or partition coefficient in both pages. # Theories of Chromatography -There are two theories of chromatography depending on the migration rate of Solute and the development of peaks in the chromatogram -(a) Plate Theory & (b) Rate or kinetic Theory (a) Plate Theory martin and synge proposed this theory as per which a column used in chromatography is made up of Theoretical plates arranged in series of different but Continuorer honizontal layers.

P10E NO: DATE Solute equilibrium between the Itationary and mobile phases occurs at each plate. Solute migration occurs from one plate to another, present just below, by a Sequencial step by step transfer. : n=1 Lushere, n = no. of theratical plates h = hight equivalent of theratical plate. No. of theratical plates 1 separation efficiency also 1 No. of theratical  $(N) = 5.55 t_R^2$ Plates W 1/2 (b) Rate or kinetic Theory for facilitating complete reportion of all the sample components in minimum time. This can be done by modifying the mobile phase Composition, by choosing a different Stationary phase, or by altering the flow stor

PAGE NO .: DATE # Chromatograph Visualisation formed by elution can be virualised by (1) Retention Factor (Rf) (2) Prediction of column volumes ((V). (1) Retention factor - (RF) Is analysed for evaluation purpose. I deal value for RF is considered to be 0.2 - 0.4. Rf = Distance Travelled by the compound Distance travelled by the solvent front (2) Bediction of column volumes - (cv) Eluction from the column can be determined by The depending on RE and CV. 2CV = 1 RC ACV = 1 1 RFI Rf2 . Greater the value of ACV easier will be separation + serolution been spots. - This is cell about chromatography.

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#### ACADEMIC CALENDAR 2021-22

Month	Day	Date	Activity	Adherence to calendar
August	Sunday	1	Holiday	
2021	Monday	2	Regular academics	Adhere
	Tuesday	3	Regular academics	Adhere
	Wednesday	4	Regular academics	Adhere
	Thursday	5	Regular academics	Adhere
	Friday	6	Regular academics	Adhere
	Saturday	7	Holiday	
	Sunday	8	Holiday	Adhere
	Monday	9	Regular academics	Adhere
	Tuesday	10	Regular academics	Adhere
	Wednesday	11	Regular academics	Adhere
	Thursday	12	Regular academics	Adhere
	Friday	13	Regular academics	Adhere
	Saturday	14	Regular academics	Adhere
	Sunday	15	Holiday	
	Monday	16	Holiday	
	Tuesday	17	Subject orientation	Adhere
	Wednesday	18	Subject orientation	Adhere
	Thursday	19	Holiday	
	Friday	20	Regular academics	Adhere
	Saturday	21	National Webinar	Adhere
	Sunday	22	Padmashri Jayanti	Adhere
	Monday	23	Topic selection for second year PG	Adhere
	Tuesday	24	Expert lecture	Adhere
	Wednesday	25	Regular academics	Adhere
	Thursday	26	Regular academics	Adhere
	Friday	27	Regular academics	Adhere
	Saturday	28	Regular academics	Adhere
	Sunday	29	National Sports Day	Adhere
	Monday	30	Student council election	Non adherence
	Tuesday	31	Academic Review Meeting	Adhere
September 2021	Wednesday	1	Observation of National Nutrition Week&Inauguration of students Council.	Non adherence
	Thursday	2	Observation of National Nutrition Week	Non adherence
	Friday	3	Observation of National Nutrition Week	Non adherence





	Saturday	4	Observation of National Nutrition Week	Non adherence
	Sunday	5	Observation of National Nutrition Week&Teachers Day	Non adherence
	Monday	6	International Day of Charity (Visit to Orphanage)	Non adherence
	Tuesday	7	Industrial visit (Third& Final Year)	Adhere
	Wednesday	8	International Literacy Day	Non adherence
	Thursday	9	Industrial visit (First& Second Year)	Adhere
	Friday	10	Ganesh Chaturti	Adhere
	Saturday	11	Expert lecture on account of World suicide prevention day Hospital visit (Second Year) Industrial Visit( M.Pharm)	Adhere
	Sunday	12	Holiday	Adhere
	Monday	13	Regular academics	Adhere
	Tuesday	14	Regular academics	Adhere
	Wednesday	15	Expert lecture	Adhere
	Thursday	16	World Ozone day	Non adherence
	Friday	17	Regular academics	Adhere
	Saturday	18	Regular academics	Adhere
	Sunday	19	Regular academics	Adhere
	Monday	20	Sessional & Continuous assessment	Partial
	Tuesday	21	Sessional & Continuous assessment	adherence
	Wednesday	22	Sessional & Continuous assessment	Conducted on
	Thursday	23	Sessional & Continuous assessment	18/10/2021-
	Friday	24	Sessional & Continuous assessment	30/10/2021
	Saturday	25	Sessional & Continuous assessment and	
			World Pharmacist Day	
	Sunday	26	Sessional & Continuous assessment	-
	Monday	27	Sessional & Continuous assessment	
	Wonday	27	Academic Review Meeting Students feedback (1 <sup>st</sup> to Final Year) & Academic audit (Internal)	
	Tuesday	28	Regular academics	Adhere
	Wednesday	29	Regular academics	Adhere
	Thursday	30	World Heart Day Rally	Adhere
October	Friday	1	Swacetha Abhiyan	Adhere
2021	Saturday	2	Mahatma Gandhi Jayanti	Adhere
	Sunday	3	Holiday	
	Monday	4	Expert Lecture	Partial adherence





	Tuesday	5	Expert Lecture	Conducted on 01/10/2021
	Wednesday	6	Soft skill training(Personality development workshop)	Adhere
	Thursday	7	Regular academics	Adhere
	Friday	8	Regular academics	Adhere
	Saturday	9	Regular academics	Adhere
	Sunday	10	World Mental Health day awareness seminar.	Adhere
	Monday	11	National Girl Childs Day &Kanya RatnaAbhiyan (Inter Collegiate Debate competition)	Non adherence
	Tuesday	12	PG Specialisation presentation Workshop on Competitive Examination	Adhere
	Wednesday	13	Regular academics	Adhere
	Thursday	14	Regular academics	Adhere
	Friday	15	Regular academics	Adhere
	Saturday	16	Workshop on Research ethics	Adhere
	Sunday	17	Holiday	
	Monday	18	Sessional & Continuous assessment	Adhere
	Tuesday	19	Sessional & Continuous assessment	
	Wednesday	20	Sessional & Continuous assessment	
	Thursday	21	Sessional & Continuous assessment	
	Friday	22	Sessional & Continuous assessment	
	Saturday	23	Sessional & Continuous assessment	
	Sunday	24	Holiday	
	Monday	25	Expert Lecture	Adhere
	Tuesday	26	Expert Lecture	Adhere
	Wednesday	27	Regular academics	Adhere
	Thursday	28	Regular academics	Adhere
	Friday	29	Regular academics	Adhere
	Saturday	30	Regular academics	Adhere
	Sunday	31	Holiday	
November	Monday	1	Regular academics	Adhere
2021	Tuesday	2	Regular academics	Adhere
	Wednesday	3	Regular academics	Adhere
	Thursday	4	Regular academics	Adhere
	Friday	5	Regular academics	Adhere
	Saturday	6	Holiday	
	Sunday	7	National Cancer Awareness Day	Non adherence
	Monday	8	Regular academics	Adhere





	Tuesday	9	Regular academics	Adhere
	Wednesday	10	Regular academics	Adhere
	Thursday	11	Regular academics	Adhere
	Friday	12	Regular academics	Adhere
	Saturday	13	Regular academics	Adhere
	Sunday	14	National Cancer Awareness Day	Non adherence
			National Epilepsy Day	
	Monday	15	Regular academics	Adhere
	Tuesday	16	Regular academics	Adhere
	Wednesday	17	Regular academics	Adhere
	Thursday	18	Regular academics	Adhere
	Friday	19	Regular academics	Adhere
	Saturday	20	Holiday	
	Sunday	21	Holiday	
	Monday	22	Regular academics	Adhere
	Tuesday	23	Regular academics	Adhere
	Wednesday	24	Regular academics	Adhere
	Thursday	25	Regular academics	Adhere
	Friday	26	Constitution Day of India	Adhere
	Saturday	27	Regular academics	Adhere
	Sunday	28	Holiday	
	Monday	29	Regular academics	Adhere
	Tuesday	30	Regular academics	Adhere
December	Wednesday	1		
2021	Thursday	2		
	Friday	3		
	Saturday	4		
	Sunday	5		
	Monday	6		
	Tuesday	7		
	Wednesday	8		
	Thursday	9	Vacation	Vacation
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	Thursday	16		
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	Saturday	18		
	Sunday	19		
	Monday	20		
	Tuesday	21		
	Wednesday	22		





PRAVARA RURAL EDUCATION SOCIETY'S PRAVARA RURAL COLLEGE OF PHARMACY LONI

	Thursday	23		
	Friday	24		
	Saturday	25		
	Sunday	26	Sessional & Continuous assessment	Adhere
	Monday	27	Sessional & Continuous assessment	Adhere
	Tuesday	28	Sessional & Continuous assessment	Adhere
	Wednesday	29	Sessional & Continuous assessment	Adhere
	Thursday	30	Sessional & Continuous assessment	Adhere
	Friday	31		Tunere
January	Saturday	1	Holiday	
2022	Sunday	2	Holiday	
	Monday	3	Regular academics	Adhere
	Tuesday	4	Regular academics	Adhere
	Wednesday	5	Regular academics	Adhere
	Thursday	6	Regular academics	Adhere
	Friday	7	Regular academics	Adhere
	Saturday	8	Regular academics	Adhere
	Sunday	9	Holiday	
	Monday	10	Regular academics	Adhere
	Tuesday	10	Regular academics	Adhere
	Wednesday	12	National Youth Day	Adhere
	Thursday	12	Regular academics	Adhere
	Friday	13	Regular academics	Adhere
	Saturday	15	Holiday	Adhere
	Sunday	16	Holiday	
	Monday	17	National Youth Day	Non adherence
	Tuesday	18	Regular academics	Adhere
	Wednesday	10	Regular academics	Adhere
	Thursday	20	Workshop on Hands on training-	Adhere
	Thursday	20	Equipment	Adhere
	Friday	21	Regular academics	Adhere
	Saturday	22	Regular academics	Adhere
	Sunday	23	Holiday	
	Monday	24	NSS Camp	Adhere
			Expert lecture	
	Tuesday	25	NSS Camp	Partial
	_		_	adherence
				Conducted on
				03-09/01/2022
	Wednesday	26	Republic Day	Adhere
	Thursday	27	Intercollegiate sports day	Adhere
	Friday	28	Intercollegiate sports day	Adhere
	Saturday	29	Intercollegiate sports day	Adhere
	Sunday	30	Martyrs Day	Non adherence





PRAVARA RURAL EDUCATION SOCIETY'S PRAVARA RURAL COLLEGE OF PHARMACY LONI

	Monday	31	Academic Review	Adhere
February	Tuesday	1	Sports, Cultural Days	Partial
2022	Wednesday	2	Sports, Cultural Days	adherence
	Thursday	3	Sports, Cultural Days	Conducted on
	Friday	4	Sports, Cultural Days	22-24/01/2022
	Saturday	5	Holiday	
	Sunday	6	Holiday	
	Monday	7	Regular academics	Adhere
	Tuesday	8	Expert lecture	Adhere
	Wednesday	9	Regular academics	Adhere
	Thursday	10	Industrial visit (Third& Final Year)	Adhere
	Friday	11	Industrial visit (First& Second Year)	Adhere
	Saturday	12	Industrial visit (M.Phrm)	Adhere
	Sunday	13	Holiday	
	Monday	14	Regular academics	Adhere
	Tuesday	15	Regular academics	Adhere
	Wednesday	16	Regular academics	Adhere
	Thursday	17	Regular academics	Adhere
	Friday	18	Regular academics	Adhere
	Saturday	19	Chatrapati Shivaji Maharaj Jayanti Holiday	Adhere
	Sunday	20	Holiday	
	Monday	21	Sessional & Continuous assessment	Partial adherence
	Tuesday	22	Sessional & Continuous assessment	Conducted on 02-15/03/2022
	Wednesday	23	Regular academics	
	Thursday	24	Sessional & Continuous assessment	
	Friday	25	Sessional & Continuous assessment	-
	Saturday	26	Sessional & Continuous assessment	
	Sunday	27	Sessional & Continuous assessment Marathi Bhasha Din	-
	Monday	28	Sessional & Continuous assessment	
March 2022	Tuesday	1	Holiday	
	Wednesday	2	Internal Academic Audit	Adhere
	Thursday	3	Expert lecture	Adhere
	Friday	4	National Safety Day	Non adherence
	Saturday	5	Holiday	





	Sunday	6	Holiday	
	Monday	7	International Conference	Adhere
	Tuesday	8	International Conference	Adhere
		-	International Women's Day	
	Wednesday	9	International Conference	Adhere
	Thursday	10	International Conference	Adhere
	Friday	11	Regular Academics	Adhere
	Saturday	12	Regular Academics	Adhere
	Sunday	13	Holiday	
	Monday	14	Parent Teachers meet	Adhere
	Tuesday	15	World Consumer Rights Day	Non adherence
	Wednesday	16	Expert lecture	Adhere
	Thursday	17	Regular Academics	Adhere
	Friday	18	Regular Academics	Adhere
	Saturday	19	Regular Academics	Adhere
	Sunday	20	Holiday International Day of	Non adherence
			Happiness	
	Monday	21	Regular Academics	Adhere
	Tuesday	22	World Water Day	Non adherence
	Wednesday	23	Regular Academics	Adhere
	Thursday	24	World TB Day	Non adherence
	Friday	25	Regular Academics	Adhere
	Saturday	26	Regular Academics	Adhere
	Sunday	27	Holiday	
	Monday	28	Regular Academics	Adhere
	Tuesday	29	Regular Academics	Adhere
	Wednesday	30	Regular Academics	Adhere
	Thursday	31	Regular Academics	Adhere
April 2022	Friday	1	Regular Academics	Adhere
	Saturday	2	Regular Academics	Adhere
	Sunday	3	Holiday	
	Monday	4	Regular Academics	Adhere
	Tuesday	5	Regular Academics	Adhere
	Wednesday	6	Regular Academics	Adhere
	Thursday	7	World Health Day	Non adherence
	Friday	8	Regular Academics	Adhere
	Saturday	9	Expert lecture	Adhere
	Sunday	10	Holiday	
	Monday	11	Regular Academics	Adhere
	Tuesday	12	Regular Academics	Adhere
	Wednesday	13	Regular Academics	Adhere
	Thursday	14	Ambedkar Jayanthi Holiday	Adhere
	Friday	15	Holiday	
	Saturday	16	Regular Academics	Adhere
	Sunday	17	Holiday	





	Monday	18	Sessional & Continuous assessment	Partial
	Tuesday	19	Sessional & Continuous assessment	adherence
	Wednesday	20	Sessional & Continuous assessment	Conducted on
	Thursday	21	Sessional & Continuous assessment	04-08/04/2022
	Friday	22	Sessional & Continuous assessment	
	Saturday	23	Sessional & Continuous assessment	
	Sunday	24	Sessional & Continuous assessment	
	Monday	25	Regular Academics	Adhere
	Tuesday	26	World Intellectual Property Day	Non adherence
	Wednesday	27	Late Padmashri Dr.Vitthalrao Vikhe	Adhere
			Patil Punyatithi	
	Thursday	28	Regular Academics	Adhere
	Friday	29	Regular Academics	Adhere
	Saturday	30	Regular Academics	Adhere
May 2022	Sunday	1	Maharashtra Din – Holiday	Adhere
	Monday	2	Regular Academics	Adhere
	Tuesday	3	Regular Academics	Adhere
	Wednesday	4	Regular Academics	Adhere
	Thursday	5	Late Padmabhushan Dr. Balasaheb	Adhere
			Vikhe Patil Jayanti.	
	Friday	6	Regular Academics	Adhere
	Saturday	7	Regular Academics	Adhere
	Sunday	8	World Thalassemia Day/ Red Cross	Non adherence
		0	Day	A 11
	Monday	9	Regular Academics	Adhere
	Tuesday	10	Regular Academics	Adhere
	Wednesday	11		
	Thursday	12		
	Friday	13		
	Saturday	14		
	Sunday	15 16		
	Monday	10		
	Tuesday Wednesday	17		
	Thursday	18	Vacation	Vacation
	Friday	20		
	Saturday	20		
	Sunday	21		
	Monday	22		
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Sunday	29	
Monday	30	
Tuesday	31	